

MASON'S
DELICIOUS
O.K.
SAUCE.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom

SPORT SIGN
Qualified European Attention, Modern
Aerial Towing Equipment at
LAZARUS.
13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Established over 20 Years
For Appointment—
Phone MR. COOPER, C. 2203.

No. 22,342 號拾肆百叁仟式萬第 日壹初月式年午庚 HONG KONG, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1930. 伍拜禮 日捌廿月式年卅百九仟壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

On and after DECEMBER 6th, 1929, until Further Notice (all previous
Time Tables cancelled).

UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Kowloon Dep.	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	8.49	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shatin Dep.	7.01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tai Po Dep.	7.15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tai Po Arr.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Market Dep.	7.25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fanning Dep.	7.30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sheng Dep.	7.35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shun Dep.	7.40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canton Arr.	7.41	8.45	9.10	9.35	10.10	10.35	1.05	1.30	2.05	2.30	3.05	3.30	4.05	4.30	5.05	5.30	6.05	6.30	7.05	7.30	8.05	8.30	9.05	9.30

DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Canton Dep.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shum Dep.	7.17	9.03	10.34	11.05	11.37	11.47	11.57	12.07	12.17	12.27	12.37	12.47	12.57	1.07	1.17	1.27	1.37	1.47	1.57	2.07	2.17	2.27	2.37	2.47
Sheng Dep.	7.25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fanning Dep.	7.30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tai Po Dep.	7.40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tai Po Arr.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Market Dep.	7.45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shatin Dep.	7.55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	8.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	9.03	10.34	11.05	11.37	11.47	11.57	12.07	12.17	12.27	12.37	12.47	12.57	1.07	1.17	1.27	1.37	1.47	1.57	2.07	2.17	2.27	2.37	2.47

For First Class Passengers Only. Will Stop at Any Station on Request.
Further information may be obtained at the Railway Offices, Kowloon,
from Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON, Ltd., Hong Kong, from THE AMERICAN
EXPRESS COMPANY, Hong Kong, or from THE CHINA TRAVEL SERVICE, 6, Queen's
Road, Hong Kong.

By Order,
E. BAKER, Manager.

HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONG KONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings from Hong Kong: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 10.00 P.M. (Sundays
10.00 P.M. only)
Sailings from Canton: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 4.30 P.M. (Sundays
4.30 P.M. only)

HONG KONG-MACAO LINE.

SAILINGS From HONG KONG—Daily at 8 a.m. & 4 p.m. (Sundays excepted)
SAILINGS From MACAO—Daily at 8 a.m. & 3 p.m. (Sundays excepted)

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

On SUNDAY, 2ND MARCH

S.S. "SUI TAI"

Will depart from the Company's Wharf, Leek Street Wharf at 9 A.M.,
and from MACAO at 4.00 P.M.

NOTE.—All Steamboat Company's Steamers are fitted with Wireless.

LOCAL MAPS

Peak District,
Kowloon,
Victoria,
New Territories.

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.

Where to have Tiffin
To-day.

LANE CRAWFORD'S
RESTAURANT.

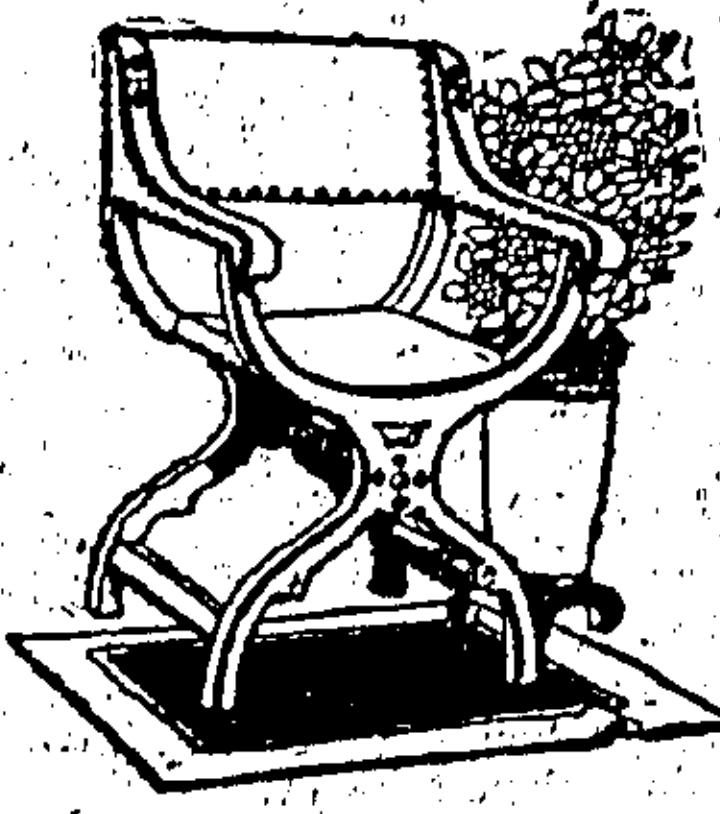
MENU.

From the Joint Waggon
Roast Saddle of Lamb, Mint
Sauce and Vegetables... 95 cts.

Hors D'oeuvres - 60 cts.

To-day's Tiffin—\$1.35.

- 1.—Puree Brown Pea Soup
- 2.—Fried Fish Cake
- 3.—Sang Chow Kai Sze Fan
生炒雞絲飯
- 4.—Bubble and Squeak
- 5.—Roast Pheasant, Bread Sauce
- 6.—Roast Leg of Lamb, Mint Sauce
- 7.—Roast Potatoes
- 8.—Boiled Potatoes
- 9.—Cauliflower in Cream
- 10.—Suet Pudding and Golden Syrup
- 11.—Fruit 12.—Tea 13.—Coffee



FURNITURE
OF
DISTINCTION
BY
ARTS & CRAFTS
LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong)
1-3, Wyndham St. (S.O.M.P. Bldg.) Q.4173

ENGINEERS AS SAVIOURS OF CHINA.

ELOQUENT APPEAL TO STUDENTS.

NEW FIELDS FOR EXPERIMENT AND INVENTION.

Professor Middleton Smith gave an eloquent address at the University last night, showing how China is being affected by modern science. Canton has changed beyond recognition. Two decades ago it might have been called a city without a wheel. Dynamic ideas have swept away the static unchangeability of fifty centuries. After tracing the causes of these great changes, he complained of the absence of patent-laws in China. He called the aeroplane "a chariot of fire"; showing what had made it possible; and explaining that it grew out of the invention of the steam-engine. "Take it all in all, it represents the finest thing that man, as a gregarious animal, has ever produced." Dwelling on the opportunities offered for experiment and the new knowledge in the University, he contrasted "the larger synthesis" offered to the students, with the narrow outlook of their forefathers. "It is as if a hand had been placed on the head of a thoughtful man, and had turned his eyes about from the past to the future." He suggested that if society were properly organised, there would be work, wealth, and leisure for all. The only hope for China lay in the development of the natural resources of the country. "It is for you to develop the mines, the transport facilities, the water-power, the industries, and the agricultural possibilities of your country." Not the War Lords, not the politicians, but the engineers and traders of China will bring peace and prosperity to the people. The following is the text of Professor Middleton Smith's lecture:—

A few months ago the Shanghai Municipal Electricity supply system was sold for about £10,000,000. The demand for electric-power in that great port and other places in China goes on in snowball fashion. In Hong Kong there are three large ship-building and ship-repairing yards, and numerous smaller ones where river steamers are built and repaired. There are to be seen many modern industries in Shanghai and Hong Kong, such as cotton-mills, cement-factories, etc. Arrangements have been made so that you may telephone from London to Shanghai. During my residence in the Far East Canton, the largest city in China, has changed beyond recognition. Two decades ago it might have been called a city without a wheel. Now there are motor-cars, aeroplanes, radio, and other evidences of the work of the engineer. The camel of the Gobi desert will soon be replaced by the locomotive. The contrast is sudden indeed. Roads in China are being built, many of them under the supervision of graduates of this University. Just as the most and city-wall that protected property have been replaced by the policeman, so is the man-power of the chair and rickshaw being giving way to the horse-power of the motor. In place of the ceaseless stream of men, women, and children carrying bricks and other loads up to the Peak, petrol-driven lorries now do the work. These changes have been inevitable. The passive disappears before the active efficiency always wins. The dynamic ideas of the engineer have swept away the static unchangeability of the fifty centuries before arrival of steam-power in China. Old clouds of obstruction and the mists of prejudice are slowly being pierced by the rising sun of science. Why have these things happened? The answer is in the title of my address; it is because of remarkable inventions.

A Thorough Training.
My Chinese friends often come to me and ask, "What are the prospects for young engineers in China?" The subject of this address has been chosen partly in answer to that question. The primary object of the Engineering Faculty of this University is to train you in applied science work, so that you may go out into China and develop the latent natural resources waiting for you. You are amongst the most fortunate engineers in the world, because you are the pioneers in your own country. That is why it is my intention to interest you in the great pioneers of engineering science, the inventors. In this University you learn fundamental principles, as they did. We believe that you will also get something else besides "technical knowledge." The pioneers of science in China must be like the great inventors, men scientifically trained of fine character and great tenacity of purpose. The object of this University is to give you a thorough education, not only in technology, but in patience, industry, and belief that the work you are doing is good work. You will, as the story of the inventors is revealed, realise that these are the men who have done things worth while; they are to be numbered amongst the great benefactors of the human race. If you cannot become inventors, you can at least obtain some inspiration by knowing what they accomplished. Inventions invariably benefit mankind. The enormous material advantages that some countries in Europe and America possess over China is due to the cheapness of production that has placed comforts, elegancies and refinements, unknown a century ago, within reach of the humblest.

So far as their effect upon the human race is concerned, the three greatest inventions were Watt's steam-engine, Bessemer's cheap steel, and Faraday's dynamo. Perhaps the most spectacular invention in the history of mankind is the aeroplane. That would have been impossible without the light and powerful, petrol-motor which, in turn, grew out of the steam-engine, cheap steel and the dynamo. There are still countless opportunities for inventors as for engineers. In China one of the urgent needs is protection by the State for those who have new ideas, so that they may reap where they have sown. As the law is at present in China, anyone in the country can manufacture any article without the permission of the inventor. It usually happens that an invention means not only expenditure of a great deal of time, but also of money. In all other countries the inventor is given, by law, possession of his invention for a period of, usually, fourteen years. In that time he can have a chance to obtain just reward for his originality, industry, and expenditure on experiments. Protecting Patents.
Anyone who has an original idea for the production of an article of commerce may apply to the Government of Great Britain for patent rights. If the patent is granted, and remains afterwards unchallenged, the owner can either sell the patent rights for that country or manufacture himself. Welsbach is said to have sold the patents of the incandescent gas-mantle for a million pounds sterling. Bessemer made a fortune out of his steel patents. Recently two young men, engineering graduates, sold for quite a large sum patents of an apparatus for producing cold and ice without any moving mechanism. Each year, in Britain, many patents are taken out, but only a few have any commercial value. Some time ago it was my desire to protect an invention that had occurred to me. It was an instrument for measuring the tiny stretch in steel under load. It measured so minutely that each scale division of the instrument was less than one-hundred-thousandth part of an inch. The patent rights cost about £10. The commercial value was probably less, but often the object in filing a patent is to record, indisputably, an original idea. (Continued on Page 6.)

THE HONGKONG

PENINSULA HOTEL,
HONG KONG HOTEL,
REPULSE BAY HOTEL,
PEAK HOTEL.

AND SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL,
PALACE HOTEL,
MAJESTIC HOTEL.

HOTELS, LIMITED.

In Association with THE
GRAND HOTEL DES WAGONS,
LITS, PEPING.

The Only Hotel in CANTON
Directly under European
Management.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL
SHAMEN
Guides
and Trips
arranged for
and Special Care
Taken of TOURISTS.
Cable Address: "VICTORIA."

JUST ARRIVED

A NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

BUCKSKIN JACKETS

THE HONG KONG SPORTING
ARMS & AMMUNITION STORE.

YOU
ARE INVITED TO INSPECT OUR
STOCK OF

ASIATIC, FOREIGN AND
COLONIAL

POSTAGE STAMP

IN SETS, SINGLE PACKETS,
BAGS AND IN APPROVAL
SHEETS.

GRACA & CO.,

DEALERS IN POSTAGE STAMPS,
PHILATELIC GOODS, PICTURE
POSTCARDS, TOYS, &c.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET,
P.O. Box No. 620. HONG KONG.

ON SALE.

HONG KONG HANSARD RE-
PORTS OF THE MEETINGS
OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
for the Session 1929.

Revised by MEMBERS.

PRICE 8s.

HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE

Courtesy, Comfort, Service
and Luxuries of Modern Hotel
Construction

THE HOTEL RIVIERA MACAU

Cable Address:—"Riviera, Macau."

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

New Scheme for Children's Early Endowment:—

Principal features: Small Premium, Liberal Surrender Value,
Return of Premium in the Event of Death.

Write for Pamphlet and Full Particulars to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

AGENTS,
2, QUEEN'S BUILDING.



The Dust Peril

With the dust you inhale millions
of dangerous germs, which can be
the cause of many diseases.

Take a Formamint-tablet whenever you
are in dusty places. Formamint will
destroy the germs in mouth and throat,
cure the soreness and prevent infectious
diseases such as Influenza, Tonsillitis,
Scarlet Fever etc.

Keep your mouth clean
and your breath sweet.

FORMAMINT
The Germ-Killing Throat Tablet.
At all Chemists and Stores.

THE
DOLLY
VARDON
HAT
SHOP,



WHERE
YOU GET
ALL YOUR
NICEST
HATS.

PAMELA

FOR SUNNY DAYS

We shall unpack to-day
A COLLECTION OF SUMMER
FROCKS FROM PARIS.

FOR EVENING WEAR, EXQUISITE
GOWNS OF NINON AND FRAGILE
SILKS, FOR AFTERNOON, VOILES,
NINONS, AND GEORGETTES, FOR
MORNING, LINENS & ORGANDIES.

13, Queen's Road Central.

FELIX HAT SHOP

7, ICE HOUSE STREET.

Is Now Shewing a Collection
of New Spring Goods

AFTERNOON FROCKS
EVENING FROCKS
FROM PARIS.

PIONEER SILK STORE

CHINA BUILDING & PENINSULA HOTEL.

YOU WILL NOW BE PLANNING YOUR
SILK FROCKS FOR SUMMER WEAR,
WE HAVE THE MOST DELIGHTFUL RANGE
OF SILKS FOR YOUR EVERY NEED.

Call and see for yourself.

In the Ladies' Salon

FOR PRESENT WEAR

FROCKS AND JUMPER
SUITS OF WASHING
SILK.

SMART IN CUT AND
REASONABLE IN
PRICE.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

LADIES' SALON

TEL. C. 4567.

(MEZZANINE FLOOR).

WOMAN'S PAGE.



SPRING

HAS BROUGHT ALL SORTS
OF DELIGHTFUL VARIA-
TIONS TO THE
MILLINERY
MODE.

**THE RETURN OF
SILK FROCKS.**

The heat has come so quickly
that many of us were caught with-
out a supply of those useful sleeved
jumper suits or frocks of washing
silk which we find so useful in the
Spring and Autumn. Though a
good many woollen suits are still
worn they really are too hot for
comfort in the middle of the day,
and the news that a collection of
mid-season silk frocks has just
been unpacked in Lane, Crawford's
Ladies' Salon will, I am sure, be
welcome.

Most of those I saw were jumper
suits and had long sleeves, though
there was one most attractive
sleeveless suit. This was in pinky
tan silk trimmed with geometric
strappings and diamonds of beige
and apple green. A sister-suit,
with sleeves in this case, is of beige
washing silk strapped with tan and
green. This was not, I thought,
quite so smart but certainly an
easier colour combination to wear.

A most attractive two piece
ensemble in lemon yellow has a sleeve-
less frock which boasts the new
"sun-tan" neck at the back. Over
it is worn a loose jacket of silk
stockinette hemmed and bordered
with the frock material. Very smart
is a jumper suit in dark olive green
with applications on the jumper of
a pale shade. Two white dresses
caught my eye. One is of washing
crêpe with a wonderful arrangement
of stitched down pleats to give a
very close fitting hip line, below
which the skirt flutes out in a
charming way. The other, a jumper
suit of heavy Canton crêpe, has a
pleated skirt, and a quite plain
jumper with two crystal buttons at
the neck.

BROWN AND GOLD.

SOME NEW "FELIX"
FROCKS.

I told you last week about some
of the very attractive frocks which
the Felix Hat Shop had imported
for the Races—and all those I men-
tioned have found new owners, and
were most of them to be noticed
among the smartly dressed crowd
at Happy Valley. There are two or
three more however which I did not
see last week. One of these is made
of a figured brown and old gold
crêpe de chine with the narrowest
touch here and there of black
piping. The interesting feature is
the waist line, which is high at the
sides and back and quite low in
front, giving a particularly smooth
close fit over the hips. A handker-
chief scarf completes the neck.

Scarlet washing silk is used for
a trim little dress with a three tiered
skirt, and is relieved by a narrow
vest of pleated beige georgette.
For those who prefer neutral tones
is a dress of silk voile printed in
grey-brown, pink and blue. There
are two tiers to this skirt which is
longer back than front, and a jabot
of pink and blue georgette finishes
the bodice.

**YOUR HOME
AND MINE.**

THAT DELICATE MATTER
OF SAUCES.

Let us get down to bedrock at
once, and begin with the founda-
tion of all sauces, the panada. This
is a very simple thing to deal with
if handled according to rule, but
unless you keep a sharp and intel-
ligent eye on it there is no count-
ing the number of tricks it will
play.

To make the panada, take a rea-
sonable amount of flour, a rather
small lump of butter (or, if ne-
cessary, margarine), and some milk,
or milk and water.

Over a low light melt your butter
in the pan, and then almost before
it is quite liquid remove it from
the light and stir in the flour, ad-
ding about a dessertspoonful (not
more) of the milk.

Keeping a clear head and a deft
wrist, beat up the mixture, work-
ing with the spoon all the time to
prevent it from sticking to the sides
or bottom of the pan. In a few
minutes the mixture will form into
a ball, leaving the sides clean.

Now the liquid must be added,
and at this point the very greatest
care is necessary to prevent lumps.
Add the milk almost drop by drop,
letting the sauce boil up each time
and stirring continuously until the
milk is absorbed into the smooth
paste.

At intervals, remove the pan and
beat the sauce well for a minute
or two with the side-to-side motion
used for beating batter. The more
a sauce is beaten the smoother and
glossier and whiter it will be when
finished.

The amount of liquid you use is
according to how thick or thin you
require the sauce to be. When
boiled for the last time, take a
teaspoon and season very delicately
with salt and pepper. It is very
important to get just the right pro-
portion of the two.

Now you have your plain white
foundation sauce, and you are
ready to serve it either as a coat-
ing or a pouring sauce, according
to the amount of liquid you have
used.

For boiled mutton, add finely-
chopped capers to the white sauce.
For fish add parsley chopped as
finely as possible and made special-
ly green with a dash of boiling
water. For onion sauce add an
onion previously boiled, drained
and chopped.

NEW DECK CHAIRS.

If you are going Home on leave
soon, you will want a deck chair,
and you certainly should see the
"hammock chairs" which White-
away, Laidlaw's are now importing
from Arundel. They are of good
British workmanship and the fea-
ture of them is that, unlike the
ordinary deck chair, there is no
upright which you have to fix to
arrange the height. The chair is so
constructed that it adjusts itself
to your weight so that you get
adequate support if you sit nearly
upright or lie almost flat, and you
can change your position without
getting up to fix the chair. For
those who like a real upright chair
is another new invention, also made
of beech wood and green canvas.
This chair—in shape rather like an
armed table chair—has a swing back
which balances in the same way as
the hammock chair according to the
pressure you put on it. Folding
aluminium camp stools with green
canvas seats will be useful for the
children on deck.

BON VOYAGE!

SMALL THINGS TO KEEP LITTLE
HANDS AND BRAINS EMPLOYED.



"Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do"! Idle
brains are nearly always planning mischief.

Such a lot of people seem to be
going home this Spring, that one
wonders who will be left in Hong
Kong in a month or two. Many of
those to whom we shall be saying
"good bye" within the next week
or so are taking their children
Home with them, and not a few
mothers are feeling a little troubled
at the thought of taking entire
charge of their turbulent nursery
folk when "amah" is left behind.

The old saw which found favour
among the "nannies" of my own
nursery days, "Satan finds some
mischief still for idle hands to do,"
is as true to-day as it ever was,
and the mischief may be serious on
board ship. Wise mothers, there-
fore, are buying and packing all
sorts of small objects to keep little
hands busy during the voyage.
Books of pictures, alphabet books,

and books in large letters with
simple words, Transfers and scraps,
and the albums in which to put
them. Paints and chalks and paint-
ing books, play wax, and cutting
out books of dollies and their war-
dresses, simple embroidery cards and
kindergarten hand work outfits.
All these things can be found at
very cheap prices at the Book Shop
and Bible Depot in Wyndham
Street. If you are a mother and
have a sea voyage before you in
the near future, go up one day past
the flower stalls, and spend a
dollar or so on things of this de-
scription which will help to keep
your little ones happy and safe
while on board.

You will find there a wonderful
selection of children's books of all
sorts and will, I believe, be sur-
prised at their very low prices.

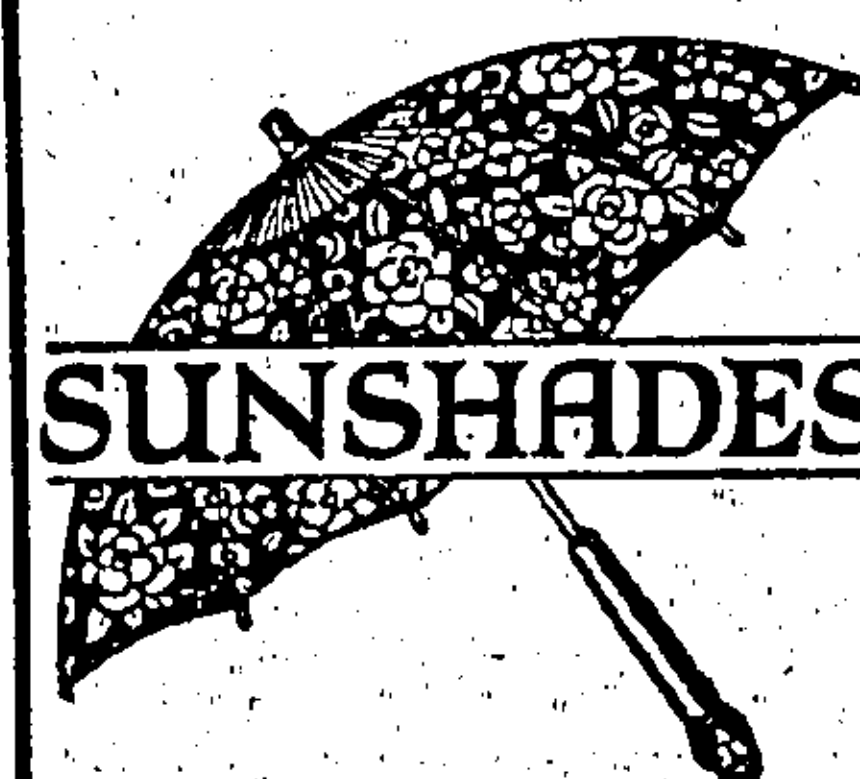
**Columbus discovered
America:**



**Cook discovered
BOVRIL**

WHITEAWAYS.

**NEW SPRING SHIPMENTS
NEW SUNSHADES.**



RAFFIA SUNSHADES

A new selection of smart
Raffia Sunshades. Short
handles. Nice designs.

\$9.50 to \$14.50

**ART SILK and COTTON
SUNSHADES**

Plain and Fancy.

\$10.50 to \$16.50

ART SILK DRESS MATERIAL

A plain and openwork square design in self
colours. 28 inches wide.

\$2.75 Yard.

NEW SCARVES: NEW MILLINERY.

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.

BOOK SHOP & BIBLE DEPOT.
7, WYNDHAM STREET.

For the voyage

Books and play things for the children,
**NOVELS FOR YOURSELF,
BOOKS FOR "HIMSELF"**

**SUN SHADES, TENNIS COATS, AND A
NEW MATERIAL.**

COATS FOR LIVING LENCI DOLLS.

Some sun shades made of raffia
matting and trimmed with raffia
flowers in all sorts of pretty colour
effects, caught my eye when I went
into Whiteaway, Laidlaw's this
week. They came from Italy and
are quite extraordinary attractive.
Such a sun shade could be used
equally well with a frock of print-
ed cotton, voile, or georgette, and
two big points in their favour are
that they are light and inexpensive.
They run from \$10.50 to, I think,
\$14.

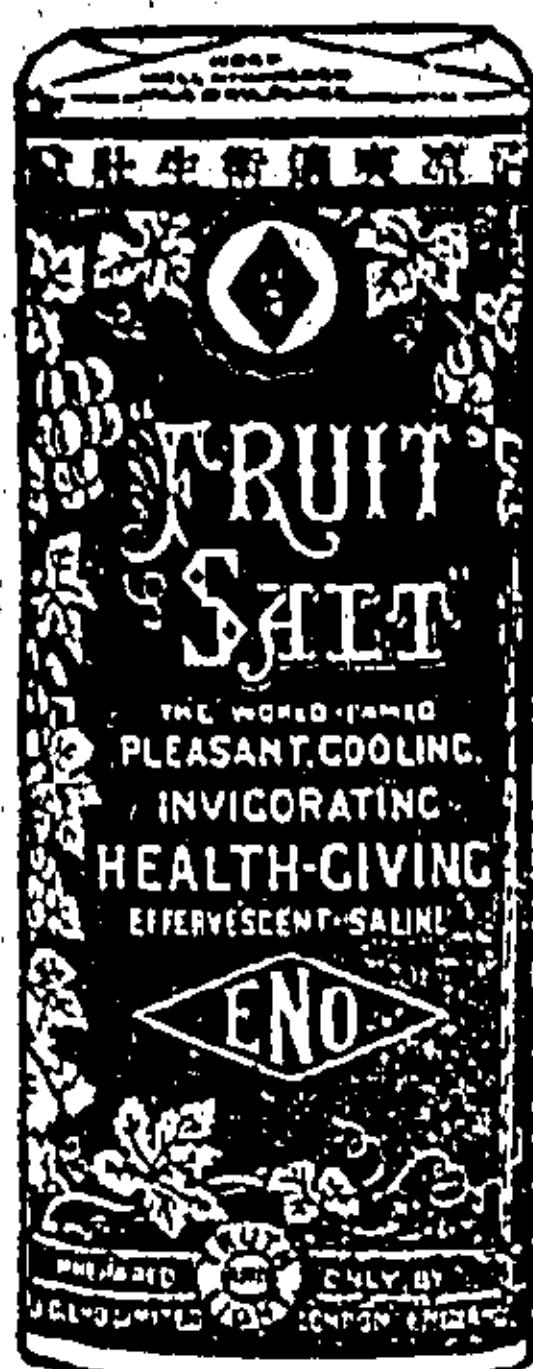
Then I saw something else which
I thought, must also have come
from Italy, since I was reminded
at once of the famous Lenci dolls.
But I learnt that it was from Eng-
land. That was a box of most de-
lightful tennis coats made of thick
flannel and trimmed, as are the
garments of Lenci dolls, with
borders and applications of thin
felt in bright colours. There was
a white coat bordered with blue,
with a cluster of little round
pieces of felt in red, green,
and yellow appliquéd near the hem
of each front. Mustard yellow is
bordered with white, white with tan
and lemon yellow. These coats are
intended to slip on after tennis, but
how very bright and pretty they

would be over a white frock for
ship-board wear.
Some attractive art silk in a
fancy weave and a thin summer
weight has also just come in. It is
in a wide range of colour and costs
only \$2.75 a yard.

A big collection of summer frocks
was expected by the French mail
this week by Pamela, and will I
am told, be on view to-day. I do
not know exactly what this collec-
tion comprises, but I understand
that there will be frocks for morn-
ing, afternoon and evening wear,
and that they come from some of
the best houses in Paris. The col-
lection should certainly be well
worth seeing at the earliest opportu-
nity.

The Pioneer Silk Store are now
showing a large collection of silks
for summer frocks and undies. The
hot weather has come so quickly
that there is no time to be lost in
planning your summer wardrobe,
and you should take advantage of
this exceptionally fine display of
silks. A big shipment of Shanghai
silk embroidered under wear, and
printed two and three piece pyjama
suits, has also arrived.

FREE Your System of Intestinal Poisons



ENO

Indigestion, headaches, heaviness, constipation, sleeplessness—the root cause of them all is intestinal sluggishness. Each is a warning that Nature needs help. There's no better, safer, pleasanter way of giving this help than the sparkling glass of Eno's "Fruit Salt"—first thing every morning.

Eno flushes and cleanses the entire digestive tract ridding the system of the poisons which otherwise find their way into the blood stream. Prevent this condition and you will always feel fresh, fit and vigorous, in spite of the wear and tear of modern life.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

The World-Famed Effervescent Saline

FOR SALE IN TWO SIZES AT ALL CHEMISTS AND COMPOUNDERS SHOPS

General Sales Agents:

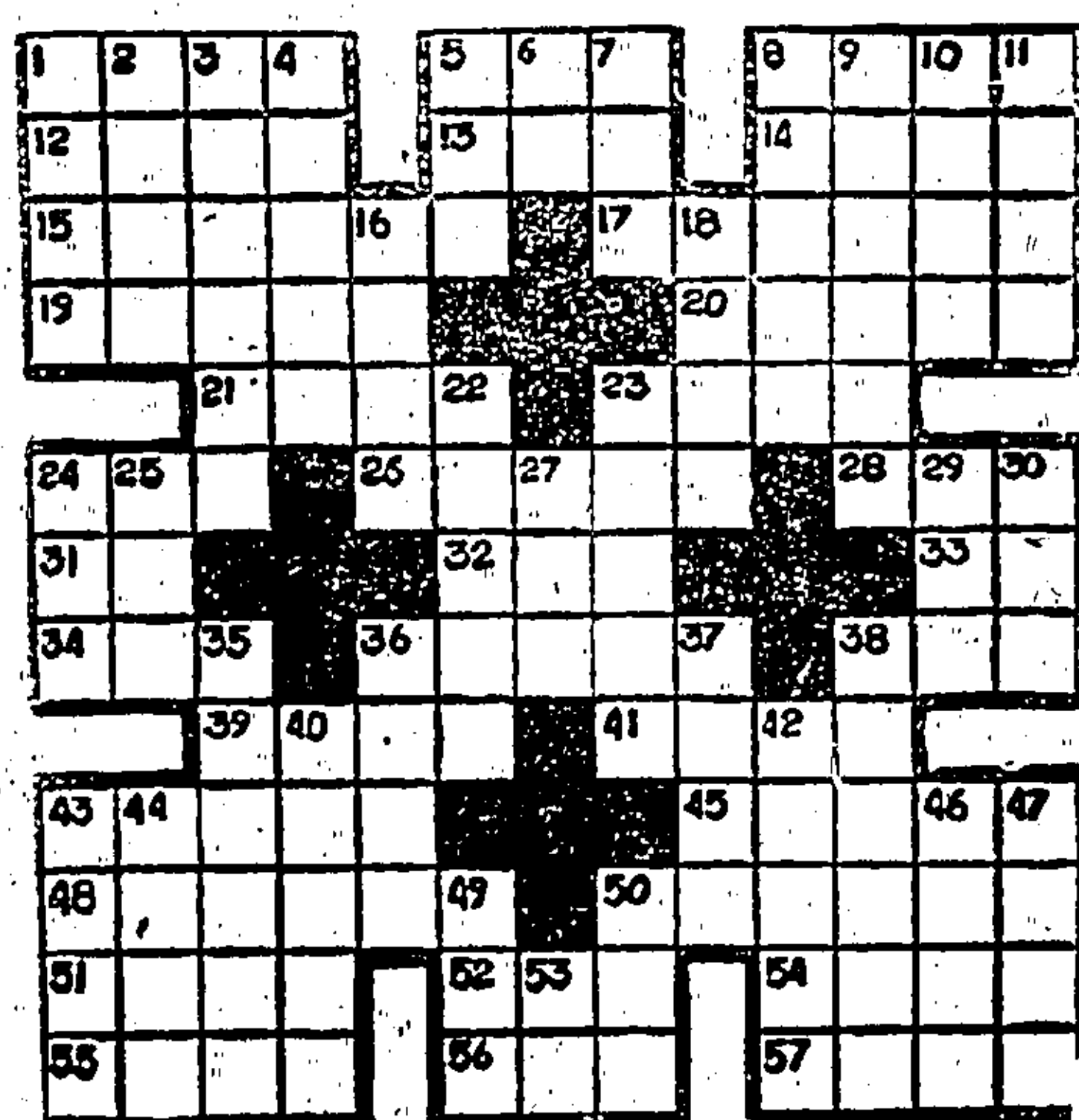
HAROLD F. RITCHIE & CO., Inc.

Princes Building, Hong Kong.

J. C. ENO, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND

The words "Fruit Salt" and "Eno" and the label on the package are the registered trade mark of J. C. Eno, Ltd., London, England.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Horizontal.

- 1.—Parts of circles.
- 5.—Neck piece.
- 8.—At one time.
- 12.—Trick.
- 13.—Finish.
- 14.—To look.
- 15.—To show.
- 17.—To hold.
- 19.—Thick.
- 20.—Maidens.
- 21.—Clan.
- 23.—To confront.
- 24.—Pronoun.
- 26.—Worried.
- 28.—To take unlawfully.
- 31.—Conjunction.
- 32.—To plant.
- 33.—Pronoun.
- 34.—Through.
- 36.—Satisfies.
- 38.—Complete collection.
- 39.—Object of worship.
- 41.—To classify.
- 43.—Victim of disease.
- 45.—Silenced.
- 46.—Fruit (pl.).
- 48.—An upper class.
- 51.—Morally base.
- 52.—Collection of sayings.
- 54.—Otherwise.
- 55.—High cards.
- 56.—A fish.
- 57.—Observes.

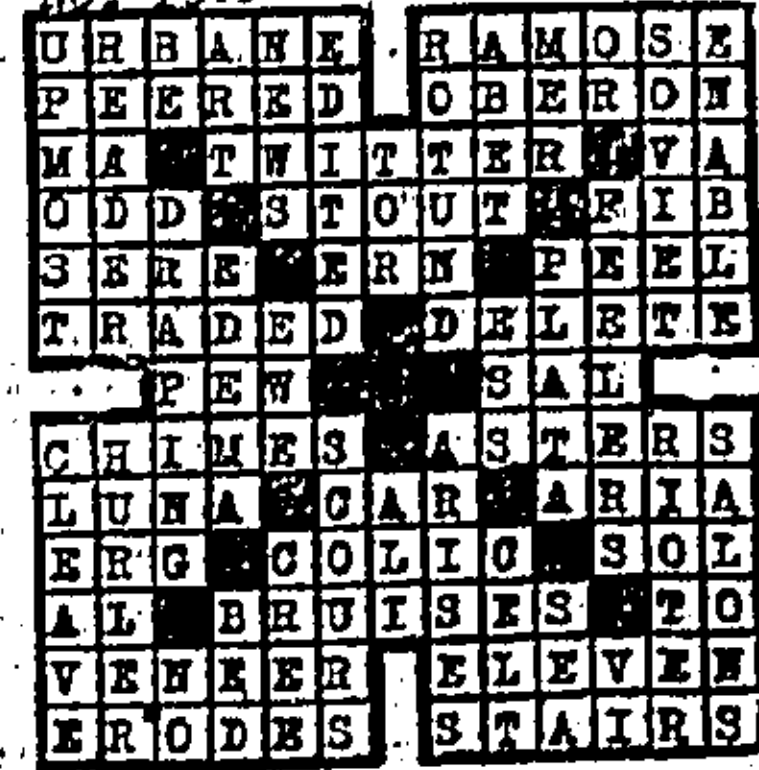
Vertical.

- 1.—Inspired fear.
- 2.—To split.
- 3.—Clutches.
- 4.—Perception.
- 5.—Insect.
- 6.—Upon.
- 7.—To unite.
- 8.—Eye.
- 9.—Closes.

- 10.—To line the roof of.
- 11.—Sea eagles.
- 16.—A coin.
- 18.—Old exclamation.
- 22.—Plant fiber.
- 23.—Not so many.
- 24.—To jump.
- 25.—Anger.
- 27.—To decay.
- 29.—To be indebted to.
- 30.—To wager.
- 35.—Small wave.
- 36.—Painful.
- 37.—Identical.
- 38.—To make home.
- 40.—Airs.
- 42.—Molten rock.
- 43.—Epic poem.
- 44.—Casual.
- 47.—Changes colour.
- 49.—Animal pouch.
- 50.—To run away.
- 53.—Negative.

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

No. 1579



WOMAN'S PAGE

SUBURBAN HEIGHTS—REGULATING THE FURNACE By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



YOUR CHILD'S NERVES.

[By A WOMAN DOCTOR.]

A nervous child is a great source of anxiety to his parents, particularly when he is ill.

Scientific investigation shows that a child's bodily health is made or marred in his early years. You must realise that character is evolved during the period when the emotions of love and fear begin to develop.

Clever, highly-strung children have many fears. Most of them are creations of the children's minds. Still, these fears grip some children so intensely that they prove injurious to health.

Children show signs of nervous or mental fatigue when they grow capricious and irritable.

These symptoms are frequently preceded by sleeplessness. Then, the child loses his appetite. He is discontented, and complaints of ill-treatment at school. If these complaints continue, you must discover the cause of the irritation. The general state of your child's health, his success at school, and his relations with other children are important factors. You must find out whether he plays games, takes sufficient exercise, or has too much home work.

You should reduce your child's work if he shows signs of mental fatigue. It may even be necessary to take him away from school for a time.

Some children owe their nervousness to heredity. Others acquire nervousness through disease, faulty feeding, and bad habits. Nervousness is also caused by defective training at home and at school. It is necessary to combine medical, educational, and hygienic treatment in order to check and to cure this complaint.

Your children's emotions are serious. You should neither laugh at them nor encourage them. People used to compel children to do what they were told. This old-fashioned method is most unsatisfactory. Children must be led and not driven to do the right thing.

It is easier to scold a nervous child than to understand its fears. Still, you must attempt to banish them. Your child's future often depends upon your ability to understand him.

All children have an inborn love of justice. You must sift the evidence carefully before you express an opinion, for or against a child. Many children spend sleepless nights after being wrongfully accused. You should not make promises to children which you do not intend to fulfil.

A well-regulated diet serves to prevent over-fatigue. Your child must have nourishing, but also attractive and tasty food. Fresh air, bathing and exercises play an important part in the hygienic management of the nervous child.

OUR SUMMER FROCKS.

GAY COTTON PRINTS.

The first shipment of summer washing frocks received a day or so ago from America by the Dolly Vardon Hat Shop, suggest that we shall look very gay and colourful. Many of them are of really brightly coloured cotton prints with quite large Egyptian looking designs, others, in contrast, are patterned with small polka dots. But clear bright colour is on the first importance. There are lines of yellow, green, pink and violet, quite simply made, with a belt and tie to provide the bows which seem to be almost a necessity of our being now-a-days.



Gay prints continue to be popular for summer frocks, and lose none of their youthful charm through longer skirts.

The bright colour is the first thing about these frocks that forces itself upon one's notice, the next is the excellence of the cut. Even the most apparently artless little garment of white linen, with a demure collar and tiny pockets of pink, fits perfectly round the hips, in a manner which one associates generally only with the costly model gown for afternoon or evening wear. It is this perfection of fit, of course, that makes the bright colour possible, and possible not only for the very young. I thought the Dolly Vardon frocks were charming last year,—but this year they are quite remarkably so.

There is one three piece ensemble. The frock is cut with the new suntan back; the bodice is white broad-

SLEEP.

Hours of Sleep.

Baby's brain controls every action of every muscle of his body, and every sight, sound, or feeling Baby experiences is impressed on his brain. The brain only rests during sleep, and then not entirely, because it must continue to control the action of the heart and other organs.

Long hours of sleep are therefore necessary for Baby, for good sleep in infancy means less liability to "nerves" in after life. The rule "plenty of sleep" should be enforced all through childhood.

During the first few months, a baby sleeps about 17 hours out of the 24; by the time he is nearly a year old, he should be sleeping about 14 hours out of the 24. These long hours of health-giving sleep should be continued throughout childhood; by the time the little one has reached the age of 16 years, probably 10 hours sleep will be sufficient. Up to the age of 16, at least nine hours sleep per day should be allowed.

Training Baby to Sleep.

Insist on Baby sleeping in a cot alone. Put Baby in his cot and make him stop there. During the early months of his life Baby should not be left to sleep in one position continuously. Following a feed he should be placed on the right side. After a time he should be turned to the left side, and later on put back on the right.

Do not feed the child during the night, teach him to have 8 or 9 consecutive hours of unbroken rest, but waken him at stated hours during the day for feeding and bathing.

Baby will not sleep soundly in a room where there is light, noise and movement; good habits cannot be formed if a child is kept during the evening in a room with adults. When he has been prepared for the night and fed, he should, about 8 p.m., be put into a quiet darkened, well-ventilated room alone and left there.

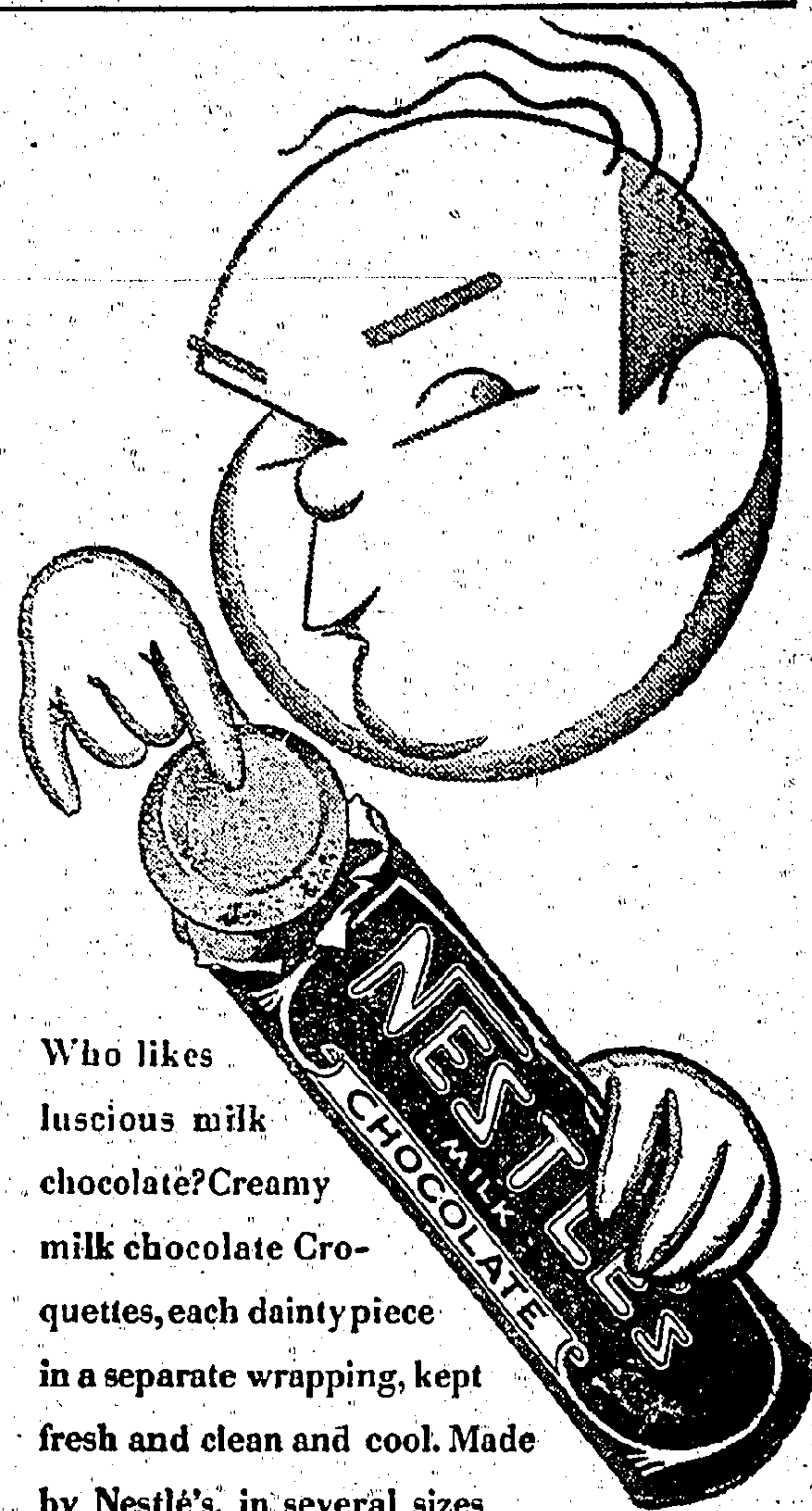
Children must be put to bed in the right frame of mind for sleep; they must not be excited just before bed-time.

cloth and plaited skirt pink, printed with a conventional design in blue and red. A sleeveless coat and a jaunty little hat, both of the print, complete one of the smartest little outfits possible for summer wear, and it costs only \$17!

Talking of coats reminds me of what perhaps pleased me most of all among this collection—full length coats of printed broadcloth. These are in the really bright largish designs which I mentioned, and wrap so well over, with an attractive flare to the skirt, that I think they are really intended as wrap round frocks rather than coats. The beautiful fit over the hips is again remarkable.

Besides the prints and linens, there are some charming little organdie frocks, in the true picturesque "Dolly Vardon" style. These are mostly in white patterned with pale colour; and some of them have a piping of a stronger colour—orange, scarlet or green which appears again as the underside of the box pleats of the skirts.

That is something about the Dolly Vardon frocks—the hats I have not space to talk about, but they are a most delightful collection and selling out fast.



Who likes luscious milk chocolate? Creamy milk chocolate Croquettes, each dainty piece in a separate wrapping, kept fresh and clean and cool. Made by Nestlé's, in several sizes

NESTLÉ'S MILK CHOCOLATE CROQUETTES

Nestlé's Napolitains are made of the same delicious chocolate—just as convenient.



no more depressing days

Days when everything seems to go wrong. Life is a heavy burden. Work needs so much determination. Tasks seem never ending.

The cause of it all is raw jangled nerves. If they can be restored to healthfulness all the attendant troubles vanish. And this can be done only in Nature's way, through quiet health-restoring sleep. But it must be natural sleep—not that produced by drugs or stimulants.

Then when the nerves are refreshed and re-invigorated the spirits rise, the whole system recovers tone and all is well.

There is such an easy pleasant way of producing this natural sleep. A fragrant cup of Glaxo-Ovo taken before retiring for the night is a splendid sleep inducer.

The marvellous "Ostelin" vitamin D concentrate feeds those starved and harassed nerves, its rich milk and selected malt extract give rise to that drowsy feeling, and its delicious chocolate flavour makes it an added pleasure with which to round off the day. Try it to-night!

GLAX-OVO

the vital food-drink for men, women and children

Needs no milk—there's plenty in it
Only hot water—made in a minute

To W. R. LOXLEY & CO., HONGKONG.

I enclose 10c. in stamps for a trial tin of GLAX-OVO

MAKE A TRIAL

NAME

ADDRESS

G.L.

SHOPPING GUIDE

RELIH HAT SHOP

HATS AND GOWNS

At Advantageous Prices.
7, Ice House St.

Polande Sarrault

MODES-COUTURE

HAS REMOVED TO
3rd FLOOR, PEDDER BUILDING
ROOM No. 3
TELEPHONE C. 2252

A SEK & CO. PHOTO-SUPPLIES

26A, DES VERTS RD. C. TEL. C. 3459

NAKAMURA MASSAGE

No. 3, LEE TUNG STREET,
1st FLOOR, WANCHAI,
HONG KONG.

RADIO SUPPLIES
ELECTRIC GRAMOPHONES
AND MOTORS
SUPER ELTO OUTBOARD
MOTORS
RUDGE-WORTH
MOTOR CYCLES
TENNIS RACKETS

RUDOLF WOLFF & KEW, Ltd.
54, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
1st Floor. TEL. C. 2173.

Mackintosh's

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Bldg. Des Vaux Road.

Fresh Flowers, Fruit
and Vegetables

The Clover Flower Shop

10, ICE HOUSE STREET

DAINTY SHOES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
MADE TO ORDER
AT MODERATE PRICES



ROYAL
SHOE STORE
No. 1, D'AGUILAR STREET,
HONG KONG.
Telephone C. 3237.

POWELL'S

Gentlemen's Tailors
and Outfitters.

BESPOKE ORDERS
Executed in 24 Hours.

10, ICE HOUSE STREET.

People Who Advertise

Invite Inspection
of their Stocks.

R. S. V. P.

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

FOR CAR HIRE

For Hong Kong: C. 4755

For Kowloon: K. 681

SHOP

AT

THESE SHOPS

PERMANENT WAVING

The Most Up-to-date
Beauty Shop in Town.
Mrs. BETEN. TEL. K. 681.
PENINSULA HOTEL Bldg. 84.

A. YUN

TAILOR & OUTFITTER
49, POTTINGER STREET, CENTRAL
TEL. C. 6060. HONG KONG.

THE DAIRY FARM

ICE HOUSE STREET

FOR PURE MILK

FARM AND
IMPORTED FROZEN
MEATS.

HOUSE FROZEN POULTRY

QUALITY WITH INTEGRITY

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

THE DEPARTMENTAL STORE OF THE EAST.

TEL. C. 4567 (6 LINES).

EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Tak Cheong

Gentlemen's Tailors, Outfitters
and Dealers in all kinds
of Fancy Goods

50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
PHONE: CENT. 1317

A SUIT IS NOT A SUIT
UNLESS THE CUT IS PERFECT
AND FOR PERFECT CUT
GO TO

AHMED DIN

4, D'AGUILAR ST.
KOWLOON BRANCH
PENINSULA HOTEL

AUCTION!

IF YOU ARE FURNISHING
AND WANT TO PICK UP
GOOD PIECES OF EITHER
EUROPEAN OR ORIENTAL
MAKE AT ADVANTAGEOUS
PRICE, GO TO

LAMMERT BROS.,
DUDELL STREET

HAVE YOUR EYES
TESTED AND
FRAMES FITTED

By

THE HONGKONG OPTICAL CO.

Qualified Opticians

53, QUEEN'S ROAD C. TEL. C. 2232

Mac's Cafeteria

HONG KONG HOTEL

Finest Selection of

CHOCOLATES

in FANCY GIFT BOXES

FRESH CALIFORNIA FRUITS

ALWAYS ON SALE

J. Offmann & Co.

High Class Jewellers
Est. 1860

Alexandra Bldg. Chater Road.

FRIGIDAIRE



DODWELL & Co., Ltd.
QUEEN'S BUILDING. TEL. C. 1030

The SUN Co., Ltd.

DEPARTMENTAL STORE

DES VERTS ROAD CENTRAL

MAISON DE MODES M-ME D'OBRY.

MODES, ROBES, COUTURE

SMART FROCKS

HATS AND COATS

FROM PARIS

18, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

BOOK SHOP and BIBLE DEPOT.

GOING ON LEAVE?

GET PLenty OF BOOKS
FOR YOURSELF AND THE
CHILDREN FOR THE
VACATION.

WYNDHAM STREET.

H.K. TRANSFER & LIGHTER CO.

FURNITURE REMOVALS
AND GENERAL TRANS-
PORT BY TRUCK OR
LIGHTER.

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING

TEL. C. 2839

L. E. H. Hodge. K. 1422

BRUNSWICK HOUSE

BRUNSWICK

PANATROPES

AND

RECORDS

17, ICE HOUSE STREET

TEL. C. 4286

HONG KONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

[ORDERS BY LT.-COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O.,
O.B.E., COMMANDANT.]

No. 9/30.

1.—G.O.C.'s Annual Inspection

1930.

The attention of all ranks is drawn to Corps Order No. 7/30 dated February 13, 1930, paragraph 1. The attendance of this parade at Volunteer Headquarters at 5.25 p.m. on Thursday, March 13, is one of the obligations of a Volunteer. Full dress practice parade on Murray parade ground will be held on Tuesday, March 11. Parade at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

2.—Rifle Meeting.

A Committee Meeting will assemble at Corps Headquarters at 5.45 p.m. on Monday, March 3. All O.C. Units will detail one representative to attend.

3.—Musketry Table "T" Rifle

Parts I and II.

The Engineer Company and Signals will fire this course at Stonecutters on Sunday, March 2. Range Officer: 2/Lieut. J. H. Bottomley.

Launch will leave Hong Kong at 9 a.m. at Queen's Pier and call at Kowloon Police Pier at 9.10 a.m.

4.—Clothing and Equipment.

O.C. Cos. will please render a list of clothing and equipment that requires changing or renewing before G.O.C.'s inspection.

5.—Corps Band.

The Band will parade in multi at full strength on Tuesday, March 4, and Friday, March 7, at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. to practice for the G.O.C.'s inspection.

6.—Battery.

Parade at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, February 23, for rifle drill and company drill with No. 1 Company practice for G.O.C.'s inspection. Gun drill for that date is cancelled. Dress: Multi, rifle, bayonet, belt and bag.

All members must make an effort to attend this parade. The Battery dinner will be held on March 14, at Headquarters. Particulars later.

7.—Engineer.

PART I. MUSKETRY.

Part I Musketry Table "T" will be fired by the Engineer Company at Stonecutters on Sunday, March 2. Dress: Optional rifle and bayonet, belts and pouches must be taken.

Launch will leave Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and call at Kowloon at 9.10 a.m. Range Officer: 2/Lieut. J. H. Bottomley.

8.—Corps Signals.

Musketry Part I Table "T" will be fired at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, March 2. Dress: Musketry order, uniform or multi optional. Launch will leave Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and call at Kowloon Police Pier at 9.10 a.m. All members are requested to turn out. Range Officer: 2/Lieut. J. H. Bottomley.

Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, February 23. Dress: Multi, rifle, belt and bayonet to be carried. This is to be a practice parade for the Annual Inspection.

There will be a parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, March 6. Dress: Multi.

9.—Machine Gun Troop.

MUSKETRY.

The Machine Gun Company will fire Table "T" Rifle Part I. on Sunday, March 2. Full details will appear in next week's orders.

Practice parade for G.O.C.'s inspection on Friday, February 23, at Volunteer Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

10.—Armoured Car Company.

MUSKETRY.

The Armoured Car Company will fire Table "T" Rifle Part I. on Sunday, March 2. Full details will appear in next week's orders.

Car Section parade at Volunteer Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, February 23, in multi for practice parade for the G.O.C.'s inspection.

Motor Cycle Section: G.O.C.'s inspection practice parade, Friday, February 23, 1930. Dress: Multi, belt, frog, bayonet and rifle. All ranks are specially requested to attend the above in order to make a good show on the actual inspection.

11.—Machine Gun Company.

The Company will parade at full strength at 5.30 p.m. on March 4. Dress: Multi, belt and sidearms for practice for G.O.C.'s inspection. Platoon Commanders are asked to see that all ranks under their command are present.

Company Rifle Club will meet at the Peak Range at 9.30 a.m. on Sunday, March 2, to shoot for the Company Commander's Musketry Cup.

12.—Scottish Company.

Parades on Thursday, March 6, 1930. The Company will parade at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. Dress: Multi, belt and frog will be worn. All ranks are asked to report and make good shortages of kit and equipment before the G.O.C.'s inspection.

13.—Portuguese Company.

PARADES.

It is hoped that as many as possible will attend the last Company practice parade for the General's Annual Inspection, on Friday, March 7, at 5.30 p.m. Dress: Optional, rifle and bayonet and belt. The Company will parade as strong as possible at Headquarters on Friday, February 23, at 5.30 p.m. Dress: Optional, rifle and bayonet and belt.

All ranks are reminded that the Corps Practice Parade takes place on Tuesday, March 11, at 5.30 p.m.

CLOTHING.

All ranks are reminded that any equipment or clothing that needs changing must notify the Company Quarter Master Sergeant on Friday, February 23. This will be the last chance.

14.—Appointments.

Major R. A. Wolfe Murray, D.S.O., M.C., the Senior Highlanders, relinquishes the appointment of Adjutant as from February 23.

15.—Duties.

Captain R. C. Strachey, M.C., 1st Battalion the Somerset Light Infantry, assumes the duties of Adjutant, H.K.V.D.C., with effect from February 27, 1930, vice Major R. A. Wolfe Murray, D.S.O., M.C., the Senior Highlanders.

16.—Struck Off the Strength.

No. 85 Pte. G. R. Sayer, Reserve Company, is permitted to resign as from date. Having left the Colony—No. 1803 Pte. E. A. Griffiths, Reserve Company, as from date.

17.—Leave.

No. 1083 L.-Cpl. C. G. Stopani Thomson, No. 7 Platoon, from March 4 to October 4, 1930.

No. 863 B.Q.M.S. J. P. A. Davis, the Battery, from March 1 to October 31, 1930.

No. 401 Piper G. Nisbit, No. 5, Platoon, from March 1 to December 31, 1930.

No. 18 Pte. H. S. Rouse, Reserve Company, from March 1 to November 30, 1930.

R. C. STRACHEY, Captain, Acting Adjutant, H.K.V.D.C. Hong Kong, February 27, 1930.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS

PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON

365 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Commercial News.

12.30 to 1.30 p.m.—Demonstration programme.

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.

5 to 5.30 p.m.—European programme of Victor records supplied by Messrs. Tsang Fook Piano Company.

"Fado Da Esperanca (Fado of Hope)" (Freire) and "Senhor Da Pedra—Dance Popular" (Master of the Stone), Madalena de Melo.

"The Dairy" and "At The Bull Fight," Amos and Andy.

"Fado Hespagnol (Spanish Fado)" (Menano) and "Fado Da Vida (Fado Of Life)" (Goes), Armando Goes.

"Little Cotton Dolly" (Richard Henry Buck-Adam Geibel) and "Kentucky Babe," The Revelers.

"Fado, Alexandrino" (Armando Freire) and "Fado Armandinho," Armandinho.

5.30 to 6 p.m.—Aunt Letty, Aunt Madge, and Uncle Jack will entertain the children.

6 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.

7 to 9 p.m.—Experimental programme.

9 to 10.30 p.m.—Special dance programme of Victor records supplied by Messrs. Tsang Fook Piano Company.

10.30 p.m.—Close down.

CANTONESE BY WIRELESS.

REV. H. R. WELLS' FIRST

LESSON ON TUESDAY.

The first of a series of twelve lessons on the Study of Cantonese will be broadcast from the Studio at 7 p.m. on Tuesday, March 4, and (Continued on next column.)

LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned have received instructions

To Sell By

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28,

COMMENCING AT 11 A.M.

At No. 25, ARNOLD BUILDINGS,

KOWLOON,

A QUANTITY OF VALU-
ABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE.

Comprising—

Chesterfield Couch & Armchair, Rocking Chair, Teak Cabinet, Teak Desk, Teak Cupboard with Glass Shelves, Carpet, Cushions, Curtain, Ornament, etc., etc.

Teak Dining Table, Teak Sideboard, Teak Chairs, Teak Card Table, Screen, Picture, Filigree, etc., etc.

Teak Bedstead, Wardrobe with Bevelled Mirror Doors, Teak Dressing Table, Linen Cupboard, Chest of Drawers, Mahjong Table, etc., etc.

Electric Fittings and Bathroom Fixtures

Also

ONE PIANO, GRAMAPHONE

VICTOR LX

and

ONE WHITE FROST

(Most of the above Furniture made by LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.)

On View From THURSDAY, the 27th FEBRUARY, 1930.

TERMS.—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

A Welcome Visitor
at any time in every household. Every Bug, Flea, Beetle, Moth, Fly, etc., dies once it has come into proper contact with
KEATING'S

thereafter on each Tuesday and Friday at the same time. The lessons will be delivered by the Rev. H. R. Wells, O.B.E., author of the Book "Cantonese for Everyone" which book will be the text book for the course. "Cantonese for Everyone" is on sale at Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Booksellers, or the Bible Depot, Ice House Street, priced one dollar.

It is essential that, if full advantage is to be taken of the lessons, the listener has ready for the first lesson, a copy of the text book and paper for taking notes. There will be no time to teach the first lesson again although it will be referred to in the course of the second lesson. Listeners are further advised that Mr. Wells wishes to have letters from learners stating their difficulties, answers to which will be given in the course of the following lesson.

FOAMITE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
DODWELL & Co. Ltd.

P. O. Box 1, Hong Kong

is the Address. Write an Order for the *Weekly Press* to be sent you for Three Months or Thirty Years. The first will cost you \$8.75, and the Annual Subscription is \$15.



TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

CHARLIE MURRAY
ALICE DAY

IN
"THE
GORILLA"

IT WILL GET YOU! And
grip you! Laughs follow screams
—the Gorilla roars at the lovers
—Garrity yells for Mulligan
You'll roar, laugh, scream, howl
and yell at them all.

MAJESTIC

NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON.

THE ENGLISH SINGERS.
CONCERT TO-NIGHT IN
THEATRE ROYAL.

It is not difficult to explain why
people of all nationalities have
fallen so readily under the spell
of the art of the English Singers
who are, in response to popular
demand, giving a third concert
here in the Theatre Royal, to-night
at 8.15.

The music which they sing is the
finest of a great period of choral
art, and they render it as was
customary in Elizabethan days,
gathered round the table without
any accompaniment. Part singing
of this description is the supreme
test for vocalists, since it requires
perfection of intonation, faithful-
ness to pitch, uniformity of attack,
balance and shading, and mutual
agreement as to tempo and rhythm.

Their repertoire of over 800 songs
makes up the great heritage of
Elizabethan music, and the pro-
grammes selected for each concert
are arranged in groups of items
covering each particular form of
the music of the period. "Classical"
though this music may be, in the
sense that it has stood the test of
years, it has an equal claim to the
term "popular music," since these
were the songs that were sung
spontaneously by our forefathers
for their own pleasure.

FABULOUS SALARIES
OF FILM STARS.

HOLLYWOOD THE NEW
KLONDIKE.

DOG ACTOR'S £25,000 A YEAR.

Three years' work by Harold
Lloyd, Charles Chaplin, and Gloria
Swanson would buy the battleship
Nelson, which cost £7,000,000! The
combined earnings of twenty fam-
ous film stars for five years would
buy a navy.

Mary Pickford's revelation in a
Los Angeles lawsuit that her salary
in 1910, before she took over her
own company, stood at £112,350 a
year, draws attention to the Monte
Cristo pay packets of American film
stars.

Hollywood is the El Dorado of
the world. It offers almost hyster-
ical wealth.

Chaplin's £200,000.

Harold Lloyd has a pair of horn-
rimmed spectacles, a merry laugh,
and a genius for "gags." He earns
£400,000 a year! He is the Holly-
wood Cereus.

A catalogue of film star salaries
contains more money than has been
earned by the poets, scientists, sol-
diers, and statesmen of any country
in any generation.

Here are a few yearly incomes:—
Charles Chaplin £200,000
Tom Mix £250,000
Colleen Moore £300,000
Richard Barthelmess £300,000
Dorothy Mackaill £275,000
Norma Shearer £250,000
Dolores Costello £250,000
Clive Brook £200,000

The money the film stars refuse is
as fantastic as the salaries they ask.
Gloria Swanson, after the showing
of "Madame Sans Gene," refused
£3,000 a week for three years!

Coogan's Fortune.

Mac Murray asked for £2,000 a
week to appear in British films.
When Pauline Frederick made a
British picture she was paid £1,500
a week.

Jackie Coogan, now worth more
than £200,000, earns £1,000 a week.
In "The Kid" his first salary was
£18 a week. Rip Tin Tin, the dog
film star, earns £25,000 a year.

There are exceptions even in this
world of fairy finance. Valentino
was earning only £1,000 a week
when he died. Reginald Denny
earns only £800 a week.

A list of the attributes making
for millions would be interesting.
Some role, quip or "trade mark"
has made millionaires of scores of
screen people.

Chaplin has genius, big boots,
and a bowler hat.
Valentino had looks and the art
of screen love-making.

Colleen Moore has naivete and the
gift of a mimic.
Tom Mix can ride.

The film world is a gamble in per-
sonalities, and the prize is a king's
ransom.

A state of war exists between the
film stars and the American income-
tax authorities. There is hardly one
celebrated film figure who has not
been embroiled.

In 1925 Charles Chaplin paid only
£88 in income-tax! It was under-
stood that business costs had swal-
lowed up his capital. In 1928 he
was sued for £200,000 arrears of tax.

Tom Mix was sued for £20,000
arrears in 1928. An income-tax
drive in 1929 netted Rod La Roc-
que, Dorothy Mackaill, and William
Haines. It was alleged that Haines
had put down £49 spent on a visit
to his mother as "advertising."

(Continued on next column.)

DIVORCE BY HIRE
PURCHASE.

HOW TO OBTAIN ONE
BY POST.

MEXICAN PLAN.

Two British subjects living in
France have just obtained the
famous painless Mexican divorce
decree by post without setting a
foot outside of the country. It is
the first time that British subjects
have taken advantage of the Mexi-
can laws.

The first successful British peti-
tioner was a woman born in the
Midlands, whose husband is an
Englishman who served in a Cana-
dian regiment during the war and
is now living in Canada. The wife,
who is now living on the Riviera,
applied for divorce on the grounds
of mental cruelty and received her
decree by post two months ago. A
week later she married an Ameri-
can in London.

The second British petitioner
was a Scotsman, who obtained a
divorce by post, on the ground of
incompatibility of temperament,
from his wife, who was also a
native of Scotland. The husband,
who is in business in Paris, has
since married an American girl.

These two decrees were obtained
by Mr. Eugene Fiteau, a young
American of French-Canadian
origin, who is the Paris agent of
Senor Arturo del Toro, the
"father" of the "humane" divorce
laws in the Mexican States, of
Sonora and Morelos.

After sponsoring these laws,
Senor del Toro opened a divorce
bureau in New York, and he and
his agents all over the world are
now grinding out these new
divorces by the thousand.

Mr. Fiteau has a number of
other English divorces pending, in-
cluding that of a well-known young
woman of Bournemouth.

"All I need is a copy of the
petitioner's marriage certificate
and a power of attorney," stated
Mr. Fiteau.

Freedom by Post.

"The Mexican Court will accept
almost any reasonable excuse for
divorce, including mental cruelty,
six months' absence, or incom-
patibility of temperament. I fill
in the application on the necessary
forms, send them to Mexico, and
receive the decree by the next re-
turning post. As regards notifying
the respondent, the Mexican Court
try to notify him or her by regis-
tered letter, but if this is not pos-
sible they simply put a notice in
the Hermosillo newspaper."

The cost of the divorce natu-
rally depends on how "fancy" a
decree one wants, but it can be as
low as a few hundred pounds. I
can even arrange payment on the
instalment system, a few pounds
down and then £1 a week."

Mr. Fiteau declared that he pre-
ferred not to accept petitions from
British subjects living in Great
Britain, for the English Courts
generally demand that when British
subjects obtain a divorce abroad
they must establish a certain resi-
dence there. But he believes that
British couples can safely demand
a Mexican divorce that will be
accepted by the English Courts by
going to France to live for a few
months.

La Roque was said to have de-
scribed £250 spent on liquor as
"entertainment."

"PARROT-DISEASE"
IN GERMANY.

AN INFECTED CARGO
TRACED BY POLICE.

MANY CASES IN BERLIN.

Numbers of people seen in the
streets hastening with parrots in
cages to the veterinary quarters of
the Berlin Zoo, and the various
bacteriological institutes of Berlin;
are the outward and visible sign
of the psittacosis, or parrot-disease,
scarcely that has befallen Germany.
Six deaths from this mysterious
disease have occurred and numerous
cases of severe illness.

Eighteen severe cases in Berlin
have occurred in houses where a
parrot has been ill, or died, and
have led the police to infer that all
the present cases in houses where
a new parrot has been bought can
be traced to one particular con-
signment which arrived at Ham-
burg on the ship Cape Ancona and
were delivered to various zoological
farms.

When this boat came into port
again it was met by the director
of the Hygienic-Bacteriological In-
stitute, Dr. Elkeles, whose mission
it now is to ascertain the name
and address of every purchaser of
a Cape Ancona parrot. The Argon-
tine has been discovered as the
source of the Berlin cases. It is
hoped by tracing every parrot of
the infected consignment to obtain
many birds for observation, and, of
course, to prevent further infection.

The chief point of interest to the
layman is that German scientific
opinion believes that certain birds
act as carriers of infection in the
same way as certain human beings
are carriers of typhoid germs, al-
though immune themselves from the
disease. The germ of psittacosis, it
is understood, has been recognised
as belonging to the paratyphus
group B.

Parrot owners in Germany are
warned against letting their pets
peck food from their lips or allow-
ing themselves to be "kissed" or
bitten by them. They are informed
that this is a dangerous habit, as
tuberculous germs can be carried in
this way.

Although psittacosis is still more
or less a mystery, it is stated that
small greyish knots or lumps are
found in livers of parrots which
have fallen victims to the disease.
The disease, it is said, causes the
bird to refuse nourishment; its
wings hang down and breathing is
heavy and distressed. Six cases re-
ported from Altona, near Hamburg,
show that the disease is highly in-
fectious among human beings. A
doctor and nurse both caught the
disease from one sufferer who entered
the hospital in which they were
engaged. At the same time, people
are warned that not all sick par-
rots necessarily have psittacosis,
and that with proper care the
majority both of birds and human
beings recover.

In Germany parrots are greatly
loved as pets by flat-dwellers who
are debarred from the joys of a
garden or from keeping dogs and
cats. It is hoped that the already
very high standard of German
efficiency in dealing with tropical
disease may profit by the material
for study now offered. Special
measures will be taken in the case
of importers, and the private trans-
port of parrots by sailors and
others coming from the tropics is
likely to be hampered in future by
quarantine in Hamburg and other
big German ports.

BUILD

FOR

UNDIVIDED RESPONSIBILITY.

LET US INSTAL
YOUR

AIR CONDITIONING PLANT

CENTRAL HEATING

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT

SANITARY INSTALLATION

WAYGOOD OTIS LIFTS

ELECTRIC INSTALLATION

DECOLITE FLOORING

RU-BER-OLD ROOFING

METAL SHOP FRONTS

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

ELECTRIC MACHINERY

REFRIGERATING PL AN

POWER PLANTS

PUMPING PLANTS

LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT

COOKING APPARATUS

ESTIMATES FREE.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

QUEEN'S BUILDING.

PHONE C. 1030.
28021.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

ONE Long and Short Wave Wire-
less Set, 3 Valves (6 Volts),
Capable of receiving Shanghai, Manila,
Japan, etc. Complete with all acces-
sories. What offer?—Apply Box No.
9060, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.

ONE Storage Battery (6 Volts)
almost New and "N. O. Co."
(6 Valves—6 Volts) What offer?
For particulars please apply to Box No.
9061, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.

WASHBURN MANDOLINE, in
Good Condition. Can be seen
by Appointment. Reasonable Offer
Accepted.—Box 9076, c/o Hong Kong
Daily Press.

1925 MORRIS COWLEY,
Four Seater, Owner-
driven. Warranted in Perfect Me-
chanical Condition.—\$700.—J. A.
FRASER, TAIPO.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET.—TICIA MANSION,
FLAT No. 4, MACDONELL ROAD.
Partly Furnished.—Apply TELEPHONE
C. 2722 or 3216. [592]

TO LET.—From FIRST MARCH,
FLAT No. 2, KELLY HOUSE,
PRINCE FOUR ROOMS, Finish System,
Separate Kitchen, Servants' Quarters.
All Modern Conveniences. Moderate
Rent.—Apply DEACONS. [593]

TO LET.—Modern HOUSE on THE
PRINCE, Available in MARCH or
APRIL, 3 Bedrooms and Bathrooms
Short or Long Lease.—Apply Box
9028, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.

GODOWN TO LET.

A GODOWN at WHITEFIELD ROAD,
About 2,500 Square Feet Next
to KWONG HONG GLASS FACTORY.
—Please apply KWONG SANG
HONG, Ltd. [9001]

WANTED.

WANTED to Rent or to Purchase
a Mabel at REPULSE BAY.
—Please apply to Box No. 9062, c/o
Hong Kong Daily Press. [9062]

APARTMENT
WANTED.

ROOM with Board Wanted by
European Bachelor. Moderate
Terms and Quiet Locality desired on
HONG KONG SIDE.—Write Box 9077, c/o
Hong Kong Daily Press. [9077]

WANTED—Small Unfurnished
FLAT, HAPPY VALLEY or
CAUSEWAY BAY District.—Apply Box
9002, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [9002]

BIGGER & BETTER THAN EVER

CHRONICLE
and
DIRECTORY
for
1930

Now IN PREPARATION.

QUEEN'S

SUDERMANN'S hit novel
has been made into a flam-
ing film romance by the director
of "Woman of Affairs" and
"Trail of '98."

Clarence BROWN'S
production

with
LEWIS STONE
PEGGY WOOD
LEILA HYAMS

Wonder
of
Women



FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

WORLD

A ROARING ROMANCE OF A
SOCIETY GIRL AND AN ENGINEER

WARNER BROS.
PRESENT
MONTE
BLUE



TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
At 2.30 & 7.15—Interpreter.
At 5.15 & 9.20—Orchestra.

STAR



GLAMOROUS ROMANCE
OF TWO LOVERS WHO
DEFTED THE WORLD!

DOLORES COSTELLO
Glorious Betsy
Conrad Nagel

TO-DAY at 5.30 & 9.20.
TO-MORROW at 2.30, 5.30 & 9.20.

Aquascutum

RAINFOOF RAGLANS

Made of West of England wool Gaberdine, thoroughly proofed to withstand heavy weather.

Lined sleeves and body with strong twill silk making it easy to slip on and off.

A smartly cut, well finished serviceable Raincoat in three good shades of drab.



From \$75.00 Each

Less 10 per cent. discount for cash.

Mackintosh's

PETER DAWSON WHISKY



WHEN BROAD MINDS THINK ALIKE

"P.D. EXCELS SILVER MARKET ITS STANDARD (QUALITY) IS NEVER LOWERED."

Obtainable everywhere.

Sole Agents:—H. RUTTONJEE & SON.

WHITEAWAYS

FIRST
SPRING SHIPMENTS

NOW ON VIEW

IN
ALL DEPARTMENTS

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

THE STORE FOR VALUE, HONG KONG.

ENGINEERS AS SAVIOURS OF CHINA.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

In the streets of London, some thirty years ago, a young graduate in engineering, who now has the honour to be President of your Society, was seated on an omnibus drawn by horses. One of the then new-fangled motorcars tried to pass us. The driver of the horses, with the ready wit of his kind, called out: "Now then, Elijah, get on with your chariot of fire!" You will remember the legend in Jewish history which tells how the puritanical prophet ascended to the clouds in a chariot of fire. The London busman was reminded of it by the noise and dense smoke from the motorcar. The motorcar is very different to-day. The horse now no longer competes with the machine as a means of transport. The petrol-engine has penetrated into every part of the world. It has carried men nearer to the skies than any other agency of which we have any definite knowledge.

It is certain that, but for the invention of the steam-engine, cheap steel, and the electrical dynamo, we should not have had the chariot of fire that ascends daily, and is often to be seen flying over Hong Kong. For the source of the power of the engine is fire. Within it are temperatures greater than that at which cast iron melts.

Let us examine the various steps in the evolution of the flying-machine, man's great triumph over gravity, space and time. We are already inclined to accept it as commonplace, but it is something very remarkable. Take it, all in all, it represents the finest thing that man has ever produced. Into it he has put as much of his human patience, common sense, forethought, experimental philosophy, habits of order and obedience, carefully-wrought handiwork, defiance of brute elements, and careless courage as can well be put into anything that has yet been made on earth.

Instead of fashioning everything anew by manual labour, the modern planes are to manufacture by processes of copying. A century ago, in Europe, as in most parts of China to-day, everything was slowly and imperfectly made by the workman's hand. The machine works more rapidly, more efficiently.

The Revolution.

The invention of the steam-engine was the event in history that has had the greatest effect on the human race. Although the internal-combustion engine and turbine may displace it, the change from one to the other is only a matter of degree of economy. The change wrought by the invention of the steam-engine revolutionized all manufactures and all modes of travel. Machinery, actuated by the forces of Nature, but invented by man, then came into being. Because of the astonishing results of his work, and on account of the number and ingenuity of his inventions, James Watt must have a place in the annals of mankind incomparable to anyone else. Probably many men almost unknown were as clever. Kelvin was undoubtedly an amazing genius. We cannot compare the relative ability of men like Faraday, Kelvin, Daimler, and other inventors. It is, however, obvious that the work of Watt was unique in its results. He made possible all over the world the use of coal and oil for power-production. Everything material in our modern life, including transport, depends on that.

Every new invention, every triumph of engineering skill, in an embodiment of some scientific idea. The purpose of a University is to provide you, not only with definite facts, but to stimulate your imagination. If an apology were needed for training engineers in a University, it can be said that nearly all of the great inventions have been closely associated with seats of learning. The greatest invention of all, the steam-engine, was mainly the work of Watt in the University of Glasgow. Faraday, doing his researches in London, produced that wonderful machine, the electric dynamo. In King's College, London, Wheatstone sent the first message by telegraph. Kelvin, who made so many inventions concerned with the sea and electricity, was a Professor in the University College, Liverpool. Sir Oliver Lodge sent and received the first wireless news. And so the story might be continued. Let us discuss the actual inventions rather than the remarkable men who gave these great gifts to mankind, although it is well to remember that they were all men of great industry and fine character.

The records of the British Patent Office commenced in 1817. In that year only five patents were granted, some being privileges given to favourites and not really inventions. Nowadays there are about 20,000 patents filed annually in England.

The grant of a patent does not confer upon the recipient the legal right to priority. All that it means is that certain engineering, or scientific, trained, Government officials have searched through the records of the Patent Office, and so far as they can discover, the idea described in the application is original. But any one can challenge the owner of the patent in the law courts.

The Beauty of Simplicity.

If you are willing to pay for it, you get, nowadays almost anything that you fancy. An engineer is said to be a man who can do for one dollar what anyone else can do for two. The cause of the success of a few and the (commercial) failure of many patents is, generally, not the ingenuity of the invention, but the cost of production. For nearly all new patents are ingenious, but not many make fortunes for the inventors. It is, however, encouraging to how that in some cases inventors have made enormous sums of money.

Simplicity in a hall-mark of good invention. Within limits any clever mechanic can devise a machine to do anything, provided you do not mind it being complicated and costly. The genius comes along and does the same thing in a simple manner. Everybody then says: "Why didn't I think of that myself?"

It may be as well to emphasize the beauty of simplicity. Take a case noticeable on the railway. The early experimenters with the steam locomotive believed that, in order to pull a load, the rails must have teeth and the engine a toothed wheel to work in them. The genius showed that smooth wheels can grip, and run on, smooth rails. We admit that the motor-car of to-day is far too complicated a machine. Thousands of engineers are at work trying to invent simpler methods of power transmission, etc.

Fundamental Inventions.

The wheel was probably the first great invention; at any rate, it was the first effort to improve transport. Nearly all great inventions are for the purpose of conveying motion from one place to another; or to convert motion from one form to another; or else to change the direction or speed of motion. Every man on a bicycle illustrates how we can change up and down, or reciprocating, motion, into rotary motion. His knees move up and down, and the lower parts of his legs acts as connecting rods, to connect his knees with the cranks on his cycle. So the up and down motion of his knees is changed into the rotary motion of the wheel. James Watt applied this idea to the steam-engine; and the up and down motion of the piston is changed by means of a connecting rod and crank to drive the shaft round and round. This happens daily in millions of motor-cars. The up and down motion of the piston causes the rear wheel of the car to rotate, and these wheels push the car forward. In the ordinary sewing-machine the reverse takes place. The part which holes the needle takes its up and down motion from a wheel which is turned by hand or an electric motor.

In the University workshops and engineering laboratories you can see thousands of ideas that once were original. We can show you a machine which, automatically, takes in a rod at one end and turns out hundreds of cheese-headed screws at the other end without a hand touching machine or metal. Every day there is the possibility of seeing, hearing, or reading of some new marvel.

Mental and Manual Work.

No one works by hand except for recreation if he can get some power to do it for him. During the last hundred years there has been a very great increase in mental work and a great decrease in manual work in countries which have benefited by inventions. Manual drudgery elevates no one. Therefore it is fair to say that using the power produced by oil, coal or water has raised mankind to a higher state of civilization. Indeed, we may say that a nation is civilized when it substitutes thought and mechanism for muscle power. A chauffeur is higher in the scale than a rickshaw coolie.

The steam and gas engine are machines which change the heat of fuel into mechanical work. We can do the reverse by using mechanical work to pump out heat from ice, say, water, and then we get ice. The cold production of the refrigerating-machine is a comparatively new invention, but it is already beginning to make life in the tropics much more comfortable. That grew out of the steam-engine. It is capable of very great improvement. We look for simplicity. That is why the recent invention of the freezing apparatus which has no moving parts is so admirable. We merely supply heat, but there is no mechanism. It is so simple. We shall have cheaper and simpler methods of freezing and heating in our houses at no distant date.

The day must come when in all parts of the world we shall regulate the condition of the air in our houses, so that it shall be just at the most suitable temperature and humidity. Then the human machine will work more efficiently in Hong Kong.

It is only about 160 years ago that Watt took out the first of his many patents in connection with steam. It was at a period when revolution and bloodshed was being preached as the panacea for the evils of life. Poverty was the main cause of the French Reign of Terror as it is of China's chaos to-day. While reformers, inflamed

by the sights of suffering, cried "Kill, kill," Watt was working out the beginning of the great economic salvation of mankind. Ignoring those who cried out for blood, he patiently pursued his experiments and studies. A penniless prophet, William Blake in his wild desire to free the manual workers from their condition of semi-slavery, could sing only of weapons. In his enthusiasm to improve mankind he piped bravely on:—

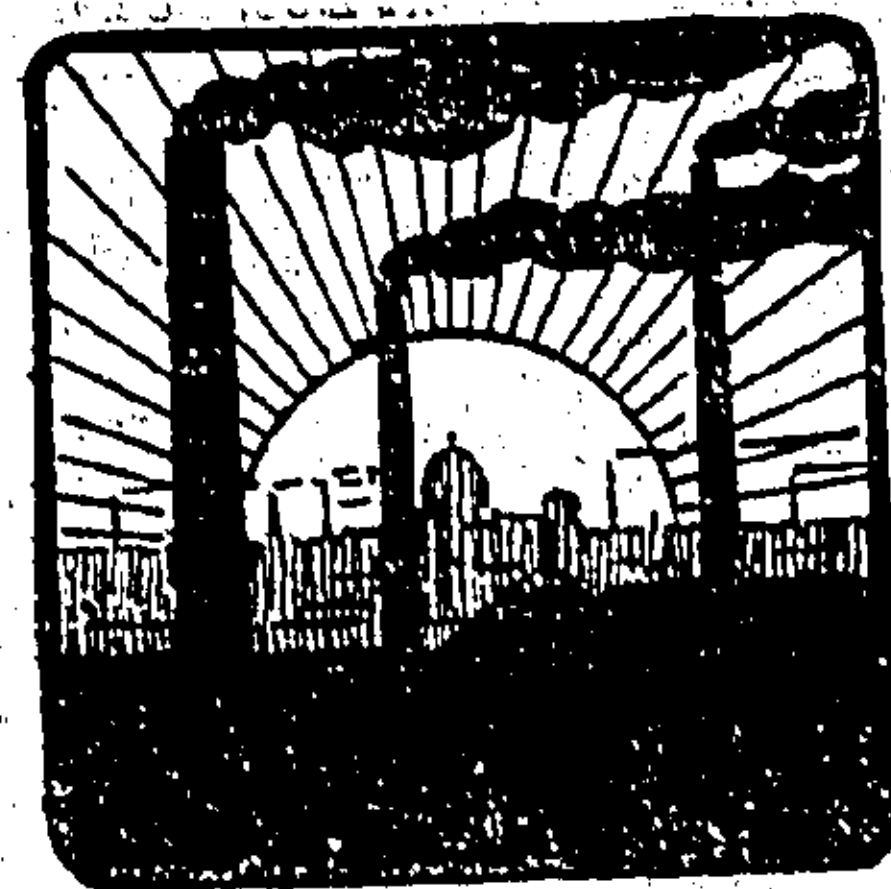
Bring me my bow of burning
Sold!
Bring me my arrows of desire!
Bring me my spear! O clouds,
unfold!
Bring me my chariot of fire!

Little did he dream that, as if in answer to his cry, Watt was at that time forging a chariot of fire in the precincts of the University of Glasgow. All of Blake's gestures were futile; that ghastly work of the French revolutionaries left only a legacy of hate. Watt's work remains immortal. It substituted mental for manual labour.

It is of interest to note that the inventor first turned his attention to steam, as a substitute for manual power and horse-power, for pumping water out of coal and other mines. That is why he thought of the up and down, or reciprocating, motion,

KAIPING COAL

FOR HOME, FACTORY, & POWER HOUSE



HOME,
FACTORY
AND
BUNKERS

POWER
HOUSE,
TUGS &
LOCOS.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hong Kong.

because a pump works that way. If Watt had tried to produce a steam motor-car or a steamship instead of a pumping-engine, he might have experimented with wheels instead of pistons. Then we might have had the turbine machine much earlier. It will finally triumph, for it is simpler than the alternative. [The remainder of Professor Middleton Smith's lecture will appear in to-morrow's issue.]

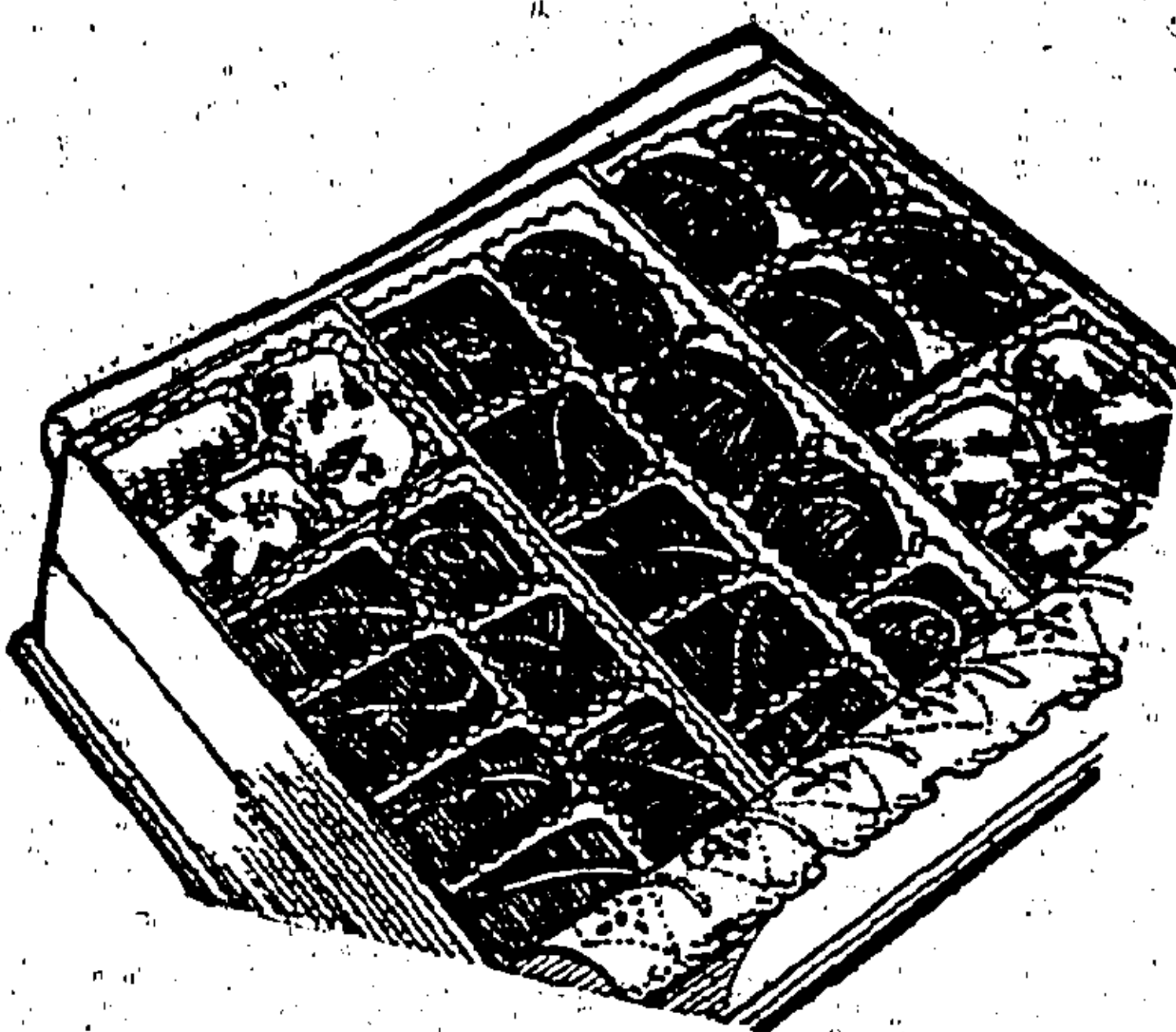
A DELIGHTFUL TREAT!!

Chocolates Freshly-made Each Morning in Our Own Bakeries

\$2.75 lb.

Large Assortment
including—

Chocolatè Pineapple
Truffles
Ginger
Peppermint
Creams
Apricotines
Biscuitines
Walnuts
Toffee
Milk Caramels,
etc.



LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

New, Unrivalled, Life-like Are These Victor Red Seal Recordings

One of the most masterly Victor Records of all time is Bloch's Concerto Grosso, which Fabien Sevitzky and the Philadelphia Chamber String Symphonietta have recorded for release this month. Here is music that vitalizes the powers of the small string orchestra to the utmost; here is a recording that couples high genius with flesh-and-blood reality! To keep it company is a truly inspiring and entirely complete recording of *The Pirates of Penzance*, performed by the Rupert D'Oyly Carte-Light Opera Company and Orchestra. Crystal-clear diction, bright and sparkling interpretation, place this album of Victor Records among the best within recent times. There are a large number of other Red Seal Records which you will want to hear and keep forever. You are cordially invited to hear them on our Victor Radio-Electrola.

MUSICAL MASTERPIECE

Concerto Grosso (Ernst Bloch)
Arioso (Bach) FABIAN SEVITZKY AND PHILADELPHIA CHAMBER STRING SYMPHONETTA
In Album M-46 (Nos. 9596-9598). AM-56 (Nos. 9599-9601). On 3 Double-Faced Victor Records with Explanatory Folder. List Price, \$5.00.

CONCERT SERIES

The Pirates of Penzance (Gilbert-Sullivan)
RUPERT D'OYLY CARTE LIGHT OPERA COMPANY AND ORCHESTRA
In Album C-6 (Nos. 9607-9617). AC-6 (Nos. 9618-9620). On 11 Double-Faced Victor Records with Libretto. List Price, \$10.50.

Christian Science Hymns Album
FLORENCE MIDDAGH (Cantabile)—CLAUDE E. SAUNTER (Organ)
In Album C-7 (Nos. 4171-4172-9629-9630). On 4 Double-Faced Victor Records.
List Price, \$5.50.

RED SEAL RECORDS

Clavelitos (Carnations) (Valverde)
2. Estrellita (Little Star) (Ponce)
Russian Nightingale Song (Alabiev)
AMELITA GALLZ-CORRE
No. 1440, 10-inch.
Deau Soir (Evening Fair)
(Bourget-Debussy)
Clair de Lune (The Wistful Moon)
(Verlaine-Saunders, Op. 63, No. 1)
No. 1459, 10-inch.
Phidre-Overture—Parts 1 and 2
(Massenet)
ALFRED HURTZ AND
SAN FRANCISCO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
No. 1154, 12-inch.
Sonata—Largo (Eccles-Koussevitzky)
Chanson Triste (Koussevitzky, Op. 2)
SERGE KOUSSEVITZKY
No. 1159, 12-inch.
Sonata in G Major (Beethoven,
Op. 30, No. 3) Violin and Piano
FRITZ KREISLER-SERGE RACHMANINOFF
Nos. 8163 and 8164, 12-inch.
Faust—Le veau d'or (Calf of Gold)
(Gounod)
Norma—Ahi del Tetro (Haughty
Roman)
EDU PUGA OPERA CHORUS
No. 803, 12-inch.
Pesca d'ammoro (Love's Angling)
(Braccio-Burghesey)
Co stera 'na vota (Raccontino)
(V. de Crescenzo)
TITO SCARPA
No. 1452, 10-inch.
Fête-Dieu à Séville—Parts 1 and 2
(Holiday in Seville) (Albéniz)
LEO OLD STOKOWSKI AND THE
PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
No. 1159, 12-inch.

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

(Victor Distributors)

Chater Road.

SIR PAUL CHATER'S WILL.

APPEAL AGAINST SUPREME COURT JUDGMENT.

QUESTION OF INTEREST PAID TO A BENEFICIARY.

OFFICIAL TRUSTEE AS APPELLANT.

A Full Court of three Judges comprising Sir Henry Gollan, Sir Peter Grain (Chief Justice of H.B.M. Supreme Court, Shanghai) and Mr. Justice Wood sat at the Supreme Court yesterday to hear an appeal against a judgment given by the Chief Justice in connection with the estate of the late Sir Paul Chater.

Four barristers, including two King's Counsel, represented the parties in the appeal.

The Official Trustee of Bengal was defendant-appellant; the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, as executor of the estate, was plaintiff-respondent; Messrs. J. T. Bagram and E. Sadick were defendant-respondents.

Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., with Mr. H. G. Sheldon, as for Mr. Shenton, the executor, and the Official Trustee of Bengal. Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., was for Mr. Shenton. Mr. F. C. Jenkin appeared for Mr. J. T. Bagram.

A 1928 Judgment.

The appeal is against a judgment given by the Chief Justice on March 23, 1928, in which it was laid down that Mr. Bagram was entitled to interest on his legacy from the date of the testator's death; that he was entitled to be paid interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum if the income of the estate was sufficient, and that he should receive payment at the rate of seven per cent. or such lesser rate as the income of the estate allowed to be paid.

Dealing with the history of the action, Mr. Potter said that on February 14, 1927, an originating summons was taken out by Mr. Shenton, the executor, and this was heard by Mr. Justice Wood who was acting Chief Justice at that time. The questions raised included the appropriation of funds, and the setting aside of trust funds.

Judgment was given on July 21, 1927, laying it down that the income payable as interest was at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, calculated from the time of the death of Sir Paul Chater. The judgment was submitted to the Full Court of Appeal which reversed it, on the ground that the question of interest did not arise and that in any event it was governed by Clause 7 of the will.

Mr. Potter pointed out that there had been no appeal to the Privy Council and that the time for an appeal had long since passed unless the Privy Council granted special leave. The Court now sitting had no power to extend the time limit for an appeal to the Privy Council.

On February 7, 1929, an application was made in chambers, under liberty to apply, given by his Lordship, the Chief Justice in his judgment, if the parties were unable to agree on the question of clause 7 of the will.

Counsel submitted that the case had already been decided by the Full Court which held that Mr. Bagram was entitled to what clause 7 of the will gave him. Dealing with the merits of the judgment, he argued that it should be reversed on other grounds. The judgment had stated that Mr. Davidson, who appeared for Mr. Bagram, submitted that the legacy left to the latter was an ordinary general legacy and that he was entitled to interest in preference to the Church of Nazareth included among the four beneficiaries. Mr. Bagram was there treated as a legatee and the Armenian Church as a residuary legatee.

Mr. Potter submitted that the beneficiaries were in the same category and pointed out that the residuary estate was divided into four parts. One part, an investment of four lakhs, was given to a nephew; another part, an investment of seven lakhs, was given to Mr. Bagram, a third was a fund of two lakhs for Jack Chater, and the fourth part was the balance of the residuary estate which went to the Armenian Church.

Mr. Bagram or the Armenian Church?

Mr. Potter said he could not see why interest should be given to Mr. Bagram as against the Armenian Church. The will also directed that if any of the first three funds lapsed, they were to be merged into the fourth. Mr. Potter submitted that that provision was unnecessary if the Armenian Church was an ordinary residuary legatee.

In reply to Sir Henry Gollan, counsel said he would submit there was no power to order the executor to make the payments at all, but if he chose to do so, then no doubt he would be entitled to do so, but he would be responsible. There was no power to pay interest because no fund had been created out of which the money could be paid.

Counsel added that if they decided the executor had done wrong in not creating the fund, then they could take the proper proceedings. He continued that the Court could not make an order for 8 per cent. to be paid out of seven lakhs of dollars when the fund was not there.

Supposing, continued counsel, that there was a serious falling-off in the value of the estate, so much so that there was not sufficient to meet the annuities payable at the present time; further, supposing large sums of interest had been paid to fund-holders A. B. and C. What would be the position? Counsel submitted there was no power to order payments of large sums of interest out of a fund of seven lakhs which, at the moment, did not exist, and that was why he would say that the Court, in agreeing to six per cent. payable on the fund, which did not yet exist, really acted in a way which was very fair.

In conclusion, Mr. Potter asked on the ground he had brought forward that the judgment be reversed.

A Proposed Scheme.

Mr. Sheldon said that, following on the question as to whether clause 7 covers the point at issue, and covers the case as decided by the Full Court last year, he would submit there should be a scheme whereby the three persons and the Armenian Church should benefit from the residue of the estate.

Counsel would put forward a practical scheme which had the merit of simplicity. He suggested the setting aside of a capital of \$4,500,000 which would provide \$225,000 at a rate of five per cent. The whole of the estate was earning five per cent. at present.

For the purpose of paying administration expenses and annuities, \$130,000 was provided out of the \$225,000 which left a balance of income amounting to \$95,000. This was the total income to be distributed among the beneficiaries.

Mr. Sheldon proposed that 13-16ths be used as payments to Mr. Bagram and the two Chaters and that the remaining 6-16ths go to the Armenian Church.

Executor's Position.

Mr. Alabaster said that the executor of the estate (Mr. Shenton) had no personal interest in the result of the case, except that he wished to know where he stands. In one sense the executor felt that the matter had concluded with the previous decision of the Full Court, but he now felt that he must ask for the judgment to be implemented in such a way as to permit him to continue with his work without litigation.

Mr. Alabaster submitted that if the Court found that the gift is a legacy, the executor's feelings were that the interest should be paid, not as from Sir Paul's death, but from a year afterwards.

The Chief Justice pointed out that Justice Wood in his judgment had found as a matter of law that interest was payable as from the death. On what grounds this decision was made did not matter, for there had been no appeal on this point.

Chief Justice: You admitted at the hearing of the Full Court that the matter was regulated by clause 7.

Mr. Alabaster: Yes, everybody did.

Chief Justice: Would a scheme of this nature be acceptable to the executor?

Mr. Alabaster: I expect it would be acceptable, subject to a suggestion that there should be a valuation once a year.

Mr. Jenkin's Points.

Commencing his address, Mr. Jenkin said that he was prepared to support the judgment appealed from on five grounds, namely (1) that this is a case of an ordinary legacy; (2) that Mr. Bagram is entitled to interest pending the payment of the legacy upon the ordinary principle of administration; (3) that there is nothing in the will which defeats that right; (4) that that right does not depend upon the setting aside of the settled funds; and (5) that the interim interest may be paid annually.

Arguing on his first point and the definition of the word "residue," appearing in the will, Mr. Jenkin submitted that in this case the three persons were in the position of ordinary legatees. The balance of the whole estate is to go to the Holy Church of Nazareth, who are, in truth, residuary legatees.

Counsel further mentioned that there had been nothing put before their Lordships to show that A. B. and C. were not ordinary legatees. In such a case the Court presumed that the executor had funds at the end of the year and paid them accordingly. In the absence of any directions to the contrary, the beneficiary was entitled at the end of the executor's year to payment of interest on the legacy.

(Continued at foot of next column).

SAMPAN WOMAN AND ROBBERS.

STORY OF MID-HARBOUR FIGHT.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST FOUR MEN.

Four Chinese were charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistracy yesterday with robbery on board a passenger sampan, in the middle of the harbour on February 17, at 6.30 p.m. The defendants pleaded not guilty.

Inspector A. J. W. Dorling who prosecuted, told the Magistrate that the sampan was owned by two women, a mother and daughter. On the evening in question while they were lying off the seawall near Wing Lok Street waiting for a fare, the four defendants approached the second complainant, who was standing on the seawall, and after bargaining, hired the boat to take them to the s.s. Changte, then at buoy No. 3, for 60 cents. The defendants boarded the sampan which sailed in an easterly direction towards the vessel. When about two ships' length from buoy No. 3, the four men got up from their seats and attacked the complainants. Two of the defendants went to the stern where the mother was steering, while the other two attacked the daughter who was rowing. The woman at the stern was seized, a towel was tied over her mouth and she was pulled down into the hold. They took from her a bangle and 50 cents in money.

The other complainant was told to hand over all her belongings, but before she could do so, she was searched and a gold bangle and \$12.67 in money were taken.

A Clever Manoeuvre.

The defendants then gave orders to be rowed to Tsim Tsa Tsui, but the old woman sailed the boat towards the Victoria Junk anchorage off the Harbour Office.

Arriving amongst the junks at anchor, the old woman shouted, "Save Life." When she did this, the second defendant pushed her over the side. However, her cries were heard by people aboard the junks and the four defendants attempted to escape by jumping overboard. The old woman was rescued by her daughter, while the four defendants were pulled out of the water by junk people, taken onto one of the junks and held prisoners until a police launch arrived. They were searched and a bangle was found on one of the defendants.

Inspector Dorling pointed out that no identification parade was held as the complainants and defendants were "mixed up together," but the complainants were quite sure that the defendants were the men who took part in the robbery.

Among the things found on the defendants were a folding rule which, Inspector Dorling said, was used by one of the defendants to flourish it as though it was a knife.

Evidence was taken and the hearing was adjourned.

CHAN CHAK WANTS MORE SHIPS.

TWO GUNBOATS ORDERED.

According to the Canton Gazette, Admiral Chan Chak has represented to the Canton Government that the warships at his command are far from adequate for the duties of patrolling the river delta and the coast. He also says that a number of the older craft must be replaced. The Admiral has instructed his engineers to submit designs for two shallow-water gunboats in addition to the two recently ordered from the Kiangnan Docks of Shanghai.

A contract would have been with the Taikoo Docks, Hong Kong, a month ago, if Admiral Chan had not had to direct the expedition to Hainan, but since his return to Canton, it is expected that he will soon make arrangements with the above mentioned shipbuilders to begin work.

Mr. Jenkin went on to say that the application originally made to the Court was made by the executor of the will, and that, having in hand approximately a quarter million dollars of surplus funds, he wanted to know what to do with it. This disposed of the argument that no fund had been created, and counsel saw no reason why the interim interest should not be paid pending the actual payment of the legacies themselves. If there was any surplus there was no point in locking it up and denying payment to those who are entitled to it.

At this stage the Court adjourned until this morning.

ROUND THE COURTS.

OVER ZEALOUS CONSTABLE.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. Whyte-Smith yesterday with being in possession of a pair of trousers, reasonably suspected of having been stolen or unlawfully obtained.

The defendant said he was arrested when on his way to pawn the trousers. He bought them at a shop last September, but when the constable accompanied him to the shop in question, the manager said he could not remember whether the sale took place or not.

The Magistrate discharged the defendant, saying that he thought it was going hard on people if they were required to point out the shop where they bought their trousers.

"FLYING THE WHITE PIGEON."

The case in which a Chinese married woman named Chak Sze alias Chan Man was charged with arranging a marriage between one Wing Loi and a female, Wong Ling, when she knew that the latter had no intention of remaining as the man's wife, thereby committing an offence commonly known as "Flying the White Pigeon," came up for hearing before Mr. Whyte-Smith yesterday, and was remanded for 48 hours, in order that the Police might make further enquiries.

OBSCENE PICTURE DESTROYED.

On the application of Sergeant Fowle, the Kowloon Magistrate ordered the destruction of obscene pictures found concealed in the kitchen of an unnumbered house behind Kun Chung Market.

A WOOD THIEF'S ILLNESSES.

After stealing a piece of wood from a contractor's shed in Prince Edward Road, a Chinese was caught by a district watchman, and, in the struggle which ensued, the thief cut his leg. When later taken into custody by the police, the man was found to be enlarging the cut with his fingers. He was taken to hospital where it was found that he was also suffering from pneumonia. On application of Sub-Inspector Elston, the case was remanded until Monday.

TRESPASSING ON REVOLVER RANGE.

For trespassing on the Whitfield Barracks Revolver Range, a Chinese youth was ordered to receive eight strokes with the cane. The prosecuting officer informed the Magistrate that complaints had been received from almost every revolver and rifle range in the Colony, of youths trespassing and picking up spent bullets.

FORESTRY THEFTS.

Charged with possession of pine wood which had been cut from the forestry areas in Shatin, a man and four women were convicted and fined. The man was fined \$25 with the alternative of three weeks' hard labour, and the women were ordered to pay \$10 each or to undergo 14 days' hard labour.

CORRESPONDENCE.

GOOD MUSIC: IS IT APPRECIATED?

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS"]

Sir,—The small attendance at a recent recital given by a prima donna or, as she was sometimes described, a "leading" prima donna, has apparently again caused considerable misgivings as to there being any appreciable taste for good music in the Colony. In fact, that there was conclusive evidence of an almost degrading absence of either appreciation of or support for true musical talent, appears to be the chief enlightenment received by some of the critics who reported on the concert.

In this latest assault a fair one! The artist in question, admittedly on her first visit to this Colony, probably unknown to anyone but a few of her compatriots, announced her intention to give a recital at very short notice.

One complainant points out that she came with the very best credentials. Who amongst the general public has been or heard of these credentials?

(Continued on next column.)

THE SILVER SCREEN.

A TRAGEDY OF "BOHEMIA."

How a wife fights to retain her husband's affection, and how—too late—realises her passionate love for him, is the main theme of the oddly-named film now showing at the Queen's Theatre, "Wonder of Women." The story is an interesting one, and takes us into those strange "Bohemian" circles where people seem to live on kisses and caresses. The hero—if so he may be termed—is a man of musical genius who is also fond of philandering, but eventually falls in love with a widow who has two children! Matrimonial responsibilities compel him to resort to "pot-boilers" in the shape of popular songs—and these are heard during the film, and very pleasing melodies they are. Gradually the desire to return to his lively and lovely "Bohemian" companions gets the better of him, and he drifts away from home ties. The story ends on a tragic note, with the repentant husband at the bedside of his dying wife, full of remorse at the past and of good intentions for the future.

"Wonder of Women" is a part-talkie, and its musical accompaniment is as attractive as the picture itself. Lewis Stone plays the part of the errant husband, and Leila Hyams makes it only too evident why he left home. The other members of the company do all that is required to give an effective background to the story.

Among the news pictures being shown at the Queen's are scenes at Happy Valley on Derby Day, which are naturally of great interest. They are good sound pictures, too, and it is possible to recognise a number of local people quite easily, while the views of the racing are excellent. There are also some excellent news pictures, and a wonderful imitator of animal noises.

Thrills at the Majestic.

The greatest comedians and critics say the best comedy is that which is mingled with pathos, and if this is true then Charlie Murray, who is featured in "The Gorilla," has all the laughs coming to him. "The Gorilla" is a hilarious and hysterical mystery-comedy now being shown at the Majestic Theatre, Kowloon, in which Charlie Murray and Fred Kelsey combine to form a new screen team.

And one must not forget the gorilla himself. This is where Charlie Murray and his pathos and comedy come in. It is comedy for the audience to see him playing around cliffs, house-tops, cellars, etc., with a nine-foot, 400 lb. ape-man but as for Murray, let the pathos speak for itself. Just place yourself in the same predicament and imagine the fun!

"The Gorilla" is an adaptation of Ralph Spence's stage play of the same name, and which had a successful run in London, about three years ago. It combines the fun and chills that made the legitimate version so popular. The situations in the picture have been enlarged over those in the stage play, making it a combination of the weirdest, spookiest mystery and the greatest comedy imaginable. Murray and Kelsey have the roles of the two comic detectives, Mulligan and Garity, whose greatest problem is to keep together.

Personally, I confess, all I could gather was that the artist had, with her husband, succeeded in travelling over 14,000 miles (Paris-New York, etc.) using exclusively (for her car) the same petrol and lubricating oil. For this credit must be given to the oil merchants concerned, who are locally so worthily represented and who no doubt attended the concert in great force.

It was also reported somewhere that the car had made frequent trips up and down the Peak Road, and we have since heard that it has travelled along other routes which, by law, are closed to motor traffic. The advertisements were full of promise. But these are written before the concert—and of course are not considered as "credentials."

With this material as a guide there may be some explanation for the small attendance at the concert other than the "apathy" of the public.

For many of us who did attend, the recital was almost ruined by the appalling accompaniments on the piano. One could hardly avoid the impression that the singer, who was obviously both a musician and an actress of great ability and experience, considered that the footling type of accompaniment was for a Hong Kong audience good enough. Well, it wasn't—Yours, etc.

CON BRIO.

Hong Kong, February 27.

TENNIS

RACKETS

FOR HARD WEAR IN THE TROPICS

MADE BY

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

F. A. DAVIS

W. H. JAMES

&

SLAZENGERS.

PRICES FROM

\$15

to

\$35

THE NEW PATENT PROCESS

DUNLOP

TENNIS BALLS

NEW STOCKS JUST ARRIVED

SPORTS DEPARTMENT.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

COLUMBIA

THE NEW 1930 MODEL



THE QUALITY OF TONE IS IMPROVED AGAIN

RECORD ALBUM FITTED IN THE LID OFFERS A NEW REFINEMENT

WHEN COLUMBIA DOES IT—IT'S WELL DONE, GIVE US A CALL AND HEAR THE NEW PORTABLES

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

HONGKONG SMOKELESS EGGS COAL

FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

KEEP THE HOUSE CLEAN AND NEAT!

NOTE CHEAP PRICES:—

In lots of not less than half-ton; delivered to:—

Peak District (above Bowen Road)	\$23.00
Bowen Road and Lower Levels	\$21.00
Pokfulum Road	\$22.00
Kowloon	\$19.00

Orders should be sent in writing, not by Telephone, at least 24 hours before the coal is required, and orders must be accompanied by cash, cheque, or compradore order payable to SZE WAI & CO.

Please apply for prices of other descriptions of coal for bunker, factory, and other purposes.

TELEPHONE No. C. 5009.

SZE WAI & CO.

42, BONHAM STRAND WEST HONG KONG.



Parfumerie Parigaud

PARIS.

"Un Air Embaume"

EXCELLENT SCENT.

Most Popular & Famous Perfume.

OBTAINABLE AT

All Drugs, Chemists and Leading Stores.

AGENTS:

VICENTE ATENZA & CO.

No. 54, NATHAN ROAD,

KOWLOON.

TEL. K. 155.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CYMEITHAS DEW SANT
(HONG KONG)
ST. DAVID'S SOCIETY.
HONG KONG.

THE ANNUAL DINNER of the Society will be held at LANE, CLAYFORD'S RESTAURANT on SATURDAY, MARCH 1, at 8 p.m. Members intending to be present who have not already notified the Secretary are requested to communicate with Mr. E. R. PRICE, c/o H. K. GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. No tickets are being issued. [9099]

G. R.

HONG KONG TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

THE INSTITUTE WILL RE-OPEN on MONDAY, MARCH 3rd. Students joining Classes held at Queen's College or the Education Department Office Only, those joining Classes held at the CENTRAL British School, Kowloon, will be enrolled at that SCHOOL. ENTRY FORMS and Copies of PROSPECTUS may be obtained at the EDUCATION DEPARTMENT or at the CENTRAL BRITISH SCHOOL. [9098]

HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Society will be held at the "CHEER O" CANTEN on MONDAY, MARCH 3, at 11.15 a.m.

UNION WATERBOAT CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTY FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the OFFICES of Messrs. DODWELL & COMPANY, LIMITED, on MONDAY, 10th MARCH, 1930, at 11 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st DECEMBER, 1929.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st MARCH to 10th MARCH, 1930, Both Dates inclusive.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

General Managers. [9097]

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by a Resolution of the Board of Directors of CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD., made on the THIRTIETH INSTANT, A CALL of ONE DOLLAR Per Share has been made upon the Members of the Company payable on or before the TWENTIETH DAY of MAY, 1930, to the Company's Bankers, THE HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, at Hong Kong.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1930

By Order of the Board,
HERBERT R. STUBT,
Manager and Secretary. [9091]

TSINGTAU

"ERIN HOUSE"

"ARDEE HOUSE"

FINEST class Private British Hotel. Sunny position—Delightful views. Near Sea. Excellent cuisine and all Home comforts.

Telegraphic Ad. "HARRIS" [9054]
P.O. Box No. 45.

INTIMATIONS.

THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Company's Office, P. & O. BUILDING, on WEDNESDAY 12th MARCH, 1930, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st DECEMBER 1929, and electing Directors and Auditors.

THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be CLOSED from 28th FEBRUARY 1930 to 12th MARCH 1930, Both Dates inclusive, during which Period No Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.
Hong Kong, 19th Feb., 1930. [9055]

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-FOURTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Company's TOWN OFFICE, 2, LOWER ALBERT ROAD, on FRIDAY, 14th MARCH, 1930, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ending 31st DECEMBER, 1929, declaring a Dividend and re-electing Directors and Auditors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. D. THOMSON,
Acting Secretary.
Hong Kong, 23rd Feb., 1930. [9074]

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED, will be held at the Office of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Hong Kong, on TUESDAY, 18th MARCH, 1930, at 12 O'CLOCK NOON, to transact the Ordinary Business of the Company.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 4th to TUESDAY, the 18th MARCH, 1930, Both Dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. F. SIMMONS,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 24th Feb., 1930. [9067]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 41st ANNUAL MEETING or SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the Company, 8, GEORGE'S BUILDING, CHATER ROAD, Victoria, Hong Kong, on WEDNESDAY the 19th DAY of MARCH, 1930, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Directors for the year ended 31st DECEMBER 1929.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, 27th MARCH, 1930, to WEDNESDAY, 19th MARCH, 1930, Both Dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
Hong Kong, 20th Feb., 1930. [9068]

FOR THE RACES

THE SPORT OF KINGS—

FINE CHAMPAGNES

THE KING OF WINES!

"DE" ST. MARCEAUX & CO.
REIMS

(Vintage 1920)

Vin Brut and Very Dry.

Per Dozen Qts. ... \$104.00

" " Pints ... \$ 54.00

AYALA & CO. (Vintage)

Per Dozen Qts. ... \$95.00

" " Pints ... \$50.00

"GOLDEN GUINEA"

Sparkling Muscatel.

Per Dozen Qts. ... \$65.00

" " Pints ... \$35.00

A. S. WATSON
& CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

PHONE C. 616.

THE HONG KONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

AMENDED NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held in the BOARD ROOM of Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Ltd., P. & O. BUILDING, VICTORIA, HONG KONG, on TUESDAY, 4th MARCH, 1930, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend and Electing Directors and Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY to TUESDAY, 4th MARCH, 1930, Both Dates inclusive, during which Period No Transfer of Shares can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN ARNOLD,
Secretary.

THE HONG KONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the HONG KONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED, will, on the requisition of Sir ROBERT HO, T. N. CHAU, M. K. LO, T. N. CHAU, as Executors of CHAU SHIU KI deceased, KENNETH CHAN as Trustee of CHAN KAI MING deceased, TUNG CHUNG WEI, LI KOON CHUNG, WONG YUN TONG and C. A. D. ROZA, being Shareholders holding in the Aggregate Upwards of 1/10th of the Issued Share Capital of the Company in pursuance of Article 85 of the Articles of Association of the Company and in exercise of the power conferred by Section 67 of the Companies Ordinance 1911 BE HELD in the BOARD ROOM of Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., LIMITED, P. & O. BUILDING, VICTORIA, HONG KONG, on TUESDAY, the 4th DAY of MARCH, 1930, immediately after the Conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.

"For the purpose of considering the general policy of the Company in regard to its farming out of the 'Clippers' freight and passage money of its steamers and to the recent 'tenders sent in to the Company in respect thereof, and for the purpose of passing such Resolutions in relation thereto as may be thought fit."

Dated this 17th day of February, 1930.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN ARNOLD,
Secretary.

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.30 p.m., stated—

Pressure is highest over N. China and Manchuria. A shallow depression is shown over Indo-China. Moderate monsoon along the S.E. Coast of China. Light to moderate E. to S.E. winds along the S. Coast. Coastal fog.

Local Forecast:—S.E. winds, moderate, generally cloudy, some rain later.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. Central 12.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. Central 4511.
London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, FEBRUARY 28, 1930.

CITIZENSHIP IN KOWLOON.

THIS evening the tenth annual meeting will be held of the Association formed to protect and advance the interests of residents in Kowloon. It is a meeting which should be well supported, for all persons interested in Kowloon are invited to attend the proceedings, whether actual members of the Association or not. Membership does not involve any serious financial responsibility, since the annual subscription is only two dollars, but even if it were ten every Kowloon resident with any sense of citizenship should belong to it. There is no direct method by which residents of this Colony can express approval or otherwise of administrative acts of commission and omission. There is no appeal to the people for expressions of confidence in the Government and its policies—no standing machinery whereby the community can either challenge or support the acts of those administering the affairs of the Colony. The Kowloon Residents' Association, therefore, meets a very real need by providing a channel of communication between governors and governed. Through this medium it is possible for residents in Kowloon to convey their views to the authorities in regard to the conduct of public affairs on that side of the harbour. Just as the Chamber of Commerce is in a position to lay the views of business-men before the Government, either when asked to do so or on its own initiative, so is the Kowloon Residents' Association in a position to act as a representative body when it is desired to know—or make known—the opinion of Kowloon residents on matters affecting their interests. The Association is a cosmopolitan one, and not only its membership list but its executive officers and general committee include men of all nationalities. It is, in a sense, a little League of Nations, and it is good to see an international organisation of this character working harmoniously for the general welfare. And not only in harmony, but unselfishly—giving time and thought to questions affecting not persons individually but citizens collectively. It is not every man who is capable—even when disposed of doing public work of this character, but the least one can do is to support, financially and by attending the annual meeting, those who do give up their time to work for the benefit of the community.

During the past year the Kowloon Residents' Association has been in communication with various Government Departments in connection with a variety of subjects of immediate concern to residents in the district. One matter of very great interest to parents is that of children's playgrounds—both the poor apology already existing, and the improved one proposed. Kowloon is very badly provided with suitable open spaces in which children can play, with the result that most of them indulge in their games in the streets. Motorists more than most other people realise the grave danger of this practice, but until proper playgrounds are provided children will and must continue to play in the streets, with the constant risk of serious accident which even the most careful driver may be unable to avoid. The Committee of the K.R.A. has made a series of most useful and practical suggestions to the Public Works Department relating to the proposed new playground in Middle Road.

Whether these suggestions will be taken up and acted upon we shall see in due course. At the moment there is no bustling activity to be observed on or about the vacant plot below Signal Hill, and unless the work is expedited considerably some of the children this scheme was originally intended to benefit will have grown up and become parents themselves! Official machinery works very slowly at best, but under the stimulating influence of the Kowloon Residents' Association it may speed up slightly. Whatever plans are eventually decided upon, the new playground cannot be other than a great improvement upon the present wretched travesty of a recreation-ground—a dirty, dismal patch which is an eyesore instead of the ornament it should be.

Various suggestions in regard to traffic control have been made by K.R.A. during the past year, all of them sound and practical. We note, however, that one proposal which was acted upon by the police some months ago has been allowed to lapse. The Committee last summer pointed out the advisability of preventing rickshaw-pullers from taking "short-cuts" to the Star Ferry by crossing three lines of fast-moving motor traffic. The danger was recently commented upon in our columns, but we did not then know that the Deputy Superintendent of Police had declared as far back as July that the so-called "one way" system had been put into force. If it was, it is certainly not enforced now, and rickshawmen still take what they consider to be a "short cut," even though it is a most dangerous one. "Noises in residential areas" is another matter which has been taken up by the Committee, and for which all peaceful, law-abiding citizens will be grateful. Crackers, drums, gongs, and motor-horns figure on this list, as do gramophones and pianos. It appears that the playing even of what Western ears are melodious musical instruments does not at any time come into the category of officially-recognised "noises." However much people may be disturbed or annoyed by such "music" at any hour of the day or night, the police have no power or authority to take summary action against the offender. The Committee of the Kowloon Residents' Association suggest the existing law be amended so as to include these nocturnal—and usually banachalian—noises as "nuisances." In the interests of less selfish residents, and as a means of compelling the unmannerly minority to be more considerate of their neighbours, we hope the Committee's recommendations will be acted upon. The scandalous manner in which some people raucously disturb the otherwise silent watches of the night calls for drastic action, and the sooner the police have authority to act the better decent citizens will sleep.

Other matters dealt with during the year include improved facilities for "bus-passengers," abolition of brothels in residential areas, policing arrangements, bathing-beaches, land-concords, water supply, Castle Peak Road, and the problems of traffic and parking at the Star Ferry. The Committee of the K.R.A. are of opinion that the parking of private cars in the area now reserved will not be practicable in the near future, owing to the increasing number of motor-buses, taxis, and cars plying for public hire. They realise, too, that a complete reorganization of the present system of traffic control is imperative, and have submitted to the Colonial Secretary a plan on which are shown the various alterations suggested. The scheme is too elaborate to be dealt with here in detail, but the point of greatest interest to motorists is the proposed parking accommodation for private cars. Briefly, the plan is to convert the land now occupied by a motor-garage and the fire-brigade drill-ground into a car-park—only two minutes' walk from the wharf. "In most cities in the world such parking space would be considered a real boon," says the Committee, anticipating protests from owner-drivers at not being allowed to park so close to the ferry as formerly. We heartily agree; in fact cities are free public parking-places found so close to a busy terminal, and if this plan is a practical one, and is adopted, motorists will have no cause for complaint. This, then, in brief is the work done by the Kowloon Residents' Association during the year, and is a highly creditable record. Even though all the suggestions made have not been acted upon, the authorities have had the advantage of knowing what Kowloon residents consider to be the most useful and urgent needs of that progressive community.

A snake about three feet in length was killed by a dog in a New Territories paddy field last Tuesday. The dog, which was bitten during the fight, died later.

Among the passengers going home on leave on the P. & O. Macedonia on Saturday are Major and Mrs. R. A. Wolfe-Murray and family, Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse, C.I.E., and Mrs. Wodehouse.

Among passengers who left here yesterday by the N.Y.K. s.s. Asama Maru were the well-known jockeys Mr. V. M. Haimovitch, Mr. W. Bowling, Mr. A. David, Mr. C. Encarnacao, Mr. T. L. Wong and Mr. C. Y. Liang.

The Canton Poor Asylum has 3,119 inmates. The institution is carrying on fairly well and the articles manufactured by the inmates sell readily. Funds for the upkeep of the institution largely depend upon donations.

A Chinese returned student from the U.S.A. Mr. Li Chung Chen has been appointed Head of the Bureau of Utilities by the Canton Government. Mr. Li, who is only 29, has been in America for sixteen years and took a degree as Bachelor of Engineering.

A dance is being held in the Gymnasium, Police Headquarters, on Tuesday, March 4, commencing at 8.30 p.m. on behalf of the Ministering Children's League funds. Music will be supplied by the Hong Kong Hotel Dance Band. Tickets are priced at \$1.

A Swatow report states that four prisoners in the local Court escaped from prison one night last week. Taking advantage of the noise of heavy rain they broke a window and got through the aperture. The escape was soon discovered but the prisoners have not been caught.

Owing to foggy conditions outside, several ships which left Hong Kong yesterday anchored outside the harbour. The s.s. Rawalpindi on its way to Hong Kong telegraphed last night that she was anchoring twenty miles from the Colony owing to the fog, but she is expected to be in this morning.

The manager of the Peninsula Hotel made a report to the Police yesterday to the effect that an Indian watchman employed at the Hotel stopped and searched a Chinese night watchman and found that the latter had twenty pounds of butter concealed on his person. The Chinese put up a violent struggle with the Indian and managed to escape.

Mrs. Southorn asks that we remind our readers of the annual meeting of the Benevolent Society, which is to take place on Monday, March 3, at the "Cheer O" Canteen, at 11.15 a.m. Last year's attendance of the general public was very disappointing, and the Committee hopes that this year the meeting will attract a larger number of the Hong Kong public who are interested in social service.

We are informed that the Kailan Mining Administration now maintaining a wireless station on board the steaming Fu Ping at Chinwangtao. The station is equipped with a Marconi 13 K.W. quench-gap set. The wave-length used is the standard 600 metres as used by merchant vessels, and a continuous watch is kept. "V.P.C.Q." and the registered call-sign of the Fu Ping, and the only messages which she will handle will be in connection with the shipping and business of the port of Chinwangtao. No charge will be made for the receipt or despatch of such messages.

One of the most remarkable auction sales for many years will take place in London soon when the contents of nearly 1,000 rooms of the Hotel Cecil, Strand, W.C., are sold. The hotel has been purchased by the Shell-Mex Corporation for £1,500,000. The purchase money does not include the furniture and fittings. Commendatore Giadi, the manager of the hotel, said: "The sale may take a month, for everything has to be sold—hundreds of beds, thousands of knives and forks, ten thousands of plates, and Masonic regalia."

Bishop's World Tour.

That he was only a quarter of an hour out in his estimate of the time it would take him to go round the world on his recent tour was revealed by the Bishop of London at the Albert Hall last month. "It took me nine months," the Bishop said. "When I left in July I said I would be back at 7 o'clock at May 7. Actually, I arrived back at a quarter to seven." In a tribute to Isaac Pitman, whom he compared with the great pioneers Livingstone, Scott and Marconi, the Bishop said "Pitman was a pioneer in commercial education. I am rather proud of the fact that one of my secretaries could I, as a busy man, grapple with my one hundred letters every day, in addition to giving three addresses,—if I had not someone like yourselves to help me with my letters. My two expert shorthand writers help to make life tolerable."

On page 1 to-day will be found the first instalment of an interesting lecture delivered at the University last night by Professor Middleton Smith.

A venerable Mother Superior.

The gold medal of the Municipality of the French Concession, Shanghai was conferred upon the Rev. Mother Sta. Philomene, who, for the past 37 years has been Mother Superior of the Institution of St. Joseph at a reception held last week in the French Consulate-General, the presentation being made by M.N.E. Koehlin, the Consul-General. The Rev. Mother Superior, Ste. Philomene, was born in Europe, France, 80 years ago and, after being educated at Lyons Con. Brevolles, she came to China as a missionary 60 years ago and was one of the pioneers. During this long period, she has only been home twice. She became Mother Superior of the Institution of St. Joseph in 1893 and hundreds of her students now occupy important business and social positions in Shanghai and other parts of China and the Far East. She has devoted herself entirely to her missionary work and in recognition of the services which she had rendered to the Concession and the community, as well as her charitable deeds, that the French Municipal Commission decided to confer upon her, on the occasion of her 80th birthday, the gold medal of the Concession. She is one of the very few who has thus been honoured.

More "Howlers."

Some amusing "howlers" culled from examination-papers of boys at the school, are given in the current issue of the *Ardingly Annals*, the magazine of Ardingly College (Sussex). Asked to describe the character of Edward VII., one boy wrote: "He was a fat man, who changed his trousers every day and loved foreign travel." Others taken from the collection are:—This story is aboriginal. What is tepid water?—Water that comes from the tap. The judge asked the deceased if he had anything to say. The plural of mouse is mouses and of grouse grouce.

A thermos flask is used for making carbon dioxide. I do not think that Elizabeth should have been called Good Queen Bess, because if she had been good she would not have drunk a pint of beer for breakfast every day.

Hydrochloric acid is passed through a thistle funnel.

Of Cromwell one boy wrote: "Cromwell was a very sturdy man. In battle brave and daring. One of his most famous battles was the battle of Hastings; 1066. When he fought King Harold. He also fought a lot in the streets when he was a boy. He was also very cunning in battle. For instance, when he turned and fled for pretence in the battle of Hastings."

Looking Back 25 Years.

The annual meeting of the Kowloon Bowling Green Club was held at the Green last evening. During the past year \$1,000 in debentures has been paid off towards cost of greens, and a considerable reduction has also been made by a number of advances being made over to the Club funds, and the balance will be paid off during the next three months. The membership now stands at 80, as compared with 50 last year, the reduction of the entrance fee for a time having proved a success. The proposed extension and new tennis-courts may have to be reconsidered, owing to a likelihood of the greens being required by the Government for the new King's Park. In the event of this taking place a new site has been offered to the Club, with the same area of ground as the present greens, including the extensions.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, March 1, 1930.

Looking Back 50 Years.

Not many days ago in many parts of the Colony there were posted roughly-written Chinese placards, said to be issued by the "oppressed section" (whoever they may be) of the Chinese of Hong Kong, which emphatically alleged (1) that the magistrates are not officers; (2) that they are dog officers; (3) that they are pig officers; (4) that for no reason whatever they fine unfortunate people who are brought before them; (5) simply out of a desire to deprive them of their money; (6) that everybody hates them; (7) that the only indication the aforesaid "oppressed section" can reasonably look forward to is such stern justice of heaven as will become manifested when the magistrates return to their native land; on their passage to which their tyranny is to be avenged by a whale, which is to swallow them up presumably without a morsel of salt. Whether they are to be afterwards, Jonah-like, disgorged, is the subject upon which the placard alluded does not treat. Indeed, the anger of that poster is such that there are grounds for believing that after their deglutition these unfortunate gentlemen are to be known no more known amongst men. This intangible placard originated, we believe, out of some case or cases at the police-court in which some Chinese were fined for firing crackers on the evidence of the summoning lunkong, the defendants alleging that a miscarriage of justice had taken place.—*Hong Kong Daily Press* February 28, 1930.

"A GOOD BOOK"

A Good Book of Quotations

John Bartlett's FAMILIAR QUOTATIONS. ... \$15.00
A collection of passages, phrases, and proverbs traced to their sources in ancient and modern literature.

A Good Book on China

Rodney Gilbert's THE UNEQUAL TREATIES: CHINA AND THE FOREIGNER. ... \$7.20
This book traces the history of China so far as it has had contact with England and other European countries from the 18th century. The author also brings out effectively the hopelessness and impracticability of the Chinese, resulting in the present chaos.

A Good Biography

Emil Ludwig's LINCOLN. ... \$15.00
A full-length life of the martyred President from his obscure beginnings to his tragic end—told in a penetrating manner.

A Good Book on Art

R. M. Cundall's A HISTORY OF BRITISH WATER COLOUR PAINTING. ... \$17.50
With 64 plates in colour.

A Good World Guide

THE ROUND THE WORLD TRAVELLER. By D. Lorenz. ... \$12.50
A complete summary of practical information. Fully illustrated with maps and photographs.

A Good Book of Poems

AN ANTHOLOGY OF WORLD POETRY. ... \$9.40
Incorporating representative collections of the best poetry of China, Japan, Greece, Rome, Italy, Spain, India, Persia, Arabia, France, Germany, England, Ireland and America.

A Good Book on the Silver Question

Eduard Kann's THE CURRENCIES OF CHINA. ... \$12.50
An investigation of Silver and Gold Transactions affecting China.

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

CONFERENCE TO CONTINUE.

TO PROCEED WITH ORIGINAL PROGRAMME.

OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Feb. 26.

The heads of the delegations to the Naval Conference privately conferred for an hour with Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in the House of Commons this afternoon, and asked whether the Conference had broken down. A prominent personage who was present at the meeting declared laughingly: "No. Any such suggestion is rubbish."

Full Activities.

A Conference communiqué states: The heads of the delegations with the French Ambassador, met the Prime Minister this afternoon to consider the continuation of the work of the Conference. It was arranged, subject to French agreement, that immediately the Conference is able to resume its full activities, the original programme of work will be continued. In the meantime, private conversations among the delegates are continuing, and the work of the technical sub-committees is making good progress.

"Satisfactorily Alive."

Authoritative British quarters regard the communiqué as indicating that the Conference will proceed on original lines as effectively stopping the talk of a Three-Power agreement as against the original idea of a Five-Power treaty, which is still predominant. A British spokesman said: "The Conference is still quite satisfactorily alive."

Government's "Squeezability."

Rugby, Feb. 26. A meeting of the Navy League in London passed a resolution opposing any further reduction of British naval forces. Mr. Winston Churchill, in his speech, strongly criticised the Government's "squeezability" at the Naval Conference, and said that all the other conference Powers were preparing to increase their relative naval strengths. Apparently it was proposed that Great Britain, who led the way for disarmament on sea, land and air, should further diminish not only our actual but still more our relative strength. The size of the American navy did not concern us. We ought to build after hearing the unbiased advice of our naval authorities whatever Parliament considered necessary for our safety. He suggested that agreement could be reached by the delegates tabling their naval programmes for the next five or six years.

COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

TO BE HELD IN JUNE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Feb. 26.

Following the success of the first Colonial Office Conference, held in May, 1927, the Colonial Secretary has decided to summon a second conference with similar objects and constituted on similar lines. The Conference will meet on June 23 and sit for about three weeks. It will be attended by one representative each from as many of the colonies, protectorates and mandated territories as is practicable.

It is hoped that in a large number of cases the Governor will be able to act as the representative of his territory, while in others that some senior official of the territory will be deputed.

The work of the conference will fall under three main headings, namely, colonial development, under which is included the very important question of the working and application of the colonial development fund, the administration of scientific and technical schemes, and problems of colonial administration in general.

Colonial Development Fund.

Replying to questions in the House of Commons, Dr. Drummond Shiels, Under Secretary for the Colonies, said that the conference will consider the question of unofficial representation at a future Colonial Conference.

Answering a question regarding colonial development schemes, Dr. Shiels said that a preliminary application for assistance from the Colonial Development Fund has been made by the High Commissioner for Transport for Kenya and Uganda in connection with a proposal to extend the Kenya-Uganda Railway westwards to the Uganda-Congo border.

Arrangements would be made in the usual way to ensure that plant, machinery, and materials imported into East Africa in connection with any such projects would, save in exceptional circumstances, be of British manufacture and origin.

In regard to Nigeria, no services had yet been arranged to necessitate assistance from the Colonial Development Fund, as that Colony had just floated a new loan to be devoted to works of public utility.

AUSTRALIAN AIR SERVICE.

DUTCH GOVERNMENT AND LANDING FACILITIES.

QUESTIONS IN COMMONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Feb. 26.

In the House of Commons to-day, Commander Kenworthy asked when the establishment of an air mail service between England and Australia was expected and whether arrangements had been made with the Dutch Government for the use by the British machines of the landing-grounds, aerodromes and facilities for flying-boats in the Dutch East Indies.

Mr. F. Montague, the Under-Secretary for Air, replied that he could not give a definite date for the commencement of the England-Australia service, and the answer to the second part of the question was in the negative.

The Government, he added, did not anticipate any trouble in this matter in the negotiations with Holland, especially in view of the fact that the Dutch had been granted facilities by us in Singapore. Commander Kenworthy declared that there was hesitation about the grant of facilities in view of possible reprisals.

Mr. Montague said that there was a good deal of misapprehension in this connection. It was a matter within the jurisdiction of the Government of India, who had hesitated to grant facilities to British as well as Dutch until meteorological, wireless and ground organisation was complete for long flights.

JAPAN REMAINS FIRM.

CHIEF OF STAFF THREATENS TO RESIGN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, Feb. 26.

Admiral Baron Sakamoto, the well-known publicist, writing in the *Hochi* declares that Japan is unable to conceive any solid reason for America's refusal to recognise her claim of seventy per cent. He asserts that the American delegation ought to state its reasons if it insists on maintaining this stand. In this connection there appears to be a feeling in naval circles that Britain ought to attempt to prevail on America to accede to the Japanese claim lest the Conference break up without any concrete achievement, as it is feared that failure to reach an agreement would have the worst effect on the international situation, at the same time damaging British prestige as it would be regarded as showing that British statesmanship is incapable of handling the Conference which Britain convened.

Indicative to Japan's determination to secure seventy per cent. or nothing, Admiral Kanji Kato, Chief of the Naval Staff, has reported that he is prepared to resign on the grounds of his inability to hold himself responsible for the defence of the country if Japan accepts less.

PHILIPPINE INDEPENDENCE MOROS SUPPORT DEMANDS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MANILA, Feb. 26.

A delegation of 40 Moro leaders, representing 35 per cent. of the Moro population, joined with the Christian Philippines in adopting a resolution, expressing their desire for a separate Government for the Philippine people.

The resolution was adopted at the Philippine Independence Congress. Hitherto the Moros have been inclined to oppose the idea of independence.

TEAR BOMBS IN LOS ANGELES.

COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 27.

Several thousand men and women, alleged to be Communists, began a march on the city hall at six in the evening.

Two hundred policemen armed with tear smoke bombs were unable to keep back the demonstrators. The police having been reinforced eventually dispersed the demonstrators who were mostly unemployed and destitute men.

Similar demonstrations occurred in other cities. One hundred and thirty-five were arrested in Chicago, 19 in Seattle, and a in Boston.

BOXER INDEMNITY.

BRITISH NEGOTIATES FOR RETURN.

EXTRALITY QUESTION.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Feb. 26.

The Foreign Secretary stated that the Government are in negotiation with the Chinese Government for a return of accumulated and future instalments of the Boxer indemnity to the Chinese Government on terms in harmony with the report of the Advisory Committee set up in 1925.

The Hankow Debentures.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Feb. 26.

In the House of Commons to-day at question time, Mr. Arthur Henderson stated that so far as he was aware there was no default of payment of the interest on debentures on the ex-British concession of Hankow, except in respect of interest for the first half of 1927, which was paid in depreciated notes on the Hankow Central Bank. He had received no communication from British missionary societies in regard to extrality in China.

The Foreign Secretary also stated that the draft of the agreement in regard to the Boxer Indemnity had been reached between His Majesty's Minister, Sir Miles Lampson, and the Chinese Foreign Minister, Dr. C. T. Wang, for the consideration of both Governments, and he was awaiting the text.

MINING DISASTER IN LANCASHIRE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Feb. 27.

Five miners were killed and twenty injured in a colliery explosion followed by fire at Haydock, Lancashire.

AUSTRALIA'S EXPORT TRADE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CANBERRA, Feb. 27.

Mr. Scullin, in a statement on the financial outlook, said the fall in the value of the volume of exportable primary products from Australia in recent months was responsible for the difficulties of the exchange position on London and was accentuated by the fact that market conditions made Australian borrowing in London undesirable. Although exports began to diminish in value sometime ago extensive importing continued, consequently the demand of importers and others on the London funds now exceeded the supply notwithstanding the shipment to London of £17,000,000 of Australian gold since July. The Banks, without pressure from the Government, had taken steps to conserve their London funds and increase the bank rate which was necessary as a corrective. The Government will do its utmost to remedy the position.

NINGCHOW OUT OF DANGER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MELBOURNE, Feb. 27.

There is no danger of severe damage to the s.s. Ningchow, mentioned yesterday, the fire is being extinguished.

AMERICAN COTTON TRADE. NEW SCHEME OF CONTRACTS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.

The Cotton Exchange has adopted an amendment to its bye-laws whereby a new contract is created eliminating the differential between delivery in New York and designated southern markets. The amendment is expected to eliminate New York as a delivery point. Trading under the new contracts begins to-morrow, starting with October contracts. Trading under the old contracts continues until the end of January.

DEATH OF CARDINAL MERRY DEL VAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ROME, Feb. 26.

The death has occurred of Cardinal Raphael Merry Del Val, Pontifical Secretary of State from 1920/4, following an operation.

OVERSEAS RADIO.

A NEW POLICY BY GOVERNMENT.

SAVING TIME AND MONEY.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Feb. 26.

The Postmaster General announced in the House of Commons that the Government had decided upon the policy for overseas telephony by a concentration of the Post Office wireless station at Rugby and the receiving station at Baldock. He referred to the fact that under the late Government the beam wireless system for overseas telegraph had been leased to the Imperial and International Communications Company.

In August last he received a letter from the Communications Company urging that the Government should now decide to work the overseas telephony from the company's stations, beginning with four services to Canada, Australia, South Africa and India. This was one alternative. The other alternative was for the Government to concentrate on the wireless telephone service at the Government station at Rugby, which had for three years worked the service to the United States on a commercial basis.

In deciding between these two alternatives, there were two main issues, firstly, which of the systems would provide the more efficient service and, secondly, which would be the more economical.

Experts' Opinions.

The Government had consulted two independent experts who reported that, apart from further developments, both systems were probably equally capable of providing satisfactory communication between the two points over a given number of hours each day.

As regard future development, the Rugby system was more elastic and, therefore, in this respect offered decided advantages. The second main issue was the financial comparison between the two systems. The concentration at Rugby admitted economy in many directions, particularly in the land line connection with the London trunk exchange. The wireless service required excellent land connections and, by grouping services at one centre such as at Rugby, a smaller number of lines would suffice. As a result of the consideration of all the issues the Government had decided upon a policy of overseas wireless telephony by concentration at the Post Office station at Rugby and the receiving station at Baldock.

TRIAL AFTER 23 YEARS.

A NAPLES DRAMA OF LOVE AND JEALOUSY.

The perpetrator of a wholesale murder of five people who has gone unpunished for twenty-three years, is at last to be brought to justice in Italy. This crime, which was the outcome of slighted love and jealousy, roused great interest at the time from its dramatic setting; and two years later Gabriele D'Annunzio used the "Pastore di Fondi" as one of the secondary characters in his erotic novel, "Forse che Si, forse che No."

In 1907 Vincenzo Antonio di Silvestro, a young shepherd of Fondi, near Naples, fell in love with a beautiful girl of the neighbourhood, Diadiene di Sarro, and the two became engaged. But on the eve of the wedding the girl transferred her affections to another shepherd, Guido di Corso, and refused to fulfil her promise to Di Silvestro. One hot August night the distracted man, armed with a gun, made his way to the hay-loft where Diadiene, her sister, and two farmhands were sleeping. Making a hole in the wall, he fired at the girl, killing her on the spot. He then set fire to the hay-loft and stood by, singing a love-song at the top of his voice while the other sleepers were burnt to death.

Roused by the turmoil, Diadiene's brother and her new lover, Guido di Corso, came running to the scene. Di Silvestro fired at them, killing his rival and wounding the other man. Then, leaving behind him five corpses, as a result of the night's work, he fled, and all efforts to trace him proved fruitless. He seems to have wandered about for some time, but to have settled down finally in another part of the country with a woman, by whom he had four children. A mere chance brought him recently into contact with the carabinieri, who recognised and arrested him. In attempting to escape Di Silvestro fell, breaking both his legs. He is now in the prison hospital, but as soon as he has recovered he will be brought to trial.

THE FRENCH CRISIS.

M. TARDIEU TO FORM CABINET.

POINCARÉ'S FUTURE PLANS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Feb. 26.

M. Poincaré has intervened in the negotiations for the formation of the Tardieu Cabinet, and to-day interviewed M. Bénard, the ex-War Minister and prominent member of the Radical Party in the Senate.

It is noteworthy that M. Poincaré, as soon as his health permits, is undoubtedly prepared to resume the responsibilities of Government, if called upon.

PARIS, Feb. 26.

M. Tardieu has accepted the invitation to form a Cabinet.

NO DUTY ON SILVER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, Feb. 26.

The Finance Minister Mr. T. V. Soong has issued a statement to the effect that the Government have decided not to impose import duty or any other restriction on silver.

DIFFICULTIES OF KWANGSI CAMPAIGN.

PLAIN-CLOTHES CONTINGENT ROUTED.

It is reported from Wuchow that a number of plain-clothes Kwangsi troops appeared in Mongkiang on Wednesday and were in conflict with the Cantonese troops under Heung Hon Ping. They were eventually repulsed and the victors are now nearing Sunchow.

The Canton gunboats which are at anchor at Pingnam have made no further advance as mines have been laid by the Kwangsi troops between Tai Wong Kiang and Sunchow. Troops in Watlam and Paklam have been instructed to advance towards Kweichow.

The "Ironside" are reported to have left Southern Kwangtung to attack the Cantonese troops in Watlam and Paklam. As to the situation on the Kwei River, no fighting is reported between Pei Chung Hsi's troops and the Nanking contingent.

A military expert told Pressmen that the campaign against the "rebels" in Kwangsi is proving very difficult on account of the enemy's very uncertain movements. For several months, they have been harassing the Cantonese troops and it is difficult to predict when the strife will come to an end.

Telegram in Brief.

Rugby, Feb. 26.—The new sugar exchange was officially opened at Liverpool by the Lord-Mayor to-day.

Nanking, Feb. 26.—The Central Political Council has appointed Ho Ying Ching to be Minister of War, Ma Fu Hsiang as chairman of Anhui Provincial Government and Ko Ching En as Mayor of Tsingtau.

Jerusalem, Feb. 26.—Mr. Van Lear Black, the millionaire airman and newspaper magnate, is now engaged on a flight to the Far East. He arrived at Gaza to-day and is leaving for Baghdad on Friday.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The Senate has passed a resolution calling on the Secretary of Agriculture to submit recommendations regarding the price of cotton and wheat. The recommendations may even go to the extent of the temporary closing of the exchanges.

Prague, Feb. 26.—On the occasion of the eightieth birthday on March 7 of President Masaryk, the first President of the Republic, Parliament has voted him a personal gift of over 212,000. President Masaryk, who was the son of a coachman, started life as an employee of a Viennese locksmith.

The Hague, Feb. 26.—The Board of the Billiton Tin Mines has issued a statement saying that although the Dutch East Indies tin producers have maintained a fairly stabilised rate of production during the last few years, the Company is disposed, in the general interest, to fix production for the next working year on the basis of the mean production in the last three years. This will mean a fairly substantial reduction compared with last year.

SITUATION IN THE NORTH.

CHIANG'S ULTIMATUM TO YEN.

FURTHER REPORTS OF FIGHTING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, Feb. 26.

In a telegram to Marshal Yen Hsi Shan, President Chiang Kai Shek states that this is positively his last communication to the Shansi leader, inasmuch as the National Government will shortly take drastic measures against Yen. The situation is considered critical. A punitive mandate against Yen is being drafted and will be issued in one or two days.

Battle at Tangshan.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 27.

Fighting between the Nanking troops under Ku Tsu Tung and Shih Yu San's troops is still raging at Tangshan. Fighting has also taken place between Liu Chih's Nanking troops and the Shansi troops between Yangshan and Tachow.

A Peking report says that there are three divisions of the Shansi troops at Tachow, who are about to march on Yangshan to assist Shih Yu San's troops.

To Attack Hankow.

Five divisions of the Kuomintang are striking southward from Shansi to attack Hankow. They are now threatening Siangyang in Western Hupeh, which is held by Ho Cheng Chun's Nanking troops.

Yen Notifies Legations.

Acting on Yen Hsi Shan's orders, the Legations here have informed the Legations that as the 3rd Congress of the Kuomintang was illegally held, the public has been dissatisfied. Hence Yen has requested Chiang Kai Shek to retire. If Chiang refuses, military force will be resorted to. The Legations are assured that life and property of foreign residents will be fully protected.

Feng Meets Yen.

Peking, Feb. 27. Chinese reports from Taiyuan state that Feng Yu Hsiang arrived there yesterday. Yen Hsi Shan and other Shansi leaders welcomed him. Preparations are proceeding at Taiyuan for the departure of Yen Hsi Shan presumably for Peking. The movement of the Shansi divisions to the Yellow River continues.

Extensive Anti-Nanking Movements.

[FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

SHANGHAI, Feb. 27. Although fighting has actually taken place in the last few days in Shanghai and on the Lungkai Railway, general hostilities are not regarded to have begun. The Nanking Government is drafting a declaration of war against Marshal Yen Hsi Shan.

Extensive anti-Nanking military movements are not only confined to the northern province, but also in Szechuan, Yunnan, and Kweichow. This civil war is regarded as the biggest in China since the inauguration of the Republic. The attitude of General Chang Hsueh Liang, the Manchurian warlord, seems still obscure, but it is reliably reported that he has promised military support to Marshal Yen.

Marshal Yen is preparing to establish a "Provincial Central Government" at Peking, and it is probable that he may withdraw his recognition of the Kuomintang flag.

HUNAN DESERTS NANKING.

HO CHIEN AGAINST CHIANG KAI SHEK.

KWANGTUNG-KWANGSI PEACE FORESHADOWED.

[FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Feb. 27.

General Ho Chien, the Military Governor of Hunan, is evidently going over to the anti-Nanking party, for he has added his name to a proclamation jointly issued from Taiyuanfu against Nanking, by over 40 anti-Nanking Generals, including Yen Hsi Shan, Feng Yu Hsiang and Li Tsung Jen.

General Ho Chien's defection has long been expected by Canton, and this has been one of the reasons why a number of Kwangtung Generals have urged the cessation of the Kwangsi war.

Two important Kwangsi men (formerly Marshal Li Tsai Hsin's subordinates) have made a strong appeal that in view of the upheaval in the North, the alliance between the Liang Kwang provinces should be restored. They add that it is foolish for either side to attempt to conquer the other, and such attempts must result in fruitless and incessant campaigns.

Their suggestion is said to have weighed with General Chen Ming Shu, who is despatching two special delegates to Wuchow to consult with General Chen Tai Tong. General Chen Tai Tong is reported to have favoured this policy for some time and his response to General Chen Ming Shu's advance will be waited with interest.

According to many observers, a rapprochement between Kwangtung and Kwangsi would not be difficult, as most of the present Cantonese leaders and the chief Kwangsi generals were formerly under Marshal Li Tsai Hsin.

What of the Ironsides?

But how will it affect the "Ironside" if a compromise be reached? This is the problem which has seriously engaged the Cantonese leaders.

The unwillingness of a number of Cantonese generals to continue the Kwangsi campaign is a matter of common report, but the Kwangsi "Ironside" coalition will exploit the Northern developments to press the Cantonese forces, if peace negotiations should fail.

Tang Sang Chi Coming South.

Meanwhile an interesting report to hand states that General Tang Sang Chi, who played an important role in the Kuomintang-Nanking war last year, and was lately dismissed by Nanking, is on his way South. It is believed that he will try to re-establish his position in Hunan, which was formerly his domain, and where a number of local commanders are anxious to welcome him.

AN AVIATION TRAGEDY.

The dead bodies of the two missing aviators, Messrs. Shao Hsiang Chiao and Shih Han Chiao were found, inside their wrecked aeroplane, on the Lo Chia Mountain in Liling district, Hunan. They left Hankow for Canton several months ago and were not heard of again.

DRASTIC ACTION AGAINST BIAS BAY.

The Canton gunboat Man Sang has wirelessed to Naval Headquarters that drastic action has been taken against the Bias Bay pirates, and, at present, "all is quiet" in that troubled district.



CARR'S STANDARD ASSORTED BISCUITS

Not too plain, not too sweet, are the world famous kinds of biscuits which compose Carr's Standard Assorted Biscuits. They include Nice, Petit Bourne, Marie which are the good old standard kinds of which one never grows tired. Ask for and see that you get CARR'S BISCUITS made by the oldest House in the trade.

Made by **CARR'S** of Carlisle ENGLAND

Sports News

CRICKET NOTES.

"THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON."

Last Saturday games settled the Championship of the League and the Kowloon Club is to be congratulated on having won the shield. At the beginning of the season and before I knew A. W. Ramsay would play for the side, or that Frank Goodwin would be back so soon, I thought that their bowling weakness would spoil their chances. And, in this connection, it is interesting to note that they drew their first two games with the Navy and the Civil Service, although both these teams are among the weakest in the League. Since that time, however, they have never looked back and their victory yesterday over the University at Pokfulam has put the crown on an excellent season's work. As I expected, they saw off the University easily enough. Anderson and Osman alone did anything for the home side. F. Zimmern is in his best form just now and is playing free and forcing cricket. If the Colony do send a side to Shanghai in May I trust Zimmern will bat in this way in the Trials rather than playing the Goose game, which he cannot do successfully anyway! If he can reproduce his League form I should say he would be a certainty, as a reserve wicket keeper is always very useful, especially if Pearce's hands were to get damaged.

Reverting to the Kowloon Cricket Club, the great secret of their success has been the balanced nature of their side. There was always someone or other who came off. The two Finchers, Ramsay, and Zimmern did so well for their side that it was seldom necessary for Brace to bat. And, when it was necessary, he rattled up runs very nicely. Lawrence too on his day was useful. He always scores quickly because his style is so unorthodox that he gets out at once, if he fails to connect with the ball. In the bowling, speaking from memory, I should say that Ross has done better than he has for some years. The better wicket and the long wet spell have prevented Brace from bringing off any of the sensational bowling performances of last year, but he has been useful. A. T. Lee when bowling a length to my mind is one of the hardest bowlers in the Colony to play. He must concentrate on accuracy. Goodwin came back at the end, and seem to be bowling as successfully as usual.

Debate on Club Ground.
The Army were without the K.O.S.B.—Major Crane and W. A. H. Maxwell—but Musson, Wyatt and Captain Reynolds all could turn out. Musson and Reynolds both failed with the bat and apart from Wyatt's 19, Joyce and McGowan with 21 and 22 respectively alone enabled them to reach the century. Set with 108 to get, it looked all Lombard Street to a China orange on the H.K.C.C., even though Pearce was not playing. It was at this juncture however that Musson and Colonel Wyatt elected to bring off a wonderful feat of bowling. After Christian had bowled his usual two overs, which gave away 18 runs, the other two ran through the Club's side for a further 42. Musson taking 5 for 23 and Wyatt 5 for 14. It was, of course, a collapse on the part of the Club combined with good bowling. In a way, I am very glad to see the Army win, as their team has experienced tremendous vicissitudes this year, and I should be very sorry to see them give up their combined first eleven.

A Friendly Match.
A Civil Service "A" team were beaten on their own ground by an Indian "A" team. B. D. Evans, who has been batting very well this year, got 41 for the home side. Their bowling, however, was pretty weak and the Indians won comfortably. The next two Civil Service matches will be very interesting, as, if they could beat the University and the Hong Kong Club (1) they might end up second in the League. It is, however, a very mighty might!

The Volunteer Cricket League.
As usual, many cricket enthusiasts who have no use for playing the ponies took advantage of the week to play cricket. The game on Monday was between the Volunteers and the rest of the League team and I am told (for I was less profitably engaged elsewhere) that the cricket was extremely bright. Zimmern and Mitchell were excellent for the Volunteers. Owen Hughes is having a very bad time with his batting, and was, I believe, bowled off his pads. Set with 203 to get, the Rest team, which was not particularly strong, went out for the runs and Madar and Zimmern all did well. They had however only two wickets to fall and 54 runs to get when stumps were drawn. F. Baker, for the Volunteers, was the most useful bowler, taking 5 for 24.

On Tuesday the game was on the Kowloon Cricket Club's ground where the Volunteers failed rather miserably. E. C. Fincher (who properly belongs to the Volunteer team) was unkind enough to make 49 against them. E. F. Fincher, G. A. B. Hall and George Lee also did well. The batting of the Volunteers broke down horribly, as, apart from Marton's 61, F. Zimmern and "extras" alone got into double figures. They were all out for 116. Hung had four for 23 and Ross four for 23 against the Volunteers. On Wednesday on the Club ground the Volunteers really got going and rattled up 179 against what was about as strong a United Services eleven (with the exception of Captain Reynolds) as could be picked at the present time. Mitchell had a very nice knock, and was well supported by S. V. Gittins and A. Lee. Fincher made a duck. I mention this because I simply cannot remember the last time he did make one in local cricket and I should very much like to know when it was! Commander Baker for the Services at last got going and made forty runs. He has never been able to get the runs that I have always felt sure he ought to have got. How long he will be here next season I don't know, but it is very unfortunate that he is not eligible to play for the Colony in the Inter-club in May. Col. Wyatt and Moseley made a great effort to save the game but in the end the Volunteers won by 18 runs.

The Next Inter-club.
I have just been informed that an invitation has been received from Shanghai and has been accepted. They want us to come up as late as possible in May and I understand is a very vague selection of the 15th of May as the sailing date. This is going to make it pretty hot down here during the practices but I feel sure that this announcement will back up cricket in the Colony, which just at the moment, has been getting a little slack in certain quarters. I don't propose this week to deal with the question of Probables as space is limited and I am trying to find out how much I have won and lost with some Sweep Tickets! I must also hold over until next week the discussion as to whether or no the batsman is stumped when he falls out of his ground and has his wicket broken by the ball bouncing from the wicket-keeper pads without touching his hands. I have on that subject a long and interesting letter from a very able cricketer and hope to go into it fully.

To-morrow.
University are at home to the Civil Service to-morrow and on their own ground may win. I suppose everybody else will go to the Races. Good luck to them!

R. ABBIT.

CIVIL SERVICE TEAMS FOR TO-MORROW.
The following will represent the Civil Service C.C. in League matches against the H.K. University to-morrow:
1st XI. on University ground:—B. D. Evans (Capt.), C. R. Sayer, E. B. Reed, J. E. Richardson, F. Baker, E. W. Hamilton, D. R. Kelly, F. J. de Rome, F. H. Holdman, J. Barrow, D. M. McDougall.
2nd XI. on C.S.C.C. ground:—H. F. Harper (Capt.), R. S. W. Paterson, R. R. Davies, W. H. Edmonds, R. G. Robertson, H. E. Strange, A. H. Oswick, V. Chittenden, V. Freeman, E. Himsforth, J. F. Willmott.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.
TO-DAY'S GAME.
The following will represent the Club v. The Welch Regiment to-day at 5.15 p.m.:—

Back, M. D. Scott; three-quarters, G. P. Lammet, G. W. H. Churchill, C. J. D. Law, G. E. R. Divett; half-backs, I. A. Ross, J. L. Bonnar; forwards (from), D. L. Milne, Day, A. D. Suttil, R. I. Cherrill, E. R. West, F. R. Burch, B. P. Massey, Lieut. A. O. Swayne, W. E. Peers, A. R. Cox, and C. F. Rees.

Referee: Major Caddell.
This game will take place only if the transport remains in port long enough to enable the match to be played at the stated time.

HOCKEY.
The following will represent the Hong Kong Hockey Club "A" team in their match with H.M.S. Tamar to-day at 5 p.m. at King's Park:—

R. W. Sapsed, T. R. Rowell, G. A. L. Plummer, A. A. R. Botelho, E. G. S. Dale, J. W. Arber, S. J. H. Fox, Major Kerrieh, G. Rankin (Captain), B. L. Upley, and K. H. Bager.

H.K.C.C. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

YESTERDAY'S RESUMPTION.

S. A. RUMJAHN PROGRESSES.

After a break in the earlier part of the week on account of the Races, competition was resumed in earnest yesterday, when many matches were decided. A large number of spectators turned up to watch several of the leading lights in action, and had the satisfaction of seeing all of them in form. There was, however, an absence of any struggles, as the successful aspirants had easy wins.

Kong Too Cheung and Ho Ka Lau, who are making their first attempt for the Open Doubles title, had little difficulty in disposing of Barrow and MacDougall, who took only 5 games out of the three sets. They now meet Ho Wai Hing and Chiu Chun Chiu in the second round whom they are expected to beat.

The Lo Brothers qualified for the third round in the same event by beating the Luk Brothers in straight sets. They now meet the Fincher Brothers to decide who should enter the semi-final. An exceptionally fine match is expected.

In the Open Singles, S. A. Rumjahn accounted for W. C. Hung in straight sets. The latter, however, gave a good account of himself, and throughout the match engaged his more experienced opponent at long base line driving duels, which became an interesting feature of the afternoon. The winner now meets Cheng Chi Wing in the third round. Ng See Cheung also entered the third round in the same event by beating F. H. Kwok who took a set from the winner. The former now meets M. W. Lo.

Several other matches in other events were also decided. The detailed scores follow:—
Open Singles.
S. A. Rumjahn beat W. C. Hung 6-2, 6-3, 6-3.
Ng See Cheung beat F. H. Kwok 6-4, 7-5, 6-2, 6-3.

Open Doubles.
M. K. Lo and M. W. Lo beat Luk Kang Cheung and Luk Ding Cheung 6-1, 6-1, 6-2.
Kong Too Cheung and Ho Ka Lau beat J. Barrow and MacDougall 6-2, 6-2, 6-1.

Club Championship.
H. Mijhoff beat I. S. Harris 6-2, 6-0.
Handicap Singles "A."
S. L. Parsons (owe 1/6) beat G. H. W. Churchill (scr.) 6-3, 6-4.
Rev. Dean Swann (rec. 3/6) beat A. H. Black (owe 1/6) 8-10, 6-2, 6-2.

Handicap Doubles.
T. C. Monaghan and N. L. Raiton (scr.) beat P. W. J. Planner and K. H. Bager (rec. 4/6) 6-4, 4-6, 6-4.
TO-DAY'S MATCHES.
Open Singles.
C. A. L. Rumjahn v. S. E. Green, Luk Ding Cheung v. E. F. Fincher.
M. W. Lo v. J. Barrow.
Open Doubles.
H. D. Rumjahn and S. A. Rumjahn v. E. Zimmern and A. Hamson.
Handicap Singles "A."
H. V. Parker (rec. 2/6) v. Capt. E. C. Etherington (scr.).
Handicap Singles "B."
V. R. Gordon (scr.) v. A. W. Hay Eddie (owe 3/6).
J. R. Collis (rec. 4/6) v. N. L. H. Raiton (owe 3/6).
Handicap Doubles.
E. R. Price and T. J. Price (scr.) v. I. D. Lennox and R. M. Wood (rec. 4/6).

HOME FOOTBALL.
ENGLISH LEAGUE MATCH RESULTS.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Feb. 28.
The following were the results of English League matches played to-day:—
Division I.
Manchester C. 5 Portsmouth 2
Division II.
Bradford C. 3 Bristol C. 1
Division III. (Southern).
Bournemouth... 3 Northampton... 1

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.
READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 11 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor.

WHO IS WORLD'S CHAMPION?

SCOTT-SHARKEY FIGHT LAST NIGHT.

SCOTT CONFIDENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MIAMI, Feb. 27.

"Give love to my wife and kiddies, tell them I bring home the Championship." "Scott's mere set up for me."

With these last words respectively Scott and Sharkey, the fighters, retired to rest. Scott's depression was banished on his arrival. The crews of the cruiser Durban and four destroyers gave the Champion the first British cheers heard after landing. Scott says there will be no doubt about the result if Jack tars could be packed in the ring-side seats, Scott is also pleased with winning thirty shilling at bridge on the eve of the fight.

Special trains are arriving all day long and most elaborate police arrangements for parking have been provided for ten thousand cars.

Scott's task is to ward off dynamic attacks by Sharkey in the early rounds and to put the temperamental sailor into sulks, which often attack him when things do not go right, then jab him silly with a British straight left which is the basis of his boxing.

British Champion's Chances.

MIAMI, FLORIDA, Feb. 28.

Under waving palms, before the most opulent crowd in America, Phil Scott, the British boxing champion, enters the ring at ten (Continued on next Column.)

SHANGHAI RUGGER.

H.M.S. CORNWALL DEFEATS U.S. MARINES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Feb. 27.

After a closely contested and very clean game, H.M.S. Cornwall defeated the 4th U.S. Marines by two tries and a penalty goal against a try.

Score: 1-0-3.

to-morrow evening as the first Briton to fight in the world's heavyweight boxing championship since FitzSimmons, in 1902.

Scott is trained to the minute and weighs 14 stone, 10 lbs. Jack Sharkey weighs 14 stone, 7 lbs. but the latter's loud-voiced ferocity has made him a 5 to 1 favourite.

The bookings, so far, are disappointing, and are very likely to fall far short of the anticipated \$30,000.

There have been sharp words over the referee, Johnson, Scott's manager, fears that the great volume of betting based on Scott being knocked out in a specific round may influence stopping the fight prematurely in favour of Sharkey, but the appointment of Lou Magnolia has given general satisfaction. He has a great reputation for integrity.

It is generally expected that Scott will win if he is erect after seven rounds, as when he is warmed up he will box out Sharkey in the remaining eight.

Tommy Loughran meets the Belgian Pierre Charles and Risiko Mees Campolo at the same tournament.

PREMONITION OF TRAGEDY.

NOT UNCOMMON EXPERIENCE?

The premonition of Mrs. Clare Rennie, of Bletchingley, of the tragic death of her son is the subject of interesting comment by Spiritualists and medical psychologists. The boy was accidentally shot while out shooting, and at the inquest at Reigate the mother stated, "I am psychic, and I knew what was coming." After the verdict was returned she exclaimed, "Oh, I knew it would come, but I could not prevent it."

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle told a reporter: "Love and deep sympathy always make an affinity. There is usually such an affinity between husband and wife. Woman is more sensitive than man, and is more psychic."

An eminent doctor declared that there would naturally be a psychic affinity between people who loved each other, and that would lead to premonitions. A good example of psychic affinity was the close relations that existed between twins. Twins frequently had premonitions concerning each other, and a mother who was very fond of her children would similarly receive premonitions. "Of course, to receive a premonition depends on what a person is doing," he said. "I would not receive a premonition that someone was drowning if I was playing billiards. But if I was sitting down doing nothing, with my mind unoccupied, I might do so."

A remarkable instance of premonition was that of a little boy who was confident that an aeroplane would crash on his aunt's bungalow. He announced his premonition when it was known that an aeroplane was to land near Dukinfield, Cheshire. Later an aeroplane landed twenty yards from the bungalow, killed a boy and injured six others in the sight of 12,000 spectators.



the
ACE
THAT BRINGS
YOU LUCK...
BUT ALL IS NOT LUCK
WITH INDIA TIRES
GOOD JUDGEMENT
WHEN YOU BUY
INDIAS JUST SEEMS
TO BRING YOU LUCK
FOR THOUSANDS
OF MILES

INDIA TIRES
Take the worrying
out of driving...

W. R. LOXLEY & CO.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Tel. C. 2235.

Theatre Royal

TO-NIGHT

**THE
ENGLISH
SINGERS**

Happy Valley Races

The Crowds Will Be Here
TOMORROW!

and so will

JOHNNIE WALKER

Born 1820—Still going Strong!

AGENTS
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co. Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances of Hong Kong.)

Telephone: Central 75.



Money and Markets

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

LAST YEAR'S NETT PROFIT
\$1,100,000.

The Eleventh Ordinary yearly meeting of The Bank of East Asia, Ltd. at its registered office, No. 10, Des Voeux Road Central.

Sir Show-son Chow presided and among those present were:—Messrs. Fung Ping Shan, Li Koon Chun, P. K. Kwok, Wong Yun Tong, Wong Chu Son and Chan Ching Shek, members of the board of directors, and the following shareholders:—Messrs. Pun Hui Cho, Chow Chi Nam, Chin Lin Fong, Lui Ming Fong, Li Tung, K. K. Wong, P. K. Shek, Chan Tse Choy, J. N. Wong, Leung Tsou Hing, Li Pak To, Tam Chung Tsun, Loong Tin Tong, Li Nam Sang, K. K. Lee, Thomas Tam, Tse Shuk Koon, Wong Kut Hing and many others.

THE CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

Addressing the meeting the Chairman said:—

The result of the year's working, including \$401,748.74 brought forward from the previous year, shows a nett profit of \$1,192,927.02 which, I think you will agree with me, is quite satisfactory.

You will observe from the Balance Sheet before you, that the grand total of our assets and liabilities stands at over \$31,000,000 showing an increase of about \$11,000,000 over that of the previous year and indicating the progress made by the Bank during the year under review.

The increase is mainly to be found under the heading of deposits, which, I am glad to be able to say, show steady growth both here and at all our branches.

Expansion of Business.

In keeping with the general expansion of our Bank's business, there is an increase of about \$1,700,000 in our loan account, while the amount of the bills held by us at the end of the year is about \$1,000,000 higher than last year.

We have written off a sum of \$45,790.85 from Bank premises and in addition to the usual depreciation on furniture and fixtures, which include our fine installation of Safe Deposit Boxes in Hong Kong, Shanghai and Kowloon. The directors are seeking your authority to-day to write off a further sum of \$21,256.54. This account will then stand in our books at the nominal sum of \$1.

General Reserve \$1,750,000.

The directors feel no doubt that you will endorse their policy in transferring the sum of \$250,000 to General Reserve thus bringing that account to a total of \$1,750,000.

The total amount of cash available, together with the amount of bullion in transit represents over 70 per cent. of our liabilities on current and deposit accounts.

The directors' recommendation of a dividend of 86 and a bonus of 82 making a total distribution of 88 per share is the same as last year.

Halphong Branch Opened.

Taking advantage of the quiet condition prevailing during the summer, our Chief Manager paid a visit to French Indo-China and the Straits Settlements for the purpose of making preliminary arrangements for establishing branches in these important business centres in the near future. On his return the directors decided to open our own office in Halphong in extension of our fixed policy of providing more facilities for Chinese abroad. I am glad to inform you that this office was duly opened for business on January 15 this year, and the inauguration ceremony was well attended by all sections of the community, including many high officials.

I do not think there is anything that requires my comment except that I wish to express to all members of our staff both here and abroad our great appreciation of the good service which has played so important a part in the successful year's working, which I am now able to lay before you.

I beg to propose the adoption of the report and accounts and after this has been seconded I will endeavour to answer any questions you may wish to ask.

Mr. Pun Hui Cho seconded.

There being no questions the adoption of the report and accounts was carried unanimously.

On the proposition of Mr. Thomas Tam seconded by Mr. Li Nam Sang, Messrs. Percy Smith, Seth, and Fleming were re-elected as the auditors for the ensuing year.

The meeting then terminated with the announcement by the Chairman that dividend warrants would be ready on Friday (to-day).

RUBBER.

TOPE OF MARKET BETTER.

Messrs. Penetreat & Co. have forwarded us the following letter dated January 29 from Messrs. Hornby Hemelryk & Co., Liverpool.

The markets have been somewhat more interesting during the past week, and on balance values are about 1d higher.

There has been some enquiry from the Continent, and home manufacturers have also been in the market to a small extent. Further, the market has received some stimulation from reports that the Dutch East Indian Government favours some scheme of restriction, but that it must be a voluntary scheme introduced and carried through by the Growers.

Our Amsterdam correspondents point out that the wording of the official communiqué is rather vague, and that the Dutch East Indian Government has taken good care not to bind itself. Our friends consider, however, that it is something to know that the Dutch authorities, who produce themselves 6,000 tons per annum, have expressed their willingness to co-operate. The difficulty will be the native production, but it ought to be possible to arrive at some modus operandi acceptable to the Government.

U.S.A. Manufacturers Indifferent.

American manufacturers have not evinced much interest in the market, and they can hardly be expected to do so until the weight of Rubber available shows some signs of easing off. American consumption figures for January are estimated at about 32,000 tons.

The shipments for the current month have undoubtedly been heavy, and when the figures are known early next week, we may have a slight setback, although it has been known for some time that the shipments will be large.

The tone of the market is, to our mind, a little better, and we are inclined to look for a better and much more active market in the early Spring when we consider that forward positions bought at about current prices should show a satisfactory profit.

Stocks:—London 39,984 tons, Liverpool 20,063 tons, a total increase of 923 tons.

Close London last night:—Spot 7 1/4, April/June 7 13/16, July/Sept. 8 1/16, Oct/Dec. 8 5/16, Jan/Dec. 1931 9d, buyers.

Our New York correspondents cabled last night that the market is dull and quiet due to the impending Chinese holidays.

VILLAGE DEFIES CHURCH LAW.

APPEAL TO THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

A tiny parish in Norfolk, with fewer than 300 inhabitants, has entered into a legal battle with the powerful Ecclesiastical Commissioners.

The case will attract the attention and interest of church people in all parts of England, for it is a test case concerning the compulsory union of benefices, which is now being carried out in every English church.

Little Massingham, a picturesque hamlet near to King's Lynn, on the borders of the King's estates at Sandringham, has decided to lodge an appeal before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council against the decree of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners that Little Massingham should be combined with Great Massingham for all church purposes.

Since 1920, when power was given to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners to amalgamate parishes, an enforced union has been decided in 90 instances, and the appeal of Little Massingham, on grounds which many church people consider to be of national importance, is the only one that has been raised.

Why Little Massingham objects to amalgamation is set out by the rector in a statement to the Press. "The benefices of Great and Little Massingham," declares the Rev. F. L. Breckon, "are well endowed with annual revenues of about £250 and £250 respectively. No question, therefore, arises of union for reasons of poverty."

"It is proposed that 2350 of joint tithes shall be alienated for parishes twenty to forty miles distant. Local feeling is very strong that ancient tithes, collected for centuries in the parish, should not be thus arbitrarily taken away. We who are contesting the justice of such an act believe we are raising a question of national importance."

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

New York, Feb. 20.

Market weak. Business done, 3,861,070 shares.

Market weak.	Business done, 3,861,070 shares.	Feb. 20.	Feb. 19.
Adams Express	...	19 20	19 20
Allied Chemical & Dye	...	27 1/2	27 1/2
Allied Rubber & Light	...	40 1/2	40 1/2
American Can	...	140 1/2	140 1/2
American Rolling Mill	...	96 1/2	96 1/2
American Smelting	...	71 7/8	71 7/8
American Tel. & Tel.	...	236 3/4	236 3/4
American Tobacco	...	205 3/4	205 3/4
American Works	...	106 1/2	106 1/2
Armstrong	...	73 1/2	73 1/2
Atlantic Refining	...	59 3/8	59 3/8
Baltimore & Ohio	...	118 1/2	118 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	...	100 1/2	100 1/2
Calumet & Hecla	...	21 1/2	21 1/2
Canadian Pacific Railway	...	21 1/2	21 1/2
Chesapeake Corporation	...	75 3/4	75 3/4
Chicago Rock Island	...	122 1/2	122 1/2
Chrysler	...	37 3/4	37 3/4
Cities Service, Common	...	32 1/2	32 1/2
Columbia Gas & Electric	...	90 1/2	90 1/2
Columbia Graphophone	...	30 1/2	30 1/2
Commercial Salts	...	30 1/2	30 1/2
Commonwealth Southern	...	18 1/2	18 1/2
Consolidated Gas of N. Y.	...	118 1/2	118 1/2
Continental Oil	...	20 1/2	20 1/2
Corn Products	...	90 1/2	90 1/2
Coty, Incorporated	...	18 1/2	18 1/2
Curtis Wright, Common	...	35 1/2	35 1/2
Darwin Chemical	...	126 1/2	126 1/2
De Pont de Nemours	...	208 1/2	208 1/2
Eastman Kodak	...	101 1/2	101 1/2
Electric Bond & Share	...	80 1/2	80 1/2
Ericcson	...	73 1/2	73 1/2
Exxon	...	52 1/2	52 1/2
General Electric	...	42 1/2	42 1/2
General Food	...	94 1/2	94 1/2
General Motors	...	43 1/2	43 1/2
General Railway Signal	...	43 1/2	43 1/2
Gold Dredge	...	80 1/2	80 1/2
Goodrich Rubber	...	80 1/2	80 1/2
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	...	54 1/2	54 1/2
Granby	...	96 1/2	96 1/2
Great Northern Corporation	...	58 1/2	58 1/2
International Cement	...	71 1/2	71 1/2
International Combus. Eng.	...	71 1/2	71 1/2
International Harvester	...	37 1/2	37 1/2
International Nickel	...	37 1/2	37 1/2
International Paper	...	71 1/2	71 1/2
International Tel. & Tel.	...	71 1/2	71 1/2
Johns-Manville	...	130 1/2	130 1/2
Kennecott Copper	...	85 1/2	85 1/2
Lambert	...	27 1/2	27 1/2
Liggett & Myers "B"	...	107 1/2	107 1/2
Macmillan	...	12 1/2	12 1/2
Madison Square Garden	...	12 1/2	12 1/2
Missouri Pacific Common	...	42 1/2	42 1/2
Montgomery Ward	...	27 1/2	27 1/2
Nevada Consolidated Copper	...	13 1/2	13 1/2
New York Central	...	94 1/2	94 1/2
Norfolk & Western Railway	...	57 1/2	57 1/2
Pacific Lighting	...	18 1/2	18 1/2
Packard Motor Car	...	68 1/2	68 1/2
Paramount Famous Lasky	...	18 1/2	18 1/2
Pennsylvania Railway	...	101 1/2	101 1/2
Pennroad Corporation	...	101 1/2	101 1/2
Phillips Petroleum	...	45 1/2	45 1/2
Public Service of N. J.	...	45 1/2	45 1/2
Radio Corporation	...	54 1/2	54 1/2
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	...	54 1/2	54 1/2
Sears Roebuck	...	21 1/2	21 1/2
Shell Union	...	21 1/2	21 1/2
Simmons Company	...	60 1/2	60 1/2
Southern California Edison	...	124 1/2	124 1/2
Southern Pacific Railway	...	122 1/2	122 1/2
Standard Gas & Electric	...	56 1/2	56 1/2
Standard Oil of New Jersey	...	31 1/2	31 1/2
Standard Oil of New York	...	31 1/2	31 1/2
Texas Corporation	...	51 1/2	51 1/2
Texas Gulf Sulphur	...	64 1/2	64 1/2
Tinian Roller Bearing	...	77 1/2	77 1/2
Trans America	...	44 1/2	44 1/2
Union Carbide & Carbon	...	22 1/2	22 1/2
United Aircraft & Transport	...	231 1/2	231 1/2
United Fruit Docks	...	100 1/2	100 1/2
U.S. Realty & Improvement	...	185 1/2	185 1/2
U.S. Steel	...	68 1/2	68 1/2
Vanadium	...	179 1/2	179 1/2
Westinghouse E. & M. Com.	...	179 1/2	179 1/2

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE]

RUGBY, Feb. 20.

Paris	124.26
New York	4.96 1/2
Brussels	34.855
Geneva	25.195
Amsterdam	12.12 1/2
Milan	92.77
Berlin	20.365
Stockholm	18.115
Copenhagen	18.155
Oslo	18.15
Vienna	34.515
Prague	164 1/2
Helsinki	163 1/2
Madrid	39.275
Lisbon	198.25
Athens	275
Bucharest	818
Buenos Aires	5.17/32
Bombay	42 1/2
Shanghai	1/11 1/2
Hong Kong	1/6 1/2
Yokohama	2/9 1/2
Silver (spot)	19 1/2
Silver (forward)	19 1/2

FILL YOUR FOUNTAIN PEN

and write a Obit to 11, Lee House Street

BEFORE YOU SAIL

and order the Weekly Press to be sent to you Overseas. It costs

\$3.75 for three months

\$7.50 for six months

\$15.00 for a year.

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27.

THURSDAY. FEBRUARY 27.							
Buyers	Sellers	Share	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Share	Nominal
Banks							
...	\$1,350	...	...	...	\$1,350	...	...
...	cu. m. div.	2116	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	2162	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	229	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	2162	...	...	...	...	...
\$105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Insurance							
\$745	...	...	...	\$740	...	...	...
\$1.70	...	...	...	\$1.50	...	...	...
T.180	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
\$371	...	...	...	\$320	...	...	...
...	...	M.850	...	...	...	...	...
\$340	...	...	...	\$240	...	...	...
\$880	...	...	...	\$880	...	...	...
Shipping							
...	\$25	...	...	...	...	...	...
\$25	...	\$20	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</

INTIMATIONS.

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

RACE MEETING 1930.

22ND, 24TH, 25TH, 26TH FEBRUARY AND 1ST MARCH, 1930.

ON SATURDAY, 22ND FEBRUARY, the FIRST RACE will be Run at 3 P.M., and on All Other Days at 12 O'CLOCK NOON. On the First Day, the First Race will be Run at 1.30 P.M., and on the Other Four Days at 11.30 A.M.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSEURE.

Members' Badges may be obtained by those Members who have not already received them on Application to the SECRETARY.

Such Badges will also ensure Admission to all Extra Race Meetings during 1930.

Members are Notified that They and Their Ladies must Wear their Badges Prominently Displayed.

No One Without a Badge will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure.

Badges Admitting Non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms (Ladies \$4 and \$16 respectively), are obtainable through the SECRETARY, upon Introduction by a Member, such Member to be Responsible for Payment of all Charges.

Badges Admitting to Members' Enclosure will Not be On Sale at the Race Course.

Members can obtain, upon Application to the SECRETARY, Badges (Limited to Two) for the Free Admission to the Members' Enclosure of Wives, Lady Relatives and Friends. Names must be stated when applying.

On No Pretence will Children be permitted in either Enclosure during the First Four Days of the Meeting.

PUBLIC ENCLOSEURE.

The Price of Admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3 Per Day for All Persons including Ladies, and is Payable at the Gate.

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform are Admitted to the Public Enclosure at \$1 Per Day.

Bookmakers, Tie Tac Men, etc., will Not be Permitted to operate within the Precincts of the Hong Kong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

SERVANTS' PASSES.

Passes for Servants will be issued on Application to Messrs. LYNSTED & DAVIS, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Employers are requested to distribute them with Discrimination and to Endorse their Names on the Passes.

Servants are Not Permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their Duties, but must remain in their Employers' Stables.

Any Persons found loitering with Servants' Passes in their possession will Forfeit the Same and will be Removed from the Enclosure.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,

Secretary.

Hong Kong, 10th Feb., 1930. [9006]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

DRAFT Programmes and Entry Forms for the FIRST EXTRA RACE MEETING to be held on SATURDAY, 8TH MARCH, 1930.

(Weather Permitting), may be obtained at the Race Course, Hong Kong Club, and CAUSEWAY BAY STABLES.

Entries CLOSE at 12 O'CLOCK NOON on MONDAY, 3RD MARCH, 1930. [9053]

HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

THE FINAL DIVIDEND declared for the Year ending 31st December 1929, at the Rate of THREE POUNDS Sterling together with a Bonus of ONE POUND Sterling, is Payable on and after the 24th FEBRUARY, 1930, at the Office of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

By Order of the Board of Directors, A. C. BYNES, Chief Manager. Hong Kong, 22nd Feb., 1930. [9068]

SILICA.

THE SILICA Produced at the PAK SHA WU MINING DISTRICT, WALCHOW, KWONG TUNG, is a Well-known Product, of High Quality, and is supplied to Various Leading Glass-Factories in All Parts of the World. We are Now Working the Mine on a Large Scale, and all Wholesale Business is conducted by the Company.

Any Glass Factory desiring to make Purchases Direct, and Any Persons wishing to take up Agencies for Our Product, are requested to apply to:—

LAM TIT SHANG, General Manager, Tai Lee Mining Co., 25, Chia Loong Street, (3rd Floor), Hong Kong. Telephone: C. 3894.

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME ORIENT.

MORTGAGE BANK AND ESTATE AGENTS.

"PEAK MANSIONS"

Six-roomed & Five-roomed Apartments.

PRINCE EDWARD ROAD, KOWLOON, Detached and Semi-detached Villas. Modern Construction with Garage.

"CAMBAY BUILDINGS"

Flats with Modern Conveniences

INTIMATIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 3rd DAY of MARCH, 1930, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Mong Kok Tai, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
1	Kowloon Island Lot No. 2500.	Prince Edward Road between Yee Street and Tai Yee Street.	As per sale plan.	About 29,850	342	\$3,720

[9082]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 3rd DAY of MARCH, 1930, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Tai Kok Tau, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
2	Kowloon Island Lot No. 2507.	Junction of Portland Street and Tai Kok Tau Street.	As per sale plan.	About 9,800	103	16,276

[9083]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 3rd DAY of MARCH, 1930, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Tai Kok Tau, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
3	Kowloon Island Lot No. 2508.	Junction of Portland Street and Tai Kok Tau Street.	As per sale plan.	About 30,930	46	9,944

[9084]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 3rd DAY of MARCH, 1930, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND near Tsz Wan, D.D. 446, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
4	Tsz Wan Marine Lot No. 1.	Near Tsz Wan, D.D. 446.	As per sale plan.	593,000	1,212	14,560

[9085]

AUSTRIAN OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

KING EDWARD AND THE CENTRAL POWERS.

The eagerly-awaited Austrian official work, "Austria-Hungary's Foreign Policy from the Annexion of Bosnia to the Outbreak of the War, 1908-1914," has been published, and the Austrian Press gives extracts from the eight volumes which the work embraces. Four leading historians, including Professor Srbik, the present Austrian Minister for Education, are responsible for the selection of the 11,900 documents bearing upon Austria's foreign policy in the six years preceding the War. It is explained that in publishing the documents Austria desires to submit to the world official material showing that the thesis of the Central Powers' responsibility for the War is untenable.

The Continental view that King Edward was responsible for a policy for the isolation of the Central Powers is controverted in a record, dated August, 1908, by Count Aehrenthal, then Austrian-Hungarian Foreign Minister, who denies that the King at that time tried to draw Austria away from her German ally.

Britain and Turkey.

The first of the documents dealt with the much-discussed meeting between King Edward and the Emperor Francis Joseph at Ischl. A conversation between Aehrenthal and Sir Charles Hardinge (then Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs), who accompanied King Edward, is quoted. The subject under discussion was the Young Turk movement. Austria, Aehrenthal declared, was pursuing a policy of non-intervention, but, as one of the Great Powers nearest to Turkey, she expected Great Britain to make allowance for that circumstance.

"We desire," said Aehrenthal, "the toleration of Turkey in Europe for want of something better in her place, but should Turkey begin to collapse we will not move a finger to stay this natural process." This policy, he added, was not inspired by Germany, and Austria stood aloof from the rivalries between Great Britain and Germany, especially in regard to naval competition, which Aehrenthal considered dangerous. The conversation was reported by Aehrenthal to Count Szogyenyi, the Austrian Ambassador at Berlin, and he added that Sir Charles Hardinge found it natural that Austria should adhere to her alliance with Germany. In fact, Sir Charles considered that a slackening of this alliance would prove a disaster to the peace of Europe. The same sentiment, Aehrenthal said, was expressed to him by King Edward.

The Annexation of Bosnia.

The London Cabinet's hostile attitude towards the annexation of Bosnia-Herzegovina was later incorrectly connected with King Edward's visit to the Emperor Francis Joseph and the former's supposed attempt to drive a wedge between Austria and Germany. An interesting report of Count Mensdorff, the Austrian Ambassador in London (November 3, 1908), corroborates this. It reveals the sharpness of the unexpected hostility of Great Britain to Austria. Mensdorff quotes a statement by Tittoni to the effect that, if Vienna should refuse the conference demanded by Great Britain, Great Britain would not hesitate to recall her Ambassador from Vienna and to dispatch a squadron to the Adriatic. Mensdorff regarded this possibility as too pessimistic, but nobody, he says, can anticipate correctly what might happen in case of a serious conflict between Austria and Turkey. Mensdorff expresses the view that the reasons for the attitude of King Edward and the British Government were the annexation and the failure of Austria to notify Great Britain of her intentions.

Credit for Lord Grey.

On the whole Great Britain is dealt with in a fairly unprejudiced manner in the work under review. Lord Grey is given credit for friendliness towards Austria, and his support of her is in more than one instance acknowledged. For the rest, its 8,000 pages teem with documents of the highest interest and importance to the historian, not the least interesting being those describing the episode which preceded Austria's annexation of Bosnia-Herzegovina on October 5, 1908. Mr. Izvolsky, the then Russian Foreign Minister, is revealed by the documents as the inspirer of the idea to promote Russia's designs on the Dardanelles by supporting Austria's plans. It was at Buchlau that Aehrenthal obtained Izvolsky's sanction to the annexation—a fact, however, which the Russian Minister later denied. Aehrenthal at the time (September 16, 1908) wrote a Memorandum in which he said that Izvolsky did not hesitate to declare that if Austria should see herself compelled to proceed to annexation, Russia would preserve a friendly attitude towards her action, demanding that Austria for her part should support Russia's claim to the Dardanelles. Izvolsky was taken by surprise by the rapidity with which Aehrenthal

(Continued at foot of next column).

TALES OF BIRDS.

AND SOME SCIENTIFIC EXPERIMENTS.

YOUNG FOLKS' PARTY IN MANCHESTER.

One of the best parties of the year was held recently when the Manchester Literary and Philosophical Society entertained eighty children at 30, George Street.

Unlike other treats arranged at this time of the year there are no Christmas trees, no vocalists, no ventriloquists; even the tea is a sedate affair. And yet one is sure that the children had quite the most satisfying party of their lives.

A Scientific Maskelyne.

Mr. T. A. Coward, who gave the first lecture, could surely interest anybody on birds. And then the lectures are never allowed to degenerate into dullness. Indeed the second lecture, given by Mr. J. M. Nuttall, on some scientific experiments, reminded one somehow, of Mr. Maskelyne. Mr. Nuttall, producing lightning from nowhere, is just as extraordinary as Mr. Maskelyne producing rabbits out of the hat. There is no understanding either of them. Indeed, Mr. Nuttall is slightly more mystifying. All lights, sparks, and colours seem to be at his command. He can get lightning travelling across the room as easily as he can give a pale brown butterfly all the colours of the rainbow. He can ring a bell from a distance of five feet or more. Or, by using X-ray, he can tell what is in your pocket-book—a most useful thing to know. In fact, Mr. Maskelyne is really not in it.

Mr. Coward's method is not so dazzling, for to talk about birds you have to be quiet rather than sensational. Mr. Nuttall gets children interested in science by introducing it as a kind of fairy story. Mr. Coward gets them interested in nature by showing them photographs of birds and adding the fullness of his observation. Thus in talking of the owl he will tell you where it nests and then go on to a story of a "friend" of his who could not abide the housemaid, and eventually attacked her even when she offered it food.

There is the photograph of the bittern holding up the brown stem of its beak so that it looks just like one of the reeds which surround it. Mr. Coward mentioned that when he was in Cheshire the other day he heard two of them booming away in the distance. They used to be very common there a hundred years ago before they were driven out of England. But they are coming back at last, and you can hear them across many of the meres in different parts of the country. Mr. Coward believes we shall soon have them nesting in Cheshire again.

And in talking of Cheshire, Mr. Coward remembers a shelduck there which used to nest inland nine miles away from the sea. Every year it used to lead its young to the coast, and the family could be seen waddling across railway tracks and high roads. Whether they ever arrived no one can tell. Once all the young were found in a barn and were carried back to their nest. But they disappeared two or three days later.

Colour Photographs.

Some of the photographs were in natural colour, so that we were able to see the full glory of such birds as the golden-crested wren, which builds its nest in the form of a kind of hammock slung under the boughs of a tree. Another beautiful nest is the one made by the blue tit, which will sometimes get together as many as 2,000 feathers to line the inside. For peculiarity there is the tree creeper, which nests behind the loose bark of the tree; once Mr. Coward found her nest behind a notice-board. The young of these various birds naturally differ very considerably; some come out of the egg quite naked, and others covered with a thick down. The young of some of the birds which nest on the ground, like the lark, are soon ready for flight, but other species remain a long time in the nest.

In the time at his disposal Mr. Coward could not go fully into all the habits of these birds—the way, for instance, some birds will lead you away from the nest by pretending to be hurt. They will hop off painfully, keeping two yards off, till you are safely away from the young, when they will get up and fly triumphantly away. Perhaps the society will consider a series of lectures for children. There ought to be no lack of support.

proceeded to execute his plans, but, at the same time, he recognized that, notwithstanding Austria's solemn promises, he could not move Great Britain to sanction Russia's wishes in regard to the Dardanelles. On the other hand, Izvolsky's "treachery towards pan-Slavism" kindled a fire over his head in Russia. He moved heaven and earth to free himself from the promises given to Aehrenthal at Buchlau. Aehrenthal, however, as Izvolsky expressed it himself, held him like a criminal firmly by the gullet, and threatened to publish compromising political notes to his undoing.

BERLIN PLAY CENSORED.

"RED EAGLE OF TYROL."

WHEN IS A "STAR" ILL?

Interest in theatrical circles in Berlin has been divided fairly equally between Mussolini, George Kaiser, and Elizabeth Bergner during the past month. This is the zenith of the theatrical season. There are so many new productions that managers welcome any form of sensation or controversy.

"Fly, Red Eagle of Tyrol," by A. Angermeyer, is a South Tyrolean play of warm local colouring and good characterisation. No Italians are seen on the stage, and the action, such as it is, takes place fifty years ago in a frontier inn. The patriotism of the play caused members of the Foreign Office to request the manager to cut certain passages. This came after a complaint had been made from other quarters.

The management firmly pointed out that no censorship existed in Berlin; but out of deference to the feelings of Mussolini and the representatives of his government political censorship has been exercised. Since there is no active reason for suppressing the play, the propaganda is all the more subtle.

Miss Bergner's Breakdown.

Elizabeth Bergner, like her American predecessors, broke down in the intensely long and trying role of "Nina" in "Eugene O'Neill's 'Strange Interlude.' Her sensitive temperament and frail body make it a constant surprise to her many admirers that she should ever be able to play any long part at all. But her director, Dr. Robert Klein, who holds the German rights of "Journey's End," and whose efforts on behalf of the English Players in Germany were responsible for the highly successful tour of this company, had built high hopes upon the box-office draw of his star.

The question of when an actress is really ill and when she is merely suffering from "temperament" agitated the Berlin Press for days. Dr. Klein sent three doctors to examine his leading lady, who one and all declared that she was merely suffering from the natural attributes of stardom: waywardness and a highly-strung temperament. Her own doctors, men of unimpeachable authority, were able to produce proofs of her extremely delicate health and need for rest.

"Victims of the Star."

Public opinion was all for Dr. Klein, who took the Press into his confidence and stated that managers are the victims of their stars. This is the beginning of a German campaign against the star system which has ruined the old repertory companies. In the case of Frau Bergner, an unexpectedly strong public sympathy with the old regime was revealed.



JOHN HAIG & Co. Ltd.
(Incorporated in Scotland)
MARKING, SCOTLAND.

Consumers are requested to see that every bottle of John Haig Gold Label Whisky as supplied by us bears the foot label thus: "Gande Price & Co., Ltd., Sole Agents for Hong Kong."

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.,

St. George's Building, Ice House Street,

Tel. C. 135.

HONG KONG.

Principal Contents.

Hong Kong Races; Police and Sweepstakes; are topics of interest in the "Weekly Press."

The New Governor; Empire Free Trade; Local Sport, are other interesting features.

THE PAPER WITH THE YELLOW COVER.

Price:—30 Cents.

Annual Subscription: Hong Kong, \$13; Post Free to any address, \$15; Quarterly Subscription, \$3.75.

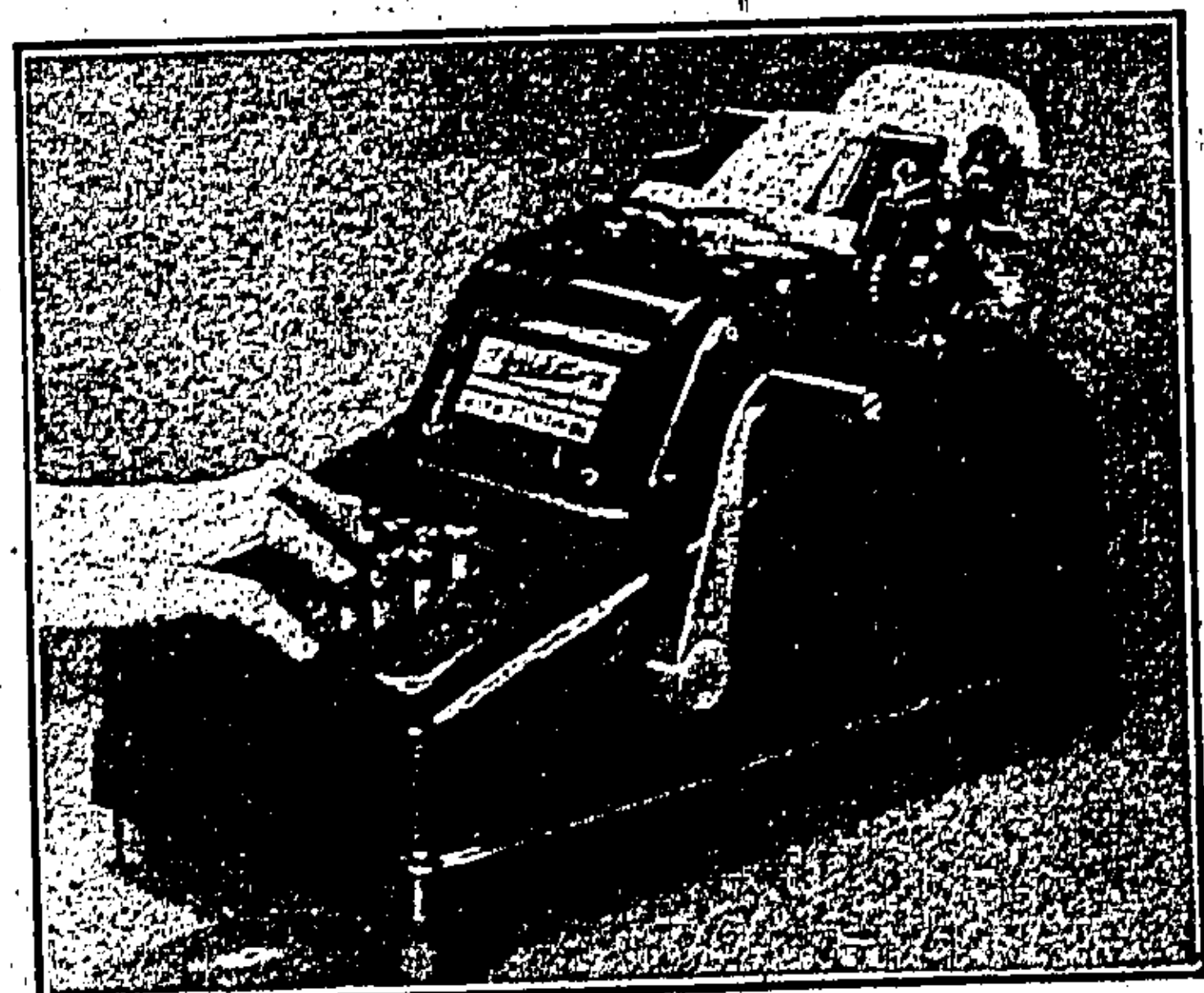
Orders should be sent to the

HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.,

TELEPHONE: C. 12.

11, ICE HOUSE STREET.

Why they use the Sundstrand—Now



These are 12 valuable Sundstrand features

- 1—Key Simplicity
- 2—Portability
- 3—Convenient Desk Use
- 4—One-Hand Control
- 5—Automatic Column Selection
- 6—Speedier Multiplication
- 7—Automatic Sub-Totals
- 8—Plus Correction Features
- 9—Durability-Dependability
- 10—Visible Writing
- 11—Wider Usefulness
- 12—Low Prices

For all the facts, telephone or call on

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

PHONE 1030.

QUEEN'S BUILDING.

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.

AMOI

Haiyang, Douglas, Mar. 1.
Tjisroca, J.C.J.L., Mar. 3.
Antung, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Haining, Douglas, Mar. 4.
Takada, B.I., Mar. 5.
Tjisroca, J.C.J.L., Mar. 6.
Haining, Douglas, Mar. 7.
Antung, B. & S., Mar. 10.
Tjisroca, J.C.J.L., Mar. 17.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Mar. 20.
Talisa, B.I., Mar. 21.

ANTWERP

Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Benares, Gilman's, Mar. 11.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Tapda, E. & A., Feb. 28.
Taiping, B. & S., Mar. 18.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 28.

BALIC PORTS

Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.

BALTIMORE

Clydebank, Bank, Mar. 10.

BANGKOK

Helios, Thoresen, Mar. 2.
Kaying, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Mar. 9.
Kwangchow, B. & S., Mar. 9.
Hiram, Thoresen, Mar. 10.
Hellas, Thoresen, Mar. 23.

BELOWAY DELL

Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Pleasantville, Thoresen, Mar. 18.

BOMBAY

Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Alipore, P. & O., Mar. 19.

BOSTON

Javanese Prince, Furness, Mar. 1.
Tokio Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 3.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Clydebank, Bank, Mar. 10.
British Prince, Furness, Mar. 13.
Taketoyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 14.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.
Japanese Prince, Furness, Mar. 27.

BREMEN

Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.
Frankfurt, Melchers, Mar. 23.

BRINDISI

Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 6.
Col. di Lana, D'well's, Mar. 20.

CALCUTTA

Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 1.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Mar. 3.
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 15.
Suisang, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Tilawa, B.I., Mar. 17.
Talisa, B.I., Mar. 22.

CEBU

Michigan, S.S.S., Mar. 4.
Bellingham, S.S.S., Mar. 20.
Nevada, S.S.S., Mar. 22.
Golden Sun, S.S.S., Mar. 27.

CHEFOO

Sunning, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Kueichow, B. & S., Mar. 7.

COLOMBO

Albert Voegler, Jensen, Feb. 28.
Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 1.
Franken, Melchers, Mar. 2.
Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 4.
Philoctetes, B.F., Mar. 4.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Kashmir, P. & O., Mar. 8.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 10.
Porthos, M.M., Mar. 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Vogland, Jensen, Mar. 14.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Kalyan, P. & O., Mar. 15.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Aeneas, B.F., Mar. 19.
Alipore, P. & O., Mar. 19.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 22.
Frankfurt, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Mar. 25.
Ramses, Jensen, Mar. 25.
Col. di Lana, D'well's, Mar. 28.

COPENHAGEN

Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.

DALNY

Teun, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Mar. 3.
Nanking, Gilman's, Mar. 7.
Sarpedon, B.F., Mar. 8.

DUTCH PORTS

Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Philoctetes, B.F., Mar. 4.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Benares, Gilman's, Mar. 11.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Vogland, Jensen, Mar. 16.
Aeneas, B.F., Mar. 19.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 22.
Ramses, Jensen, Mar. 25.

FOOCHOW

Haiyang, Douglas, Mar. 1.
Haining, Douglas, Mar. 4.
Haining, Douglas, Mar. 7.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Mar. 21.

GENOA

Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 6.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Vogland, Jensen, Mar. 16.
Col. di Lana, D'well's, Mar. 20.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.
Ramses, Jensen, Mar. 25.

GLASGOW

Philoctetes, B.F., Mar. 4.
Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Aeneas, B.F., Mar. 18.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.

GOTHENBURG

Benares, Gilman's, Mar. 11.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW

Taming, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Chengtu, B. & S., Mar. 13.

HAMBURG

Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Philoctetes, B.F., Mar. 4.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
City of Hereford, Bank, Mar. 9.
Benares, Gilman's, Mar. 11.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Vogland, Jensen, Mar. 16.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.
Frankfurt, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Ramses, Jensen, Mar. 25.

HAYRE

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.

HONOLULU

Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9.

ILOILO

Michigan, S.S.S., Mar. 4.
Bellingham, S.S.S., Mar. 20.
Nevada, S.S.S., Mar. 22.
Golden Sun, S.S.S., Mar. 27.

JAPAN PORTS

Main, Melchers, Feb. 28.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Feb. 28.
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
St. Albans, E. & A., Mar. 1.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Duisburg, Jensen, Mar. 2.
Taketoyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 14.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.
Japanese Prince, Furness, Mar. 27.

KASHMIR

Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.
Frankfurt, Melchers, Mar. 23.

KUEICHOW

Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 6.
Col. di Lana, D'well's, Mar. 20.

KUEICHOW

Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 1.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Mar. 3.
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 15.
Suisang, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Tilawa, B.I., Mar. 17.
Talisa, B.I., Mar. 22.

KUEICHOW

Michigan, S.S.S., Mar. 4.
Bellingham, S.S.S., Mar. 20.
Nevada, S.S.S., Mar. 22.
Golden Sun, S.S.S., Mar. 27.

KUEICHOW

Sunning, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Kueichow, B. & S., Mar. 7.

KUEICHOW

Albert Voegler, Jensen, Feb. 28.
Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 1.
Franken, Melchers, Mar. 2.
Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 4.
Philoctetes, B.F., Mar. 4.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Kashmir, P. & O., Mar. 8.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 10.
Porthos, M.M., Mar. 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Vogland, Jensen, Mar. 14.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Kalyan, P. & O., Mar. 15.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Aeneas, B.F., Mar. 19.
Alipore, P. & O., Mar. 19.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 22.
Frankfurt, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Mar. 25.
Ramses, Jensen, Mar. 25.
Col. di Lana, D'well's, Mar. 28.

KUEICHOW

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.

KUEICHOW

Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

KUEICHOW

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

KUEICHOW

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

KUEICHOW

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

KUEICHOW

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

KUEICHOW

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

KUEICHOW

Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

MARSEILLES

Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 1.
Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Kashmir, P. & O., Mar. 8.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Porthos, M.M., Mar. 11.
Kalyan, P. & O., Mar. 15.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Aeneas, B.F., Mar. 18.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 22.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Mar. 25.

NAPLES

Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 22.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Javanese Prince, Furness, Mar. 1.
Tokio Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 3.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Clydebank, Bank, Mar. 10.
British Prince, Furness, Mar. 13.
Taketoyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 14.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.
Japanese Prince, Furness, Mar. 27.

NORTH CHINA

Main, Melchers, Feb. 28.
Duisburg, Jensen, Mar. 2.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Mar. 3.
Nanking, Gilman's, Mar. 7.
Sarpedon, B.F., Mar. 8.
Trier, Melchers, Mar. 14.
Lahn, Melchers, Mar. 22.
Formosa, Gilman's, Mar. 24.

OSLO

Benares, Gilman's, Mar. 11.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.

PANAMA

Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Tokio Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9.
Taketoyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 14.

PENANG

Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 1.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 1.
Yingchow, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Mar. 3.
Antung, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Philoctetes, B.F., Mar. 4.
Taming, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 6.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Kashmir, P. & O., Mar. 8.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Kalyan, P. & O., Mar. 15.
Suisang, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Tilawa, B.I., Mar. 17.
Alipore, P. & O., Mar. 19.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 22.
Talisa, B.I., Mar. 22.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.

PORTLAND

California, S.S.S., Mar. 8.
Suevior, Bank, Mar. 9.
Bronxville, Thoresen, Mar. 20.
Kentucky, S.S.S., Mar. 22.

RANGOON

Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 1.
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.

SAIGON

City of Khios, Bank, Mar. 8.
Porthos, M.M., Mar. 11.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Mar. 25.

SANDAKAN

Tanda, E. & A., Feb. 28.
Hinsang, Jardine's, Mar. 6.
Mansang, Jardine's, Mar. 17.

SAN FRANCISCO

Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9.
Tokio Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 10.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Mar. 11.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Mar. 18.
Bronxville, Thoresen, Mar. 20.
Kentucky, S.S.S., Mar. 22.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Mar. 25.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS

Benares, Gilman's, Mar. 11.
Asia, Manners, Mar. 19.

SEATTLE

Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Mar. 4.
Protestant, B.F., Mar. 6.
Suevior, Bank, Mar. 9.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Mar. 18.
Bronxville, Thoresen, Mar. 20.

SHANGHAI

Chengtu, B. & S., Feb. 28.
Main, Melchers, Feb. 28.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Feb. 28.
Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Chakasang, Jardine's, Mar. 2.
Duisburg, Jensen, Mar. 2.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Oanfa, B.F., Mar. 2.
Suiyang, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Teun, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Africa, Manners, Mar. 3.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Mar. 3.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 4.
Oanfa, B.F., Mar. 4.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Mar. 4.
Romolo, Dodwell's, Mar. 4.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Mar. 5.

SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Kwaishang, Jardine's, Mar. 5.
Nanning, M. & S., Mar. 5.
Chusan, B. & S., Mar. 5.
Nanking, Gilman's, Mar. 7.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 8.
Sarpedon, B.F., Mar. 8.
Foonshing, Jardine's, Mar. 9.
Sinkiang, B. & S., Mar. 9.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 10.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Mar. 10.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Athos II, M.M., Mar. 12.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Mar. 12.
Africa, Manners, Mar. 13.
Carnavonshire, Jardine's, Mar. 14.
Trier, Melchers, Mar. 14.
Sauerland, Jensen, Mar. 16.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Mar. 18.
Calchas, B.F., Mar. 19.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Mar. 19.
Fiume, Dodwell's, Mar. 19.
Nagapore, P. & O., Mar. 19.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Mar. 20.
Lahn, Melchers, Mar. 22.
Formosa, Gilman's, Mar. 24.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Mar. 25.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Mar. 26.
Delhi, Gilman's, Mar. 27.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 28.

SINGAPORE

Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 1.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 1.
Yingchow, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Mar. 3.
Antung, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Franken, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Philoctetes, B.F., Mar. 4.
Taming, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Laomedon, B.F., Mar. 5.
Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 6.
Fulda, Melchers, Mar. 8.
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Kashmir, P. & O., Mar. 8.
Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
City of Hereford, Bank, Mar. 9.
Pres. Fillmore, Dollar, Mar. 9.
Anhui, B. & S., Mar. 10.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 10.
Yuenyang, Jardine's, Mar. 10.
Porthos, M.M., Mar. 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Vogland, Jensen, Mar. 14.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Kalyan, P. & O., Mar. 15.
Suisang, Jardine's, Mar. 15.
Goslar, Melchers, Mar. 16.
Tilawa, B.I., Mar. 17.
Alipore, P. & O., Mar. 19.
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 22.
Talisa, B.I., Mar. 22.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Mar. 23.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.

SWATOW

Haiyang, Douglas, Mar. 1.
Chakasang, Jardine's, Mar. 2.
Helios, Thoresen, Mar. 2.
Kaying, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Suiyang, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Yingchow, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Tjisroca, J.C.J.L., Mar. 3.
Antung, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Haining, Douglas, Mar. 4.
Sunning, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Kwaishang, Jardine's, Mar. 5.
Chusan, B. & S., Mar. 5.
Haining, Douglas, Mar. 7.
Foonshing, Jardine's, Mar. 9.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Mar. 9.
Kwangchow, B. & S., Mar. 9.
Sinkiang, B. & S., Mar. 9.
Anhui, B. & S., Mar. 10.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Mar. 12.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Mar. 13.
Hiram, Thoresen, Mar. 16.
Tjileboet, J.C.J.L., Mar. 18.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Mar. 21.
Hellas, Thoresen, Mar. 23.

TIENTSIN

Sunning, B. & S., Mar. 4.
Kueichow, B. & S., Mar. 7.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Mar. 13.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Mar. 21.

TRIESTE AND VENICE

Esquiline, D'well's, Mar. 6.
Col. di Lana, D'well's, Mar. 20.

TSINGTAO

Chakasang, Jardine's, Mar. 2.
Suiyang, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Kwaishang, Jardine's, Mar. 5.
Foonshing, Jardine's, Mar. 9.
Sinkiang, B. & S., Mar. 9.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Mar. 12.
Trier, Melchers, Mar. 12.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Mar. 5.
Protestant, B.F., Mar. 6.
Suevior, Bank, Mar. 9.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Mar. 19.
Bronxville, Thoresen, Mar. 20.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Shidzuoka Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Mar. 4.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Mar. 5.
Protestant, B.F., Mar. 6.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 11.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Mar. 18.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Mar. 19.

VLADIVOSTOK

Sumatra, Gilman's, Mar. 3.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 8.
Carnavonshire, Jardine's, Mar. 14.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 28.

WEIHAIWEI

Kueichow, B. & S., Mar. 7.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

Aeneas due from Shanghai Mar. 17.
Afrika due from Europe Mar. 18.
Ajax due from Europe Mar. 23.
Albert Voegler arrived from Japan Feb. 27.
Alipore due from Japan Mar. 18.
Asama Maru arrived from Japan Feb. 24.
Asia due from Japan Mar. 19.
Atsuta Maru due from Singapore Mar. 3.
Autolycus due from Europe Mar. 35.
Benares due from Japan Mar. 10.
British Prince due from New York Mar. 12.
Calchas due from Europe Mar. 18.
Carnavonshire due from Europe Mar. 13.
Chenonceaux due from Shanghai Mar. 24.
City of Eastbourne due from New York Mar. 23.
City of Khios due from New York Mar. 3.
City of Pekin due from Europe Mar. 12.
Col. Di Lana due from Shanghai Mar. 25.
D'Artagnan due from Europe Mar. 25.
Delhi due from Europe Mar. 28.
Duisburg due from Singapore Mar. 1, 6 p.m.
Empress of Canada due from Shanghai Mar. 8.
Emp. of Canada due from Shanghai Mar. 8.
Empress of Russia due at Vancouver Mar. 1.
Esquiline due from Shanghai Mar. 6.
Formosa due from Europe Mar. 24.
Franken due from Shanghai Mar. 4.
Fiume due from Europe Mar. 19.
Fulda due from Shanghai Mar. 7.
Glenapp due from Shanghai Mar. 12.
Glenapp due from Europe Mar. 2.
Genoa Maru arrived from Singapore Feb. 28.
Glenapp due from Europe Mar. 27.
Glenapp Maru due from Singapore Mar. 31.
Goslar due from Shanghai Mar. 16.
Hakata Maru due from Singapore Mar. 3.
Haruna Maru due from Japan Mar. 7.
Iraw

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHANGHAI	On 28th Feb.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 2nd Mar.	Daylight
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	On 2nd Mar.	11 a.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	On 2nd Mar.	3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 2nd Mar.	6 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 4th Mar.	Daylight
HONGKONG & SINGAPORE	On 4th Mar.	11 a.m.
SWATOW, AMOY, SWATOW & S'PORE	On 4th Mar.	5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	On 5th Mar.	5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	On 6th Mar.	Daylight
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 7th Mar.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 8th Mar.	Daylight
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	On 9th Mar.	11 a.m.
SWATOW, AMOY, SWATOW & S'PORE	On 10th Mar.	5 p.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & MAIHONG	On 13th Mar.	10 a.m.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Telephone: CENTRAL 36.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

"CHANGTE" & "TAIPING"
THREE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM
HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS
Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports
Excellent & Most Up-to-date First & Second Class Passenger Accommodation.
HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMERS	Days Home Koro	Days to Sail
TAIPING	11th March	18th March
CHANGTE	11th April	18th April
TAIPING	11th May	18th May
CHANGTE	11th June	18th June

For Freight and Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Telephone: CENTRAL 36.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.
The M.S. "ASIA"
on or about
19th MARCH

PORT SAID, DUNKIRK, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,
AMSTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN
AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS—	SHANGHAI, ETC.	CONTINENT, ETC.
M.S. "Afrika"	12th March	12th April
M.S. "Malaya"	3rd April	13th May
M.S. "Danmark"	1st May	11th June
M.S. "Panama"	1st June	10th July
M.S. "Java"	1st July	10th Aug.
M.S. "Asia"	1st August	10th Sept.

(Optional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.
For further particulars, please apply to—

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

MERCANTILE BANK BUILDINGS.
Agents.
Telephone C. 4071.

PRINCE LINE

AUGMENTED SERVICE
SAILINGS EVERY 14 DAYS

TO
BOSTON

AND
NEW YORK

"JAVANESE PRINCE" ... Mar. 1st
"BRITISH PRINCE" ... Mar. 13th
"JAPANESE PRINCE" ... Mar. 27th

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.
For Freight, Passage Rates and Full Particulars, Apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST), LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 3165. (Incorporated in Great Britain)
Telegrams: Furprince. King's Building.



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.
To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.

PORTHOS	11th Mar.	ATHOS II	12th Mar.
CHENONCEAUX	25th Mar.	D'ARTAGNAN	28th Mar.
ATHOS II	8th Apr.	ANGERS	9th Apr.
D'ARTAGNAN	22nd Apr.	SPRING	22nd Apr.
ANGERS	6th May	G. METZINGER	6th May
SPRING	20th May	ANDRE LEBON	20th May
G. METZINGER	3rd June	PORTHOS	3rd June
ANDRE LEBON	17th June	CHENONCEAUX	17th June

We can issue Through Tickets to Port, Strait Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or DUEBOUT.

COMMERCIAL LINE
For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, Oran, Casablanca, Hamburg, Rotterdam.

(Antwerp)
For Full Particulars, apply to—

Cie. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,
2, Queen's Building.
Telephone: C. 651 and 740.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	FEBRUARY 26, 1930.										FEBRUARY 27, 1930.									
	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer at Sea Level	Thermometer at Surface	Thermometer at 1000 ft	Thermometer at 2000 ft	Thermometer at 3000 ft	Thermometer at 4000 ft	Thermometer at 5000 ft	Thermometer at 6000 ft	Thermometer at 7000 ft	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer at Sea Level	Thermometer at Surface	Thermometer at 1000 ft	Thermometer at 2000 ft	Thermometer at 3000 ft	Thermometer at 4000 ft	Thermometer at 5000 ft	Thermometer at 6000 ft	Thermometer at 7000 ft
Wladivostok	12	30.21	76.4	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	30.31	76.9	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nemuro	11	29.98	76.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	30.14	76.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hokodate	...	30.02	76.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.10	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tokio	...	29.94	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	75.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kochi	...	29.84	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.84	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ngasaki	...	29.65	75.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	76.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	...	29.69	75.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.92	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	29.80	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.98	76.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	29.86	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.02	76.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	...	29.88	75.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.96	76.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	...	29.98	76.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.96	76.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	13	29.83	75.7	86	90	...	...	...	...	...	6	30.17	76.3	34	90	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	29.81	75.7	55	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.13	76.3	43	88	...	...	...	...	...
Gatun	...	29.83	75.7	50	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.17	76.3	42	92	...	...	...	...	...
Sharp Peak	...	29.73	75.1	70	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.96	76.1	94	92	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	...	29.83	75.7	71	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.95	76.0	63	100	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	29.79	75.6	70	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.89	75.9	67	100	...	...	...	...	...
Taiheku	11	29.81	75.7	82	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.95	76.0	68	94	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	...	29.93	76.0	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.93	76.1	70	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taiwan	...	29.91	75.8	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.91	75.8	66	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshun	...	29.87	75.7	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	75.7	77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	29.91	75.8	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.91	75.8	72	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	14	29.80	75.6	74	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	75.6	70	96	...	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	...	29.82	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macao	...	29.76	75.6	70	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.85	75.5	68	100	...	...	...	...	...
Holbox	...	29.84	75.7	80	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.92	75.9	73	95	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	...	29.69	75.4	82	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	75.7	68	100	...	...	...	...	...
Phulien	16	29.75	75.7	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	75.6	77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tourane	...	29.82	75.7	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	75.8	73	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	...	29.82	75.7	84	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.93	76.0	68	94	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	14	29.80	75.6	84	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.93	76.0	73	94	...	...	...	...	...
Aparri	...	29.76	75.6	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	75.8	75	76	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	29.80	75.6	88	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.89	75.9	72	88	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.80	75.6	90	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.89	75.9	73	96	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.81	75.7	86	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.91	75.9	81	94	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.82	75.7	84	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.91	75.9	81	94	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	29.82	75.7	84	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.91	75.9	81	94	...	...	...	...	...
Tacloban	...	29.82	75.7	84	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.91	75.9	81	94	...	...	...	...	...
Boho	...	29.78	75.5	86	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.87	75.7	77	85	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	29.80	75.6	86	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.87	75.7	77	85	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	29.81	75.7	86	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.87	75.7	77	85	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	...	12.22	29.85	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.87	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	...	11.60	29.84	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.87	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	75.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.84	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.81	75.7	88	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.84	75.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

February 27d. 10h. 43m.—The depression has appeared to be filling up over S.W. Japan.
Pressure is high over N. China and Manchuria.
A depression is shown over Indo-China. Coastal fog.
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.04 inch. Total since January 1, 3.65 inches, against an average of 3.04 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON FEBRUARY 28.

1.—Formosa Channel ... Light, variable winds, freshening from N.E.
2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamock ... S.E. winds, moderate; cloudy, some rain.
3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock ... S.E. winds, moderate; cloudy, some rain.
4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan ... S.E. winds, moderate; cloudy, some rain.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, February 27.

Previous Day	On Date	On Date
at 4 p.m.	at 10 a.m.	at 4 p.m.
Barometer ... 29.77	29.97	29.83
Temperature ... 73	77	75
Humidity ... 88	79	91
Wind ... S	S	S
Direction ... S	S	S
Force ... 2	1	1
Weather ... OP	O	O
Rain ... 0.03	0.00	0.04

Highest open-air Temperature, 26.76
Lowest open-air Temperature, 21.69

B—Blue sky; C—Cloudy; D—Drizzle; F—Fog; L—Lightning; M—Mist; O—Overcast; P—Passing showers; Q—Squalls; R—Rain; T—Thunder.

\$7.50

will keep you in touch with Hong Kong news for six months

AFTER YOU GO AWAY

and you will certainly want to know what is happening. Send an order for the Weekly Press to be sent to you. We, at 11, Ice House Street, will do the rest.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

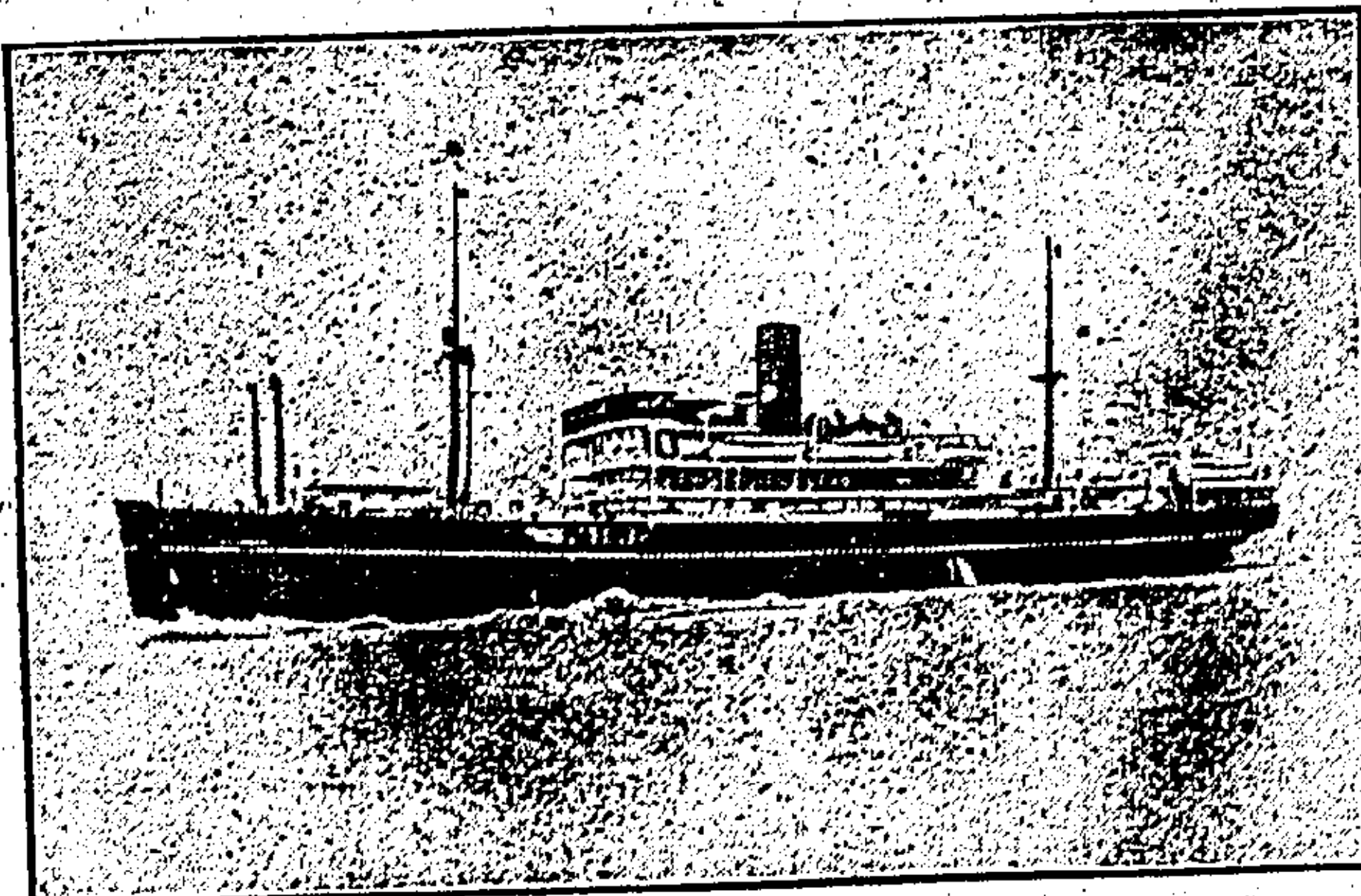
From February 28 to March 6, 1930.

Day of Week	Date	High Water	Low Water
Day of Week	Date	Time	Height
Fri.	28	h. m.	h. m.
Sat.	1	h. m.	h. m.
Sun.	2	h. m.	h. m.
Mon.	3	h. m.	h. m.
Tues.	4	h. m.	h. m.
Wed.	5	h. m.	h. m.
Thur.	6	h. m.	h. m.

THE HONG KONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO," HONG KONG.
ONES USED: A1, A.B.O. Fifth Edition; Engineering: First and Second Editions
Western Union and Walker's, Benson's, Marconi.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers, Iron, Steel and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.



"S.S. CHANGTE"

Passenger and Cargo Vessel, Built and Engineered at Kowloon Docks by THE HONG KONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD. to the order of the AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD. For Australia-Hong Kong Service.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager,
R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., KOWLOON DOCK, HONG KONG.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

</

CANADIAN PACIFIC

STEAMSHIPS - HOTELS - RAILWAYS - EXPRESS

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ACROSS THE PACIFIC TO VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

17 Days Hong Kong-Vancouver, 14 Days Shanghai-Vancouver
11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Mar. 5	Mar. 8	Mar. 11	Mar. 13	Mar. 23
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Mar. 19	Mar. 22	Mar. 25	Mar. 27	Mar. 28
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Apr. 9	Apr. 12	Apr. 15	Apr. 17	Apr. 26
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Apr. 15	Apr. 18	Apr. 21	Apr. 23	May 1
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Apr. 25	Apr. 28	May 1	May 3	May 10
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	May 5	May 8	May 11	May 13	May 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	May 15	May 18	May 21	May 23	May 30
EMPEROR OF CANADA	May 25	May 28	May 31	Jun. 2	Jun. 9
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Jun. 5	Jun. 8	Jun. 11	Jun. 13	Jun. 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Jun. 15	Jun. 18	Jun. 21	Jun. 23	Jun. 30
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Jun. 25	Jun. 28	Jul. 1	Jul. 3	Jul. 10
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Jul. 5	Jul. 8	Jul. 11	Jul. 13	Jul. 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Jul. 15	Jul. 18	Jul. 21	Jul. 23	Jul. 30
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Jul. 25	Jul. 28	Aug. 1	Aug. 3	Aug. 10
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 5	Aug. 8	Aug. 11	Aug. 13	Aug. 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Aug. 15	Aug. 18	Aug. 21	Aug. 23	Aug. 30
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Aug. 25	Aug. 28	Sep. 1	Sep. 3	Sep. 10
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Sep. 5	Sep. 8	Sep. 11	Sep. 13	Sep. 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Sep. 15	Sep. 18	Sep. 21	Sep. 23	Sep. 30
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Sep. 25	Sep. 28	Oct. 1	Oct. 3	Oct. 10
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Oct. 5	Oct. 8	Oct. 11	Oct. 13	Oct. 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 21	Oct. 23	Oct. 30
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Oct. 25	Oct. 28	Nov. 1	Nov. 3	Nov. 10
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Nov. 5	Nov. 8	Nov. 11	Nov. 13	Nov. 20

(Regular Sailing Hour NOON.)

(E/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai.)

Connecting Canadian Pacific Atlantic sailings from Montreal and Quebec every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

HONG KONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave Hong Kong	Arrive Manila	Leave Manila	Arrive Hong Kong
Mar. 9, 5 p.m.	Mar. 11	EMPEROR OF CANADA	Mar. 14
Mar. 31, 5 p.m.	Apr. 2	EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Apr. 4

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS

TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES

PAYABLE THE WORLD OVER

THE SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO CARRY FUNDS

Passenger Department: Tel. C. 752. Cables: "GACANPAO."
Freight and Express: Tel. C. 42. Cables: "NAUTILUS."

N.Y.K. LINE

REDUCE THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A.
VARYING FROM \$23 TO \$120 ON SALE

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu

TAIYO MARU ... Sunday, 8th March

TENNY MARU ... Wednesday, 2nd April

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

SHIDZUKA MARU ... Friday, 28th Feb.

YOKOHAMA MARU ... Tuesday, 11th March

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

HABUNA MARU ... Saturday, 8th March

KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 2nd March

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Porto.

TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 28th March

AKI MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd April

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

SADO MARU ... Monday, 11th March

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

BAKUO MARU ... Sunday, 2nd March

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Porto.

KAWACHI MARU ... Saturday, 8th March

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

TOKIWA MARU ... Tuesday, 4th March

TAKETOYO MARU ... Friday, 14th March

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople, Genoa &

Marseilles.

LYONS MARU ... Thursday, 20th March

JALOUITA via Singapore, Penang & Bangoon.

MORIOKA MARU ... Saturday, 1st March

HAKODATE MARU ... Saturday, 8th March

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

GENOA MARU ... Sunday, 2nd March

AWA MARU ... Sunday, 2nd March

ATSUTA MARU ... Tuesday, 4th March

+ Cargo only.

Reduced 1st Class Excursion Rates quoted between Manila and Australia.

For further information, apply to:

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Telephones: C. No. 292, 3897 and 3921. (Private exchanges to all Dept.)

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART

MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. ON BATAVIA)

THE MOTOR VESSEL

"CREMER"

Due to sail to SINGAPORE, BELAWAN, DELI and

PENANG, on 27th February, at Noon.

Offers excellent Saloon accommodation.

All lower berths. Doctor carried.

English cuisine. Wireless telegraph.

1st Class Fare to Singapore-\$125.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.)

Service to a destinations in the Netherlands East Indies

and Australia.

Agents:-

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LIJN.

Telephone 1574. YORK BUILDING CHATER ROAD.

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 15,200 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
21,100 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:-

British	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports.
Yingchow, Shanghai, Swatow	590	400
Eurythylus, Singapore	1,068	5,820
Teian, Dairen	1,459	380
Hinsang, Sadakan	2,778	—
Chengtu, Haiphong	531	600
Tanda, Moji	6,736	7,400

French
Chenonceaux, Saigon 154 3,904
G.G. Paul, Doumer, Saigon 1,000

Norwegian
Tennessee, Oslo 858 7,837

Danish
Clara Jebsen, Saigon 2,400 2,400

Japanese
Takasago Maru, Keelung 1,435 1,270
Yokohama Maru, Seattle 1,319

Sungshan Maru, Swatow 96 769
Canton Maru, Swatow 979

Chinese
Yuan Jeng, 251 251

Total 15,218 21,180

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were as follows:-

	Arr.	Dep.
British	7	6
French	3	3
Norwegian	1	1
Danish	1	0
Japanese	7	3
Chinese	3	3
Total	22	15

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:-

Hydrangea (Fr.) Swatow	403
Chenonceaux (Fr.) Marseilles, Saigon	87
Andre Lebon (Fr.) Yokohama, Shanghai	53
Clara Jebsen (Nor.) Saigon	76
Sungshan Maru (Jap.) Shanghai, Swatow	73
Canton Maru (Jap.) Keelung, Swatow	264
Tak Hing (Chinese) Au Tau	53
Total	1,039

ARRIVALS.

February 28.

Chengtu, British str., 1,338 tons, Capt. J. D. Whyte, from Hongkong, buoy No. C13.-B. & S.
Clara Jebsen, Danish str., 1,145 tons, Capt. J. Davidson, from Saigon, buoy No. C14.-Chang Tong Ha.
Teian, British str., 1,331 tons, Capt. A. N. Taylor, from Wei-hai-wei, buoy No. B21.-B. & S.
Ying Chow, British str., 1,216 tons, Capt. W. G. McKenzie, from Swatow, buoy No. C37.-B. & S.
Yokohama Maru, Japanese str., 3,759 tons, Capt. K. Yoshida, from Shanghai, buoy No. A5.-N.Y.K.
Canton Maru, Japanese str., 1,647 tons, Capt. Y. Iwasaki, from Keelung, O.S.K. Wharf.-O.S.K.

February 27.

Courageous, American str., 4,526 tons, Capt. T. F. Evans, from Manila, P.I., buoy No. A10.-L. Everett Inc.
Tai Yuan, British str., 2,109 tons, Capt. R. Robertson, from Canton, buoy No. B9.-H. & S.

WARSHIPS IN PORT.

The following warships were in port yesterday:-

Basin: Tamar, Sandwich, Bridge-water, Icarus.
North Arm: Sirdar.
West Wall: Kent, Petersfield.
Dock: Seraph, Herald, Iroquois.
No. 8 Buoy: Bruce.
No. 11 Buoy: Stormcloud.
No. 12 Buoy: Cicada.
No. 13 Buoy: Thracian.
Wharves: Suffolk.
Foreign Men of War: U.S. gunboat Helena; Portuguese gunboat Patria; Japanese Taisei Maru; and French gunboat Vigilante.

CLEARANCES.

February 27.

Albert Vogler, for Manila, Chengtu, for Shanghai.
Deli Maru, for Swatow.
Florence D., for Manila.
Hydrangea, for Swatow.
Kendal Castle, for Manila.
Kwangtung, for Amoy.
Seistan, for Swatow.
Shidzuka Maru, for Shanghai.
Tai Yuan, for Amoy.
Takasago Maru, for Canton.
Takiwa, for Singapore.
Tateishi Maru, for Shanghai.
Teian, for Canton.
Tennessee, for Shanghai.
Ying Chow, for Canton.

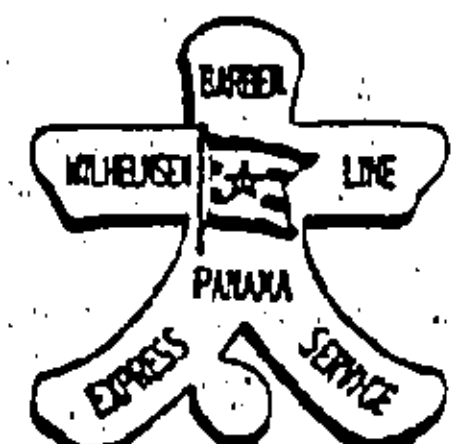
SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following vessels were in Harbour yesterday:-

Wharves.-Kowloon: Asama Maru; Holt's: Eurythylus; A.P.C.-Tai koktau: Utrecht; O.S.K.-Deli Maru, Canton Maru.

Docks.-Kowloon: Haldia, Patria, Manok, Sui Tai, Empress of Asia, Susanna II, Hong Peng, San Bernardino, Taikoo, Hamburg Maru, Florence D., Taming, Ningpo, Kuichow, Apocry, Coamopolitan, Kendal Castle.

Buoys.-Al Tonda, A2 Cremer, A3 Teucer, A4 Shidzuka Maru, A5 Yokohama Maru, A6 Rakuyo Maru, A8 Koko Maru, A10 Courageous, B11 Kwangtung, B13 Kaying, C14 Clara Jebsen, C15 Chengtu, C17 Helios, B21 Teian, B24 Takiwa, A25 Hamburg Maru, A28 Tennessee, C35 Haldia, B36 Taito Maru, C37 Yingchow, B38 Seistan, C39 New Mathilde, C40 Prosper, C41 Binsang, C42 Yuan Jeng, C43 Wai-shing, C44 G.G. Paul Doumer, A52 Albert Vogler, C53 Takasago Maru.



BARBER WILHELMSEN LINE.

THE PREMIER ALL WATER ROUTE TO NEW YORK
and other U.S. Atlantic Ports via Panama.

All vessels call at SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES en route.

Passengers desiring to travel by this interesting route will find the accommodation provided well up to their expectations, and at a cost most reasonable.

42 Days To New York

For Passenger and Freight information please apply:-

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Queen's Buildings. Agents. Telephone C. 1030.

BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

"CITY OF HEREFORD" ... London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 9th March

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN AND MANCHURIAN LINE

ALSO AGENTS FOR

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

SERVICES TO

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

"CLYDEBANK" ... 10th March

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA ... ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

"TINHOW" ... 10th April

Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Peru, Guayaquil, Ilo, Port America, Mozambique, China, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindini, Port Moresby, Luder's Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply:-

Telephone: Central 4771.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

P. & O., British India Apear and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FOR

TRAITS, JAVA, BULMA, CYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND,
LAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE,
GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	1st Mar. Noon	Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	9,880	8th Mar. (Mar.)	1st Mar. Hull, B'ham & A'werp.
"KALYAN"	9,144	15th Mar.	Mars. L'bon, Hull, B'ham & A'werp.
"ALPORE"	9,373	19th Mar.	Strait, Colombo & Bombay.
"RAJPUTANI"	16,619	24th Mar.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"MALWA"	10,980	12th Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"RAJPUTANI"	16,619	28th Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"BELTANA"	—	3rd May	Marseilles and London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	10th May	Mars. L'bon, Hull, B'ham & A'werp.
"NAGPORE"	9,833	17th May (Mar.)	L'bon, Hull, B'ham & A'werp.
"MANTUA"	10,946	24th May	Bombay, Mars. & London.
"KHYBER"	9,114	31st May (Mar.)	Marseilles, London & Hull.
"KRIVA"	9,135	7th June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"RANPURA"	16,601	14th June	L'bon, Hull, B'ham & A'werp.
"LAHORE"	9,304	21st June (Mar.)	Marseilles and London.
"KARMALA"	9,138	28th June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"MOREA"	10,954	12th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN"	9,144	2nd Aug.	Marseilles, London and Hull.
"RAJPUTANI"	16,619	18th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	9,880	30th Aug.	Marseilles & London.
"MANTUA"	10,946	13th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	27th Sept.	Marseilles & London.
"MALWA"	10,980	11th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.

* Cargo only.
Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piraeus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong	Destination
"TILAWA"	10,006	17th Mar.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TALAMBA"	8,018	13th Mar.	do.
"TAKADA"	9,849	25th Mar.	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	11th Apr.	do.
"SHIRALA"	7,841	21st Apr.	do.
"TAKLIWA"	7,958	29th Apr.	do.
"TILAWA"	10,006	13th May	do.

E.I.-Apear Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong	Destination
"TANDA"	6,956	5th Mar.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th Apr.	Island, Townsville, Brisbane,
"NELORE"	6,953	2nd May	Sydney and Melbourne

* Calls Iloilo, Port Holland and Cairns.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia.

The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Tientsin, Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawao, Timor, Durwin, or other ports en route as indicated.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:-

The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand

Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via

Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

